

I-35/SH-9W Interchange Improvements

McClain County, Oklahoma

Public Meeting



November 18, 2021

I-35/SH-9W Interchange Improvements



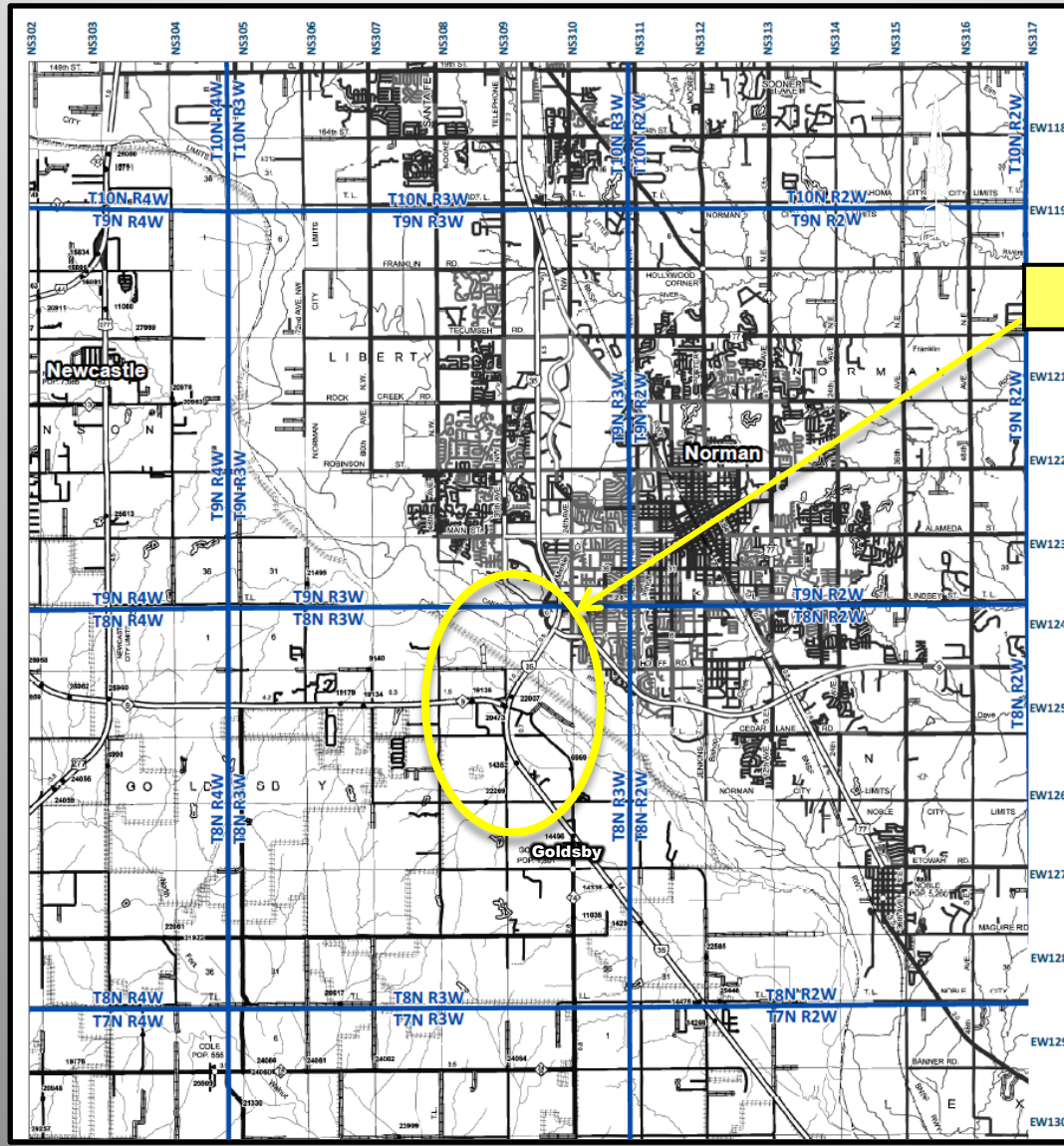
Meeting Purpose

- Existing Interchange
- Purpose of the Project
- Project History
- 4 Interchange Alternatives Considered
- Public Input/Feedback

I-35/SH-9W Interchange Improvements



Project Location



Project Location

I-35/SH-9W Interchange Improvements



Existing I-35

Existing I-35 Through the Interchange

- Four 12-ft wide through lanes
- North of the SH-9W bridge:
 - 30-ft wide paved median with concrete barrier
 - 10-ft wide inside and outside shoulders
- South of the SH-9W bridge:
 - 30-ft wide grass median with cable barrier
 - 4-ft wide shoulders
- Annual Average Daily Traffic, Vehicles per Day (vpd)
 - Current (2021) = 81,500 vpd
 - Projected (2050) = 128,000 vpd



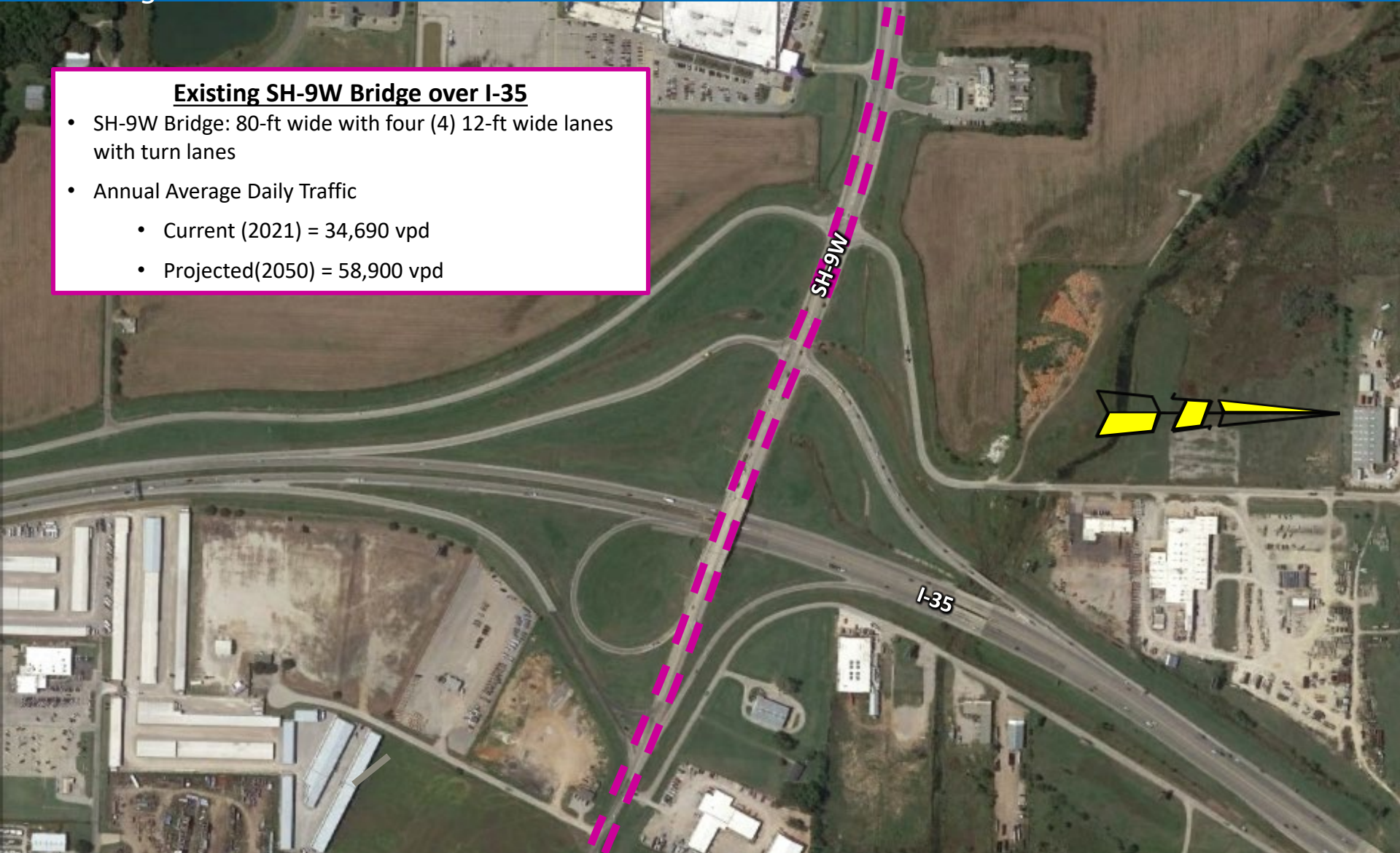
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Existing SH-9W

Existing SH-9W Bridge over I-35

- SH-9W Bridge: 80-ft wide with four (4) 12-ft wide lanes with turn lanes
- Annual Average Daily Traffic
 - Current (2021) = 34,690 vpd
 - Projected(2050) = 58,900 vpd



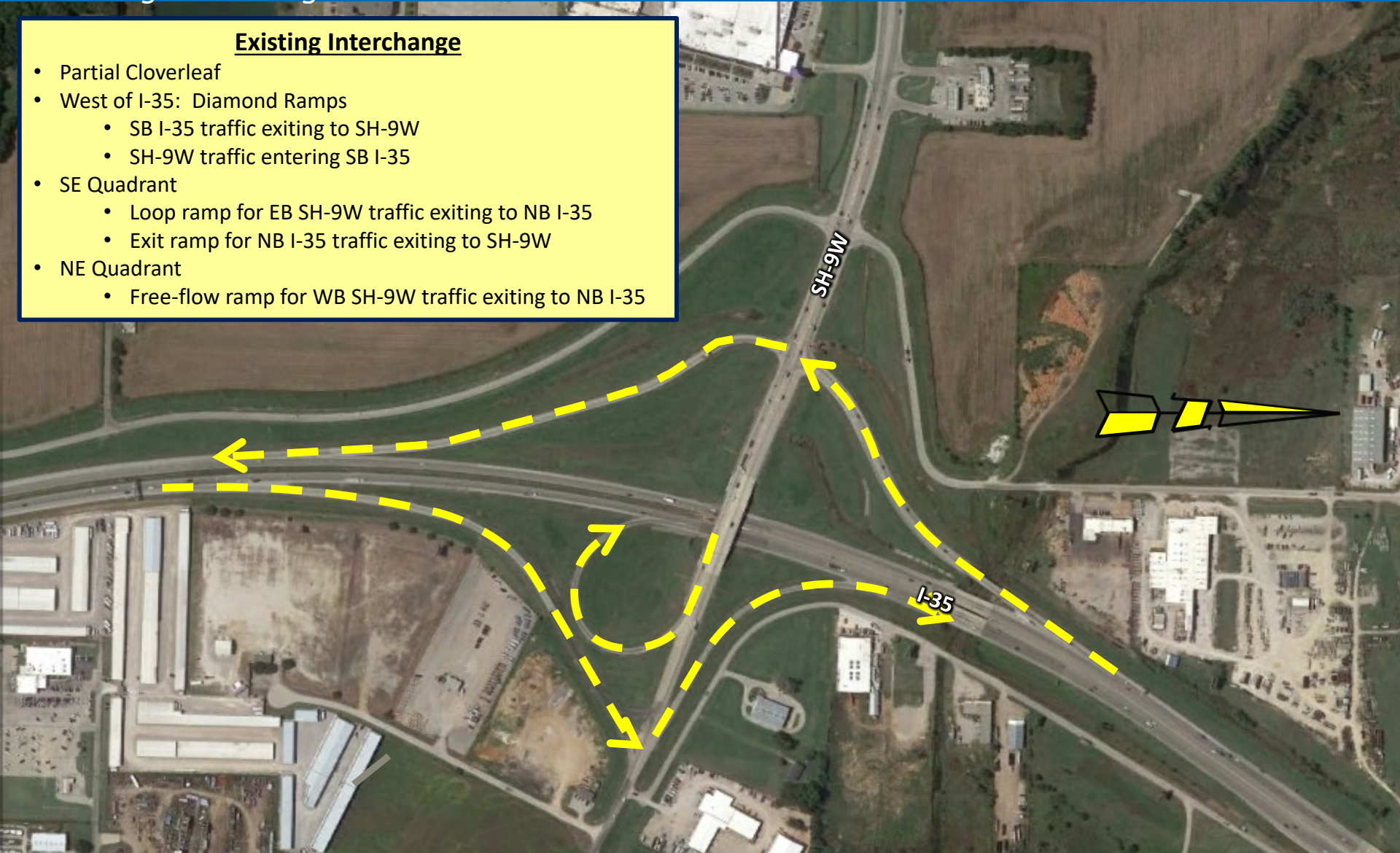
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Existing Interchange

Existing Interchange

- Partial Cloverleaf
- West of I-35: Diamond Ramps
 - SB I-35 traffic exiting to SH-9W
 - SH-9W traffic entering SB I-35
- SE Quadrant
 - Loop ramp for EB SH-9W traffic exiting to NB I-35
 - Exit ramp for NB I-35 traffic exiting to SH-9W
- NE Quadrant
 - Free-flow ramp for WB SH-9W traffic exiting to NB I-35



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Purpose of the Project

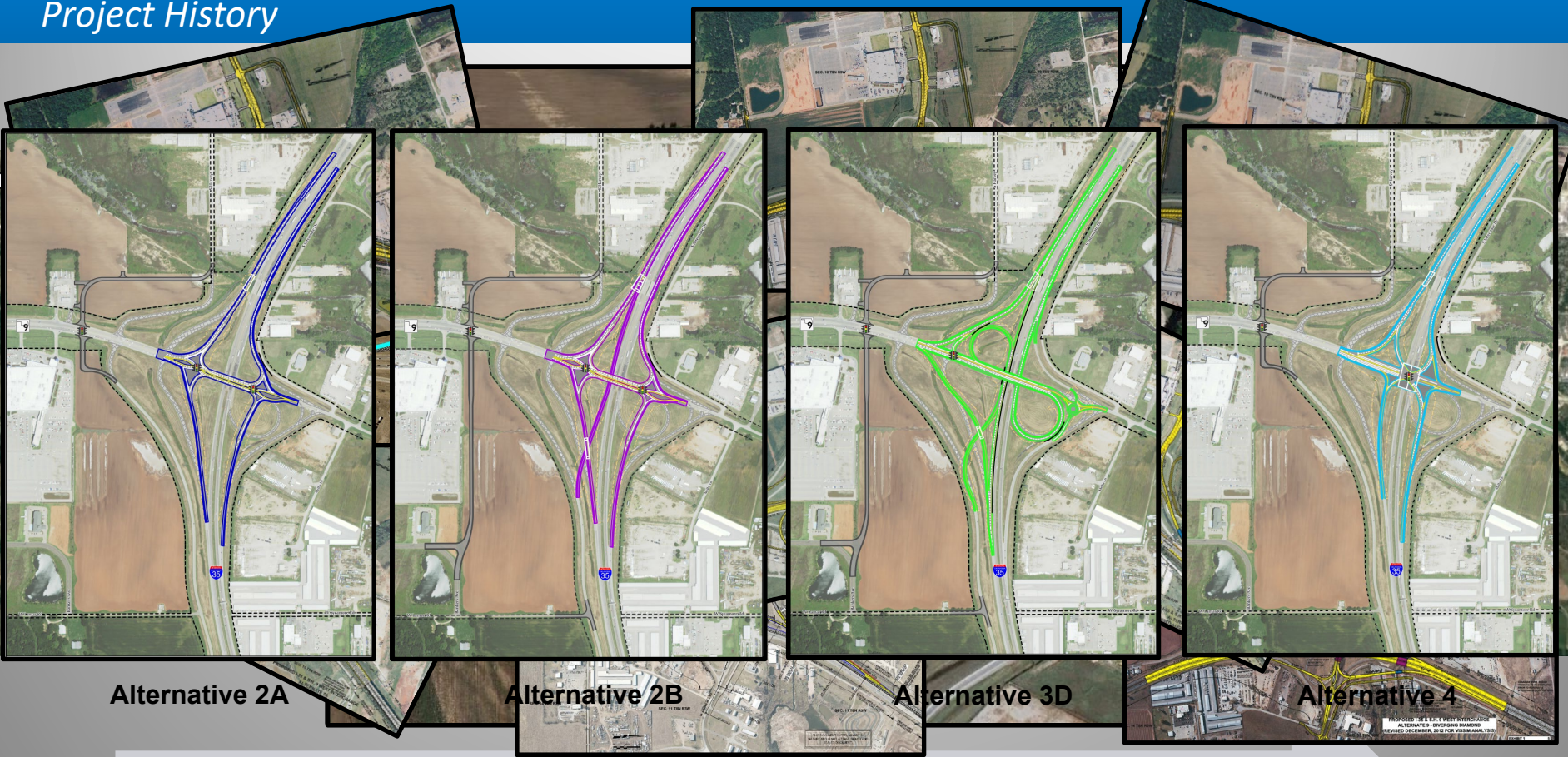
Address increases in traffic volumes and localized congestion by constructing the interchange to improve the operation



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Project History



Alternative 2A

Alternative 2B

Alternative 3D

Alternative 4

1959
Original I-35 & SH-9W Interchange built

2001
H.E. Bailey Spur opens on the west side of SH-9

2003-2008
SH-9 widened to four (4) lanes from H.E. Bailey Spur to I-35

2004
Diamond interchange ramps built on west side of I-35

2009
New SH-9 bridge opens

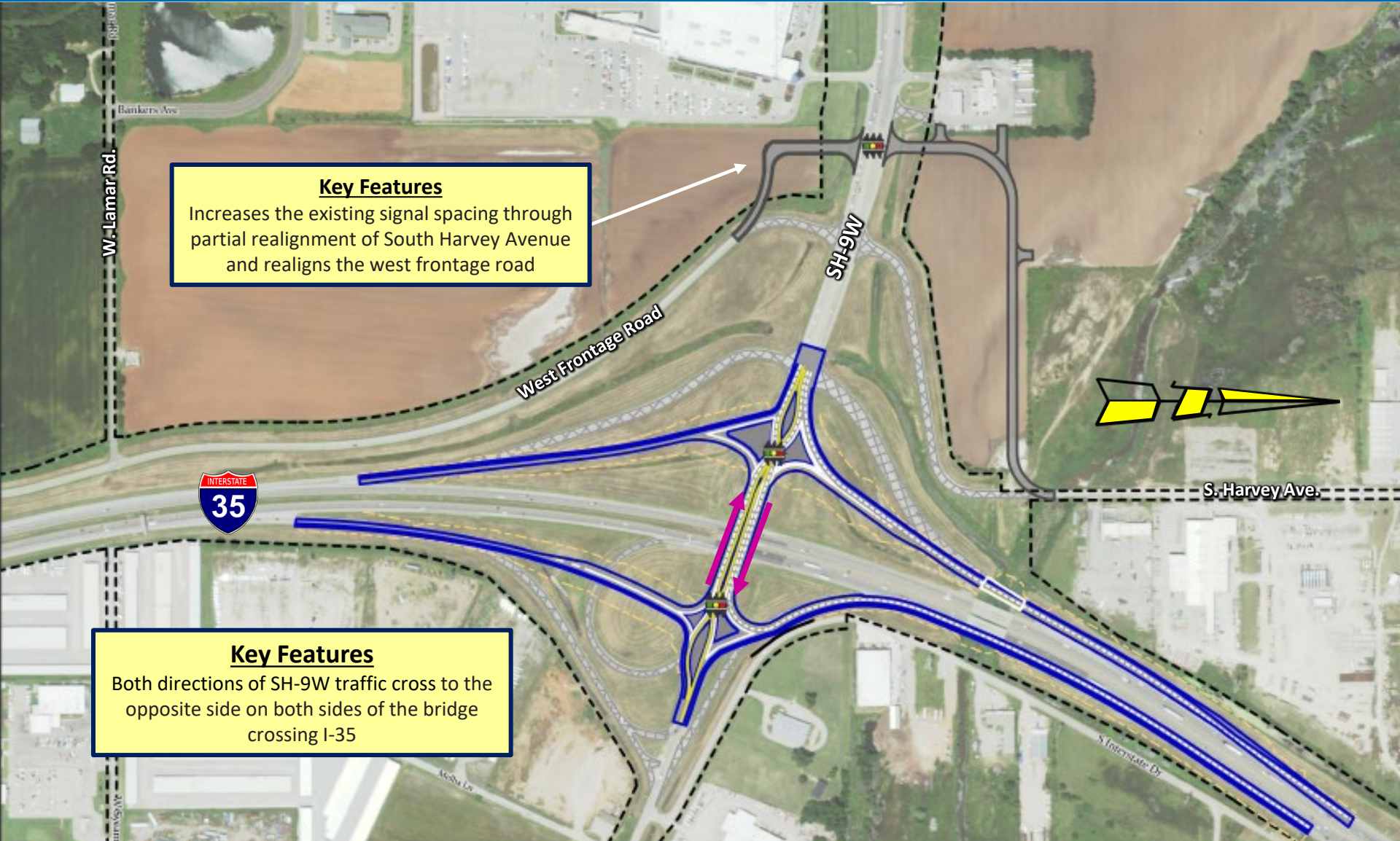
2009-2019
Many interchange Alternatives are studied and revised

Today
From these interchange Alternatives, ODOT has selected four (4) for public input

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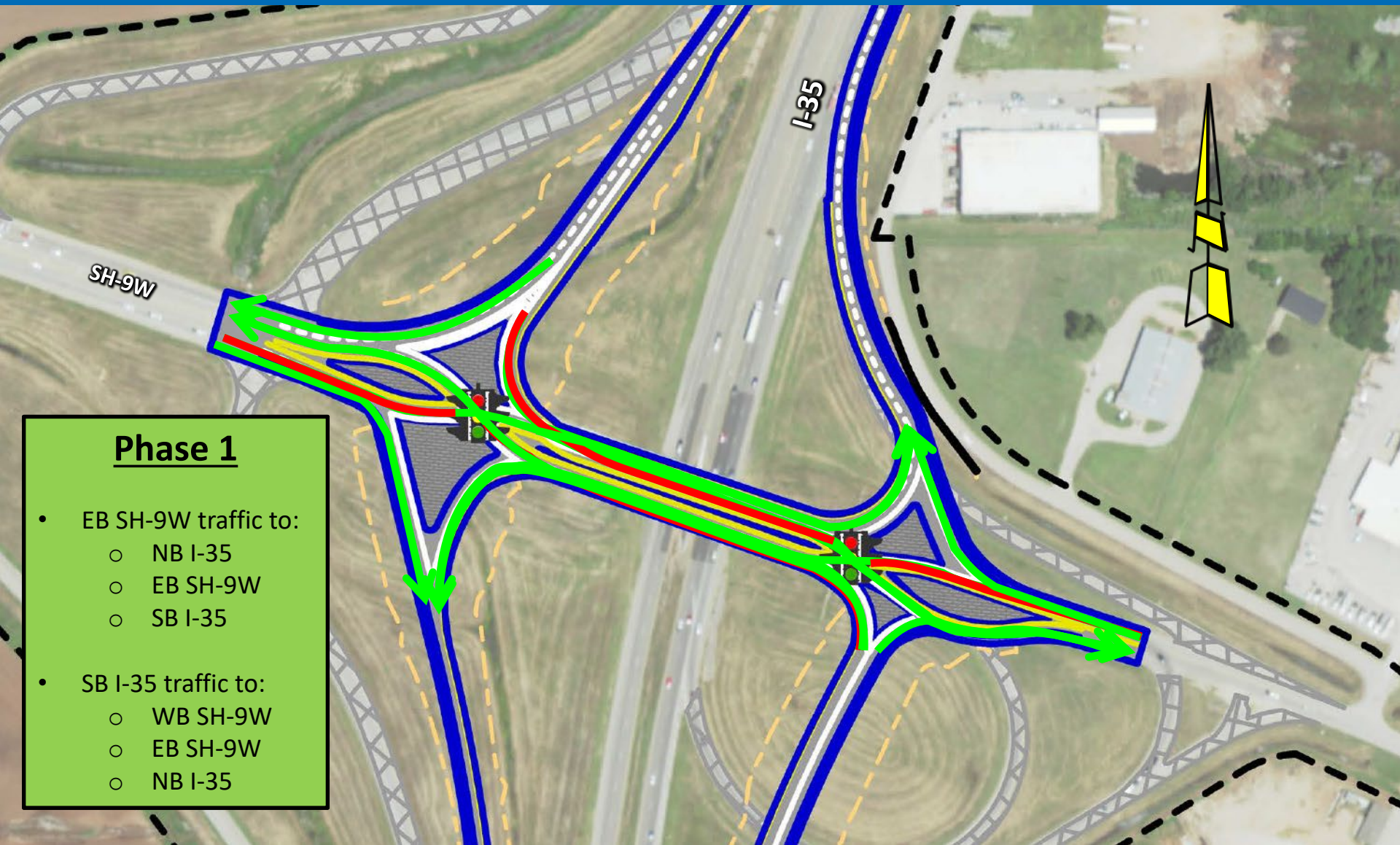
Alternative 2A: Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI)



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What is a Diverging Diamond Interchange?



- Phase 1**
- EB SH-9W traffic to:
 - NB I-35
 - EB SH-9W
 - SB I-35
 - SB I-35 traffic to:
 - WB SH-9W
 - EB SH-9W
 - NB I-35

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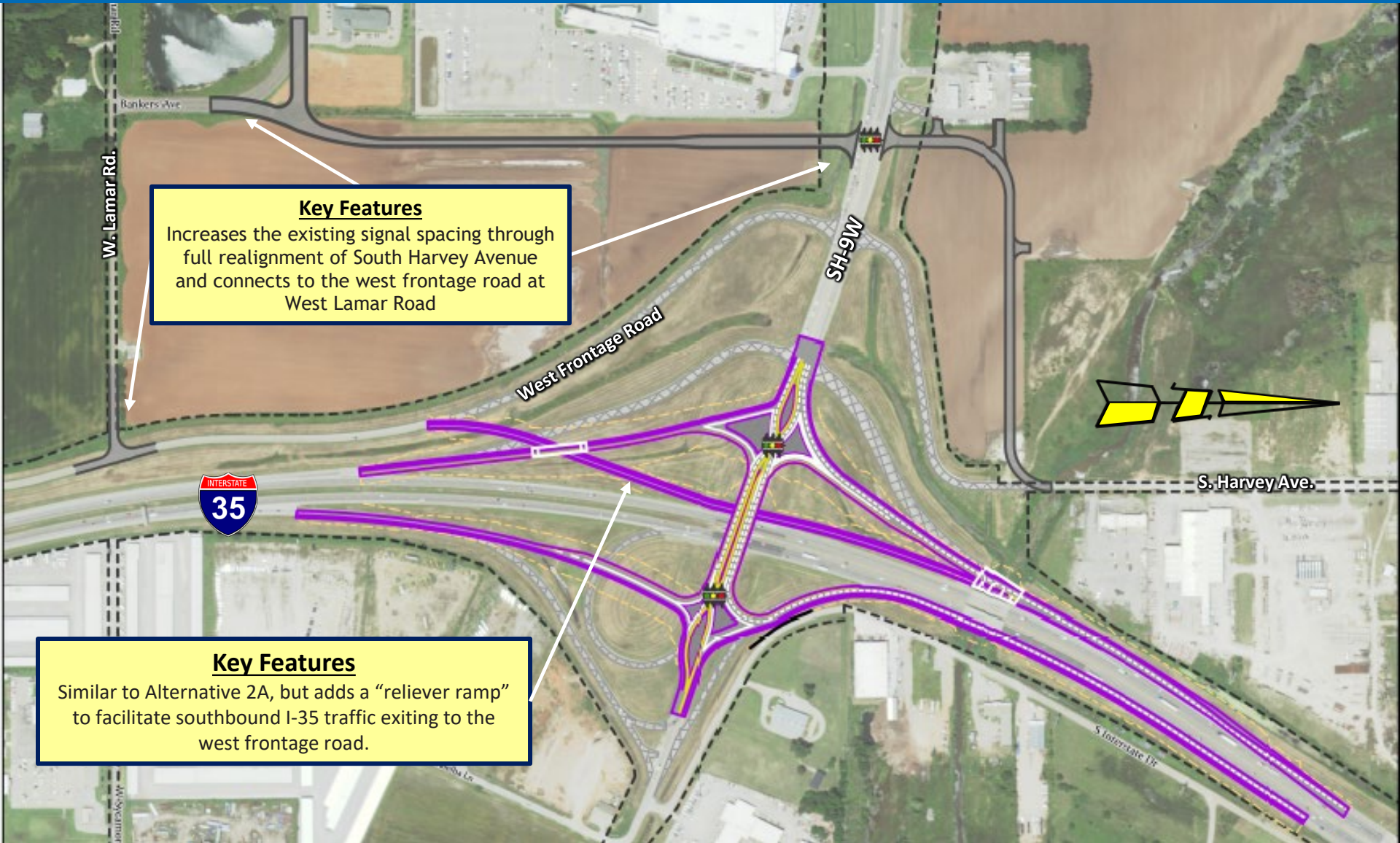


What is a Diverging Diamond Interchange?

- An interchange in which two directions of traffic on the non-freeway road cross to the opposite side on both sides of the bridge at the freeway
- Can reduce congestion by eliminating the need for separate left turn arrows at the ramp intersections
- Reduces wait time
- Allows higher capacity for interchanges with heavy ramp volumes
- Uses additional medians, signing and striping on the roadway to make the routes very clear

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Alternative 2B: Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI) with Reliever Ramp

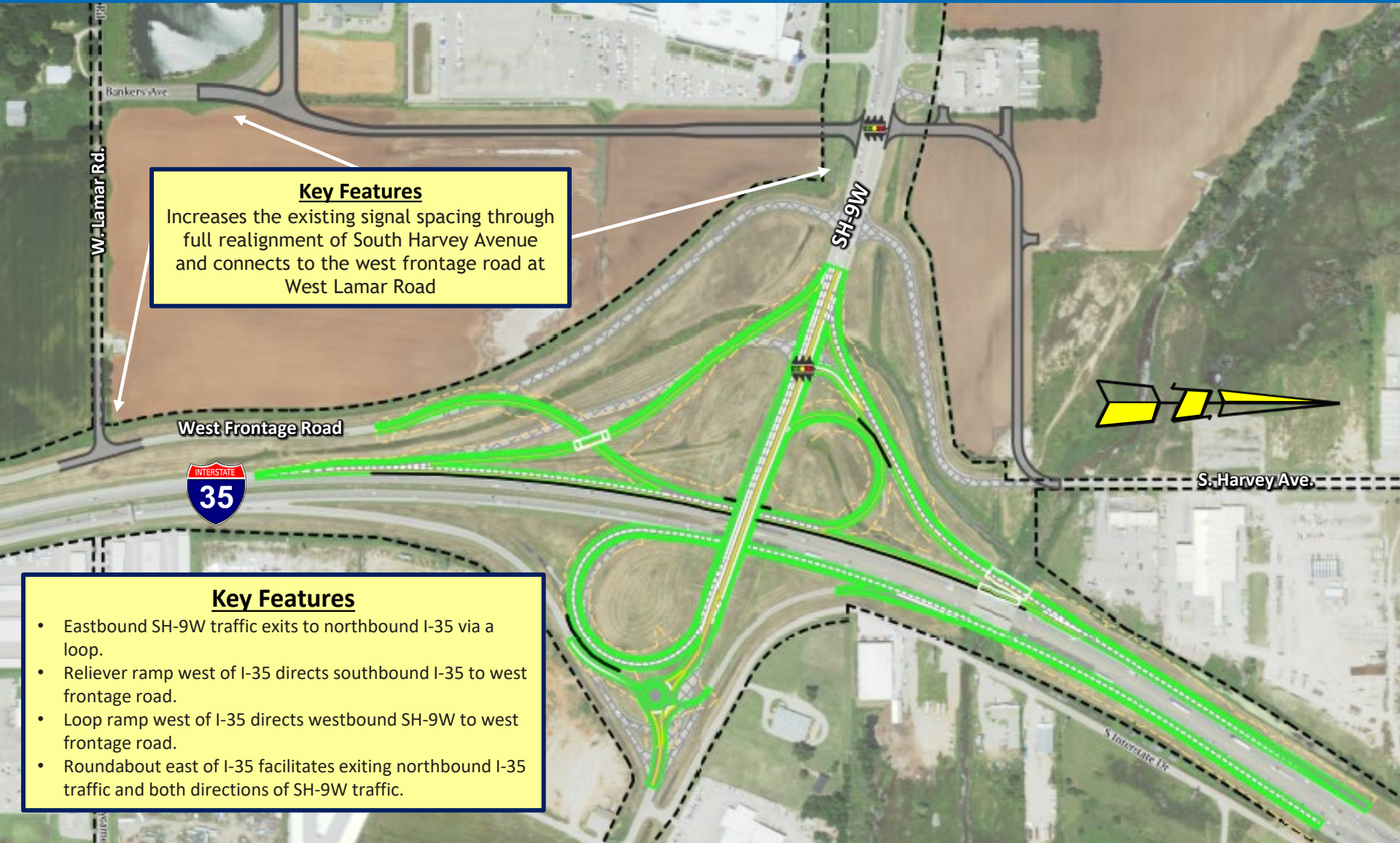


Key Features
Increases the existing signal spacing through full realignment of South Harvey Avenue and connects to the west frontage road at West Lamar Road

Key Features
Similar to Alternative 2A, but adds a “reliever ramp” to facilitate southbound I-35 traffic exiting to the west frontage road.

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Alternative 3D: Loop Interchange with Reliever Ramp

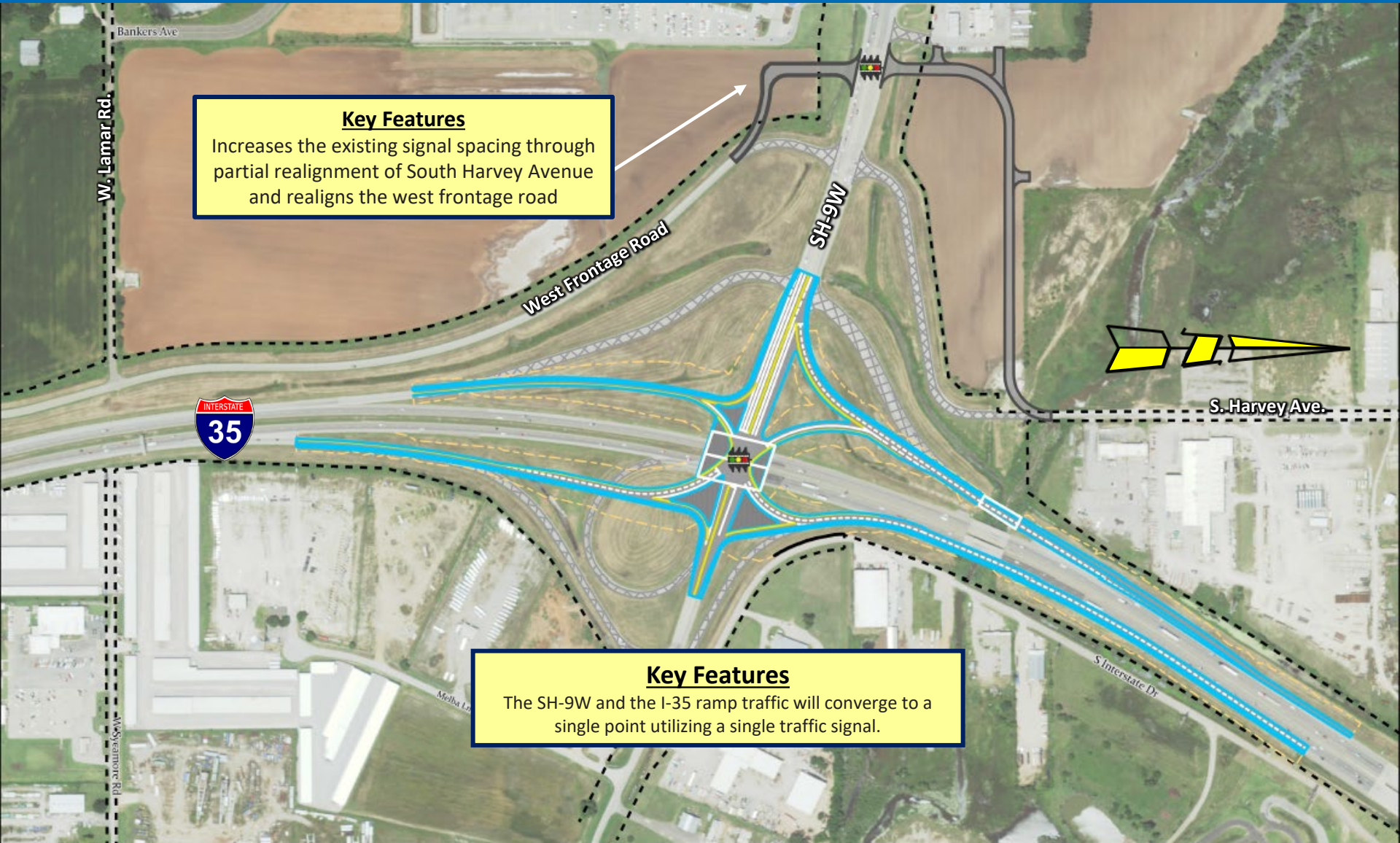


Key Features
Increases the existing signal spacing through full realignment of South Harvey Avenue and connects to the west frontage road at West Lamar Road

- Key Features**
- Eastbound SH-9W traffic exits to northbound I-35 via a loop.
 - Reliever ramp west of I-35 directs southbound I-35 to west frontage road.
 - Loop ramp west of I-35 directs westbound SH-9W to west frontage road.
 - Roundabout east of I-35 facilitates exiting northbound I-35 traffic and both directions of SH-9W traffic.

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Alternative 4: Single Point Urban Interchange (SPUI)

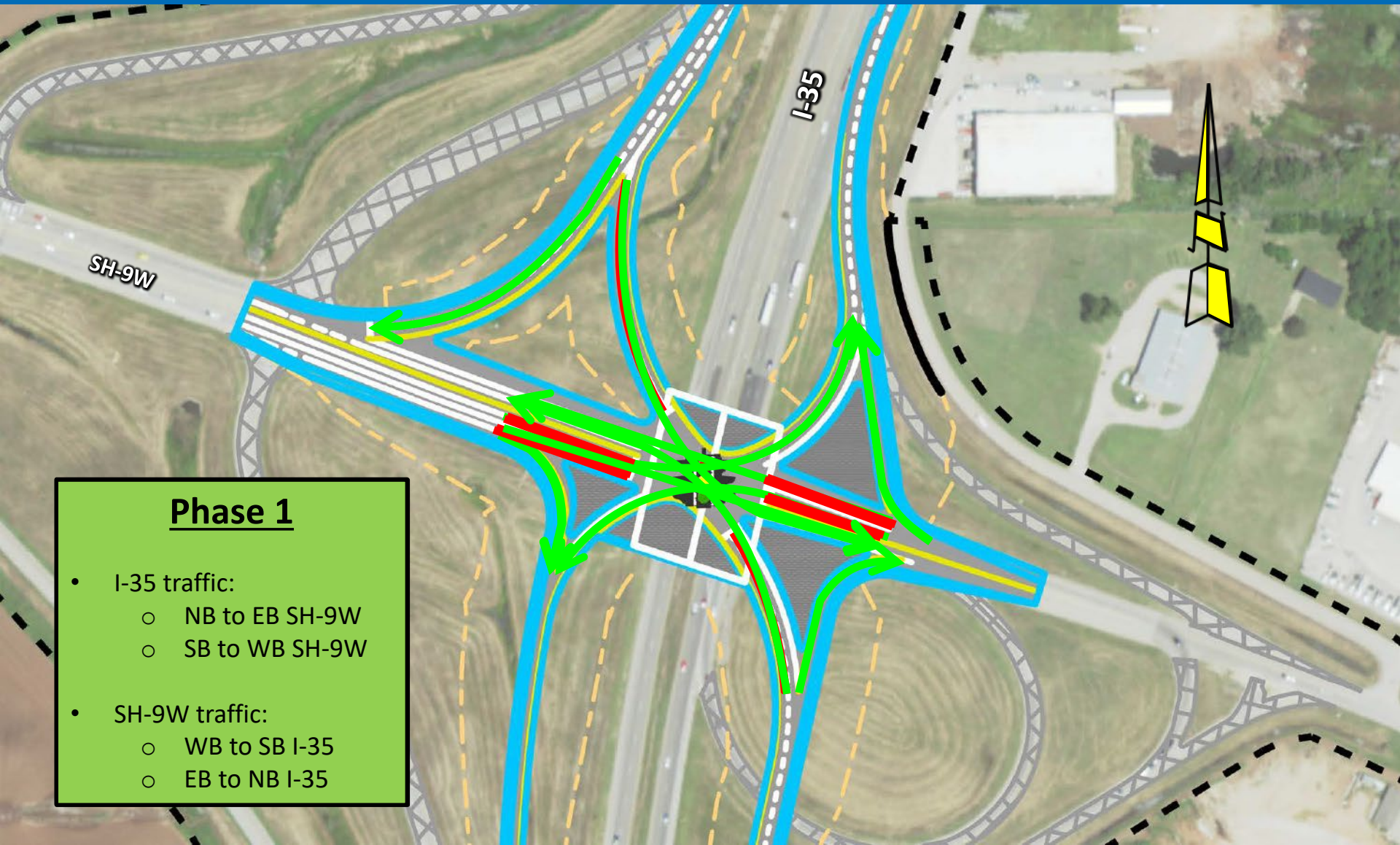


Key Features
Increases the existing signal spacing through partial realignment of South Harvey Avenue and realigns the west frontage road

Key Features
The SH-9W and the I-35 ramp traffic will converge to a single point utilizing a single traffic signal.

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What is a Single Point Urban Interchange?



Phase 1

- I-35 traffic:
 - NB to EB SH-9W
 - SB to WB SH-9W
- SH-9W traffic:
 - WB to SB I-35
 - EB to NB I-35

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What is a Single Point Urban Interchange?

- An interchange with a single signalized central intersection in the center of the bridge
- Accommodates most movements with a single traffic signal
- Can accommodate higher turn capacities
- Larger vehicles, such as trucks, can easily navigate the wide turns
- Uses additional signing and striping on the roadway to make the routes very clear

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Interchange Alternative Operation Comparison

Measure of Effectiveness (2050)	No Build		2A DDI		2B DDI w/ Reliever		3D Loop w/ Reliever		4 SPUI	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Average Delay	4.6 min 	10.1 min 	4.0 min 	6.9 min 	3.5 min 	3.9 min 	3.1 min 	4.8 min 	5.1 min 	6.8 min
Average Speed	27 mph 	13 mph 	29 mph 	18 mph 	31 mph 	27 mph 	33 mph 	24 mph 	25 mph 	18 mph
Average Travel Time	8.0 min 	12.8 min 	7.1 min 	9.7 min 	6.7 min 	6.9 min 	6.4 min 	7.7 min 	8.3 min 	9.6 min
Vehicle Throughput	79.9% 	61.6% 	86.9% 	74.0% 	88.3% 	87.0% 	89.6% 	82.3% 	81.5% 	74.4%
Average Number of Stops	6 	24 	5 	14 	4 	6 	3 	9 	7 	13
Overall Operation Comparison										



Excellent



Very Good



Good



Fair



Poor

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Studies to Identify Constraints

Studies Performed to Identify Constraints

- **Wetlands and Waters**
- **Threatened & Endangered Species Critical Habitat**
- **Archeological Sites**
- **Historic Properties in compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act**
- **Aboveground or Underground Storage Tanks**
- **Oil/Gas Wells**
- **Residential and Commercial Facilities**
- **Tribal Properties**
- **Utilities**

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Constraints

Constraints

- **Control sediments created by construction to minimize Canadian River habitat impacts**
- **Potential for impact to Whooping Crane habitat**
- **Avoid construction during migratory bird nesting season of March 1 – August 31, or place netting over structures**
- **Avoid offsite cultural resource sites (2)**

These constraints are consistent with all four alternatives.

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Features of All Alternatives

- All Alternatives improve traffic operations
- Construction can be completed with no property acquisitions and no frontage road work east of I-35
- Existing signal spacing is increased between the southbound I-35 off-ramp and South Harvey Avenue through the realignment of South Harvey Avenue
- South Harvey Avenue realignment improves safety and traffic flow to/from local businesses

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Pros and Cons of All Alternatives

PROS	2A	2B	3D	4
Least delays in 2050		✓		
Lowest construction cost	✓			
Shortest construction duration	✓			
Reuses existing SH-9W bridge over I-35	✓	✓	✓	
Reduced traffic conflict points	✓	✓		
Better sight distance for turns	✓	✓		✓
Increased left turn capacities	✓	✓		✓
Easier turns for larger vehicles				✓
1 or no traffic signals at interchange			✓	✓
Reduced opportunity for wrong way entry to I-35	✓	✓		✓
NEUTRAL	2A	2B	3D	4
Southbound I-35 traffic has single exit, which meets driver expectations	✓			✓
Southbound I-35 traffic has multiple exits, allowing traffic to pass first exit		✓	✓	
CONS	2A	2B	3D	4
Highest construction cost alternate				✓
Longest construction duration				✓
SH-9W bridge over I-35 must be replaced				✓
Worst overall performance in 2050 delays across entire network				✓
Some drivers unfamiliar with SPUI operation*				✓
Some drivers unfamiliar with DDI operation	✓	✓		
Exiting I-35 traffic unable to re-enter interstate without leaving interchange	✓	✓		
Requires at least 2 traffic signals	✓	✓		
Other facilities/destinations may also request a reliever ramp		✓	✓	
Southbound I-35 entrance/reliever ramp exit presents a weave conflict			✓	
Potential for confusion with multiple southbound I-35 exit ramps			✓	
Loop entrance ramps require lower posted speeds due to geometry			✓	

*Single Point Urban Interchanges are in operation very near the project location: I-35 & Lindsay and I-35 and Main

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Overall Interchange Alternative Comparison

Measure of Effectiveness	No Build	2A DDI	2B DDI w/ Reliever	3D Loop w/ Reliever	4 SPUI
Operation Comparison (2050)					
Construction Impacts	No Build	2A	2B	3D	4
Construction Cost	N/A	\$18,889,328 	\$22,900,382 	\$21,388,775 	\$32,754,157
Construction Duration	N/A	195 	225 	265 	410
Overall Comparison	No Build	2A	2B	3D	4



Excellent



Very Good



Good



Fair



Poor

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Submit Your Comments

- Leave your written comments with us tonight.
- Download and submit a comment form at:
www.odot.org/publicmeetings
- Submit your written comments by mail to:
Oklahoma Department of Transportation
Environmental Programs Division
200 N. E. 21st Street
Oklahoma City, OK 73105
- Email your comments to:
environment@odot.org
- Call and leave your comments in a detailed message:
(405) 325-3269
- **Please submit your comments by December 9, 2021.**

Meeting material will be available
for review after tonight's meeting!

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Next Steps for ODOT

- Consider Comments from Public Meeting
- Select Preferred Alternative
- Complete Environmental Document
- Right-of-Way Acquisition and Utilities Relocation – FFY 2022
- Construction Begins - FFY 2023

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Thank you!

