

ADAIR COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS¹ (2017-2021)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE*

26

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths

21

Methamphetamine

5

Other Opioids (excluding fentanyl)

<5

Fentanyl

<5

Benzodiazepines

0

Alcohol

0

Cocaine

* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths may involve more than one substance.

From 2017 to 2021, **Adair County** had the **16th highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.

Adults aged 45-54 years had the highest rate of death.



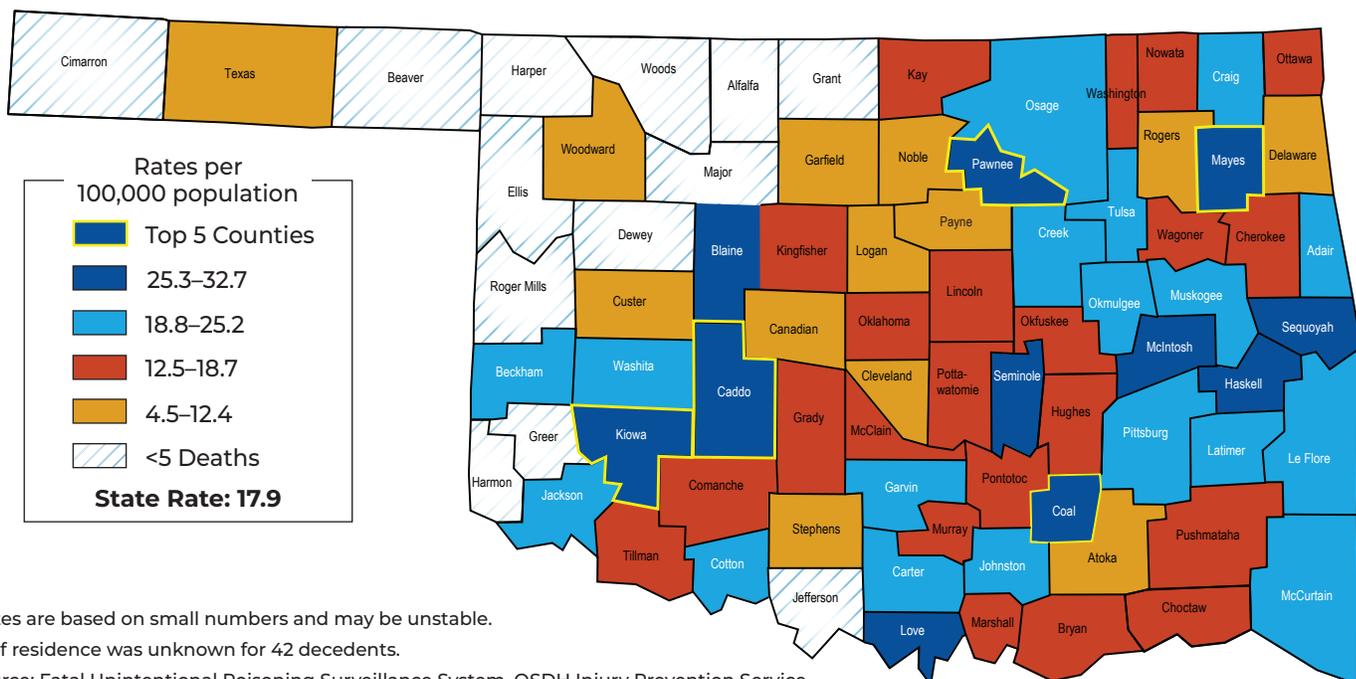
58% of deaths occurred at a home or apartment.

NON-HISPANIC AMERICAN INDIAN Adair County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Males were **3.4 times more likely** to die than females.
- Drug overdose **death rates increased 8%** from 22.3 per 100,000 (2012-2016) to 24.1 per 100,000 (2017-2021).
- **More than three out of four (77%)** people who died had a history of substance use.

UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES¹ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

► OKLAHOMA, 2017-2021



¹ Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

² County of residence was unknown for 42 decedents.

Data Source: Fatal Unintentional Poisoning Surveillance System, OSDH Injury Prevention Service

ADAIR COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS[†] (2019-2021)

Adair County had the **35th** highest nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



ADULTS AGED **65+** had the highest hospitalization rate.



There were **55** Adair County Residents hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2019-2021.

- **56%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **31%** due to self harm.
- Females were **29% more likely** to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 36%** from 135 per 100,000 (2016-2018) to 86.5 per 100,000 (2019-2021).
- Non-Hispanic White Adair County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

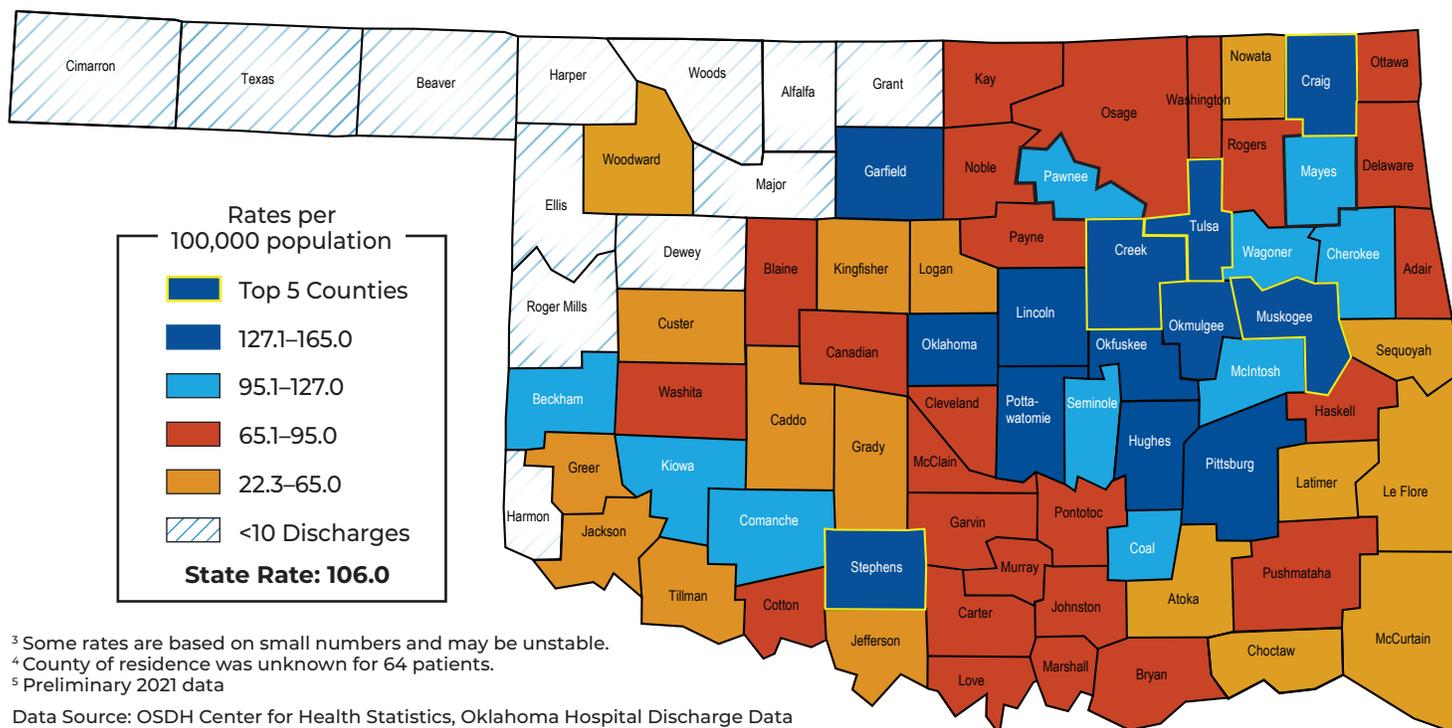
The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- ▶ Opioids
- ▶ Benzodiazepines
- ▶ Non-opioid pain medications

[†] Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault

NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES³ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE⁴

▶ OKLAHOMA, 2019-2021⁵



³ Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

⁴ County of residence was unknown for 64 patients.

⁵ Preliminary 2021 data

Data Source: OSDH Center for Health Statistics, Oklahoma Hospital Discharge Data
Compiled by: OSDH Injury Prevention Service