

**Drug Utilization Review Board**

Oklahoma  
**Health Care**  
Authority

Wednesday,  
October 8, 2014  
4 p.m.

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
4345 N. Lincoln Blvd.  
Oklahoma City, OK 73105







# *The University of Oklahoma*

*Health Sciences Center*

COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

PHARMACY MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

## MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Drug Utilization Review Board Members

**FROM:** Bethany Holderread, Pharm.D.

**SUBJECT:** Packet Contents for Board Meeting – October 8, 2014

**DATE:** September 29, 2014

**NOTE:** The DUR Board will meet at 4:00 p.m. The meeting will be held at 4345 N Lincoln Blvd.

*Enclosed are the following items related to the October meeting.  
Material is arranged in order of the Agenda.*

### Call to Order

### Public Comment Forum

**Action Item – Approval of DUR Board Meeting Minutes – See Appendix A**

**Update on Medication Coverage Authorization Unit/FDA Safety Alerts – See Appendix B**

**Action Item – Vote to Prior Authorize Versacloz™ (Clozapine Oral Suspension) – See Appendix C**

**Action Item – Vote to Prior Authorize Grastek® (Timothy Grass Pollen Allergen Extract) and Ragwitek™ (Short Ragweed Pollen Allergen Extract) – See Appendix D**

**30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Sivextro™ (Tedizolid), Dalvance™ (Dalbavancin), and Orbactiv™ (Oritavancin) – See Appendix E**

**Annual Review of Antidepressants and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Fetzima® (Levomilnacipran), Khedezla® (Desvenlafaxine), and Brintellix® (Vortioxetine) – See Appendix F**

**Annual Review of Biologic Products for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis, Plaque Psoriasis, and Ankylosing Spondylitis and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Otezla® (Apremilast) and Entyvio™ (Vedolizumab) – See Appendix G**

**Action Item – Annual Review of Bladder Control Medications – See Appendix H**

**FDA and DEA Updates – See Appendix I**

**Future Business**

**Adjournment**

**Oklahoma Health Care Authority**  
**Drug Utilization Review Board**  
**(DUR Board)**

**Meeting – October 8, 2014 @ 4:00 p.m.**

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
4345 N. Lincoln Blvd.  
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105

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**AGENDA**

Discussion and Action on the Following Items:

Items to be presented by Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**1. Call To Order**

- A. Roll Call – Dr. Cothran

Items to be presented by Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**2. Public Comment Forum**

- A. Acknowledgment of Speakers and Agenda Items

Items to be presented by Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**3. Action Item – Approval of DUR Board Meeting Minutes – See Appendix A**

- A. September 10, 2014 DUR Minutes – Vote
- B. September 10, 2014 DUR Recommendations Memorandum

Items to be presented by Dr. Holderread, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**4. Update on Medication Coverage Authorization Unit/FDA Safety Alerts – See Appendix B**

- A. Medication Coverage Activity for September 2014
- B. Pharmacy Help Desk Activity for September 2014
- C. Overview of Safety Alerts

Items to be presented by Dr. Holderread, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**5. Action Item – Vote to Prior Authorize Versacloz™ (Clozapine Oral Suspension) – See Appendix C**

- A. COP Recommendations

Items to be presented by Dr. Nawaz, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**6. Action Item – Vote to Prior Authorize Grastek® (Timothy Grass Pollen Allergen Extract) and Ragwitek™ (Short Ragweed Pollen Allergen Extract) – See Appendix D**

- A. COP Recommendations

Items to be presented by Dr. Nawaz, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

**7. 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Sivextro™ (Tedizolid), Dalvance™ (Dalbavancin), and Orbactiv™ (Oritavancin) – See Appendix E**

- A. Introduction
- B. Product Summaries
- C. COP Recommendations

Items to be presented by Dr. Adams, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

- 8. Annual Review of Antidepressants and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Fetzima<sup>®</sup> (Levomilnacipran), Khedezla<sup>®</sup> (Desvenlafaxine), and Brintellix<sup>®</sup> (Vortioxetine) – See Appendix F**
- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
  - B. Utilization of Antidepressants
  - C. Prior Authorization of Antidepressants
  - D. Market News and Updates
  - E. Product Summaries
  - F. COP Recommendations
  - G. Utilization Details of Antidepressants

Items to be presented by Dr. Holderread, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

- 9. Annual Review of Biologic Products for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis, Plaque Psoriasis, and Ankylosing Spondylitis and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Otezla<sup>®</sup> (Apremilast) and Entyvio<sup>™</sup> (Vedolizumab) – See Appendix G**
- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
  - B. Utilization of Biologic Products
  - C. Prior Authorization of Biologic Products
  - D. Market News and Updates
  - E. Product Summaries
  - F. COP Recommendations
  - G. Utilization Details of Biologic Products

Items to be presented by Dr. Anderson, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

- 10. Action Item – Annual Review of Bladder Control Medications – See Appendix H**
- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
  - B. Utilization of Bladder Control Medications
  - C. Prior Authorization of Bladder Control Medications
  - D. Market News and Updates
  - E. COP Recommendations
  - F. Utilization Details of Bladder Control Medications

Items to be presented by Dr. Cothran, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

- 11. FDA and DEA Updates – See Appendix I**

Items to be presented by Dr. Cothran, Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

- 12. Future Business**
- A. Annual Reviews
  - B. New Product Reviews

Items to be presented by Dr. Muchmore, Chairman:

- 13. Adjournment**





# Appendix A





**OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY  
DRUG UTILIZATION REVIEW BOARD MEETING  
MINUTES OF MEETING OF SEPTEMBER 10, 2014**

| <b>BOARD MEMBERS:</b>                | <b>PRESENT</b> | <b>ABSENT</b> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Mark Feightner, Pharm.D.             |                | X             |
| Anetta Harrell, Pharm.D.             | X              |               |
| John Muchmore, M.D., Ph.D.; Chairman | X              |               |
| James Osborne, Pharm. D              |                | X             |
| Paul Louis Preslar, D.O., MBA        | X              |               |
| James Rhymer, D.Ph.                  |                | X             |
| Bruna Varalli-Claypool, MHS, PA-C    | X              |               |
| Eric Winegardener, D.Ph.             | X              |               |

| <b>COLLEGE OF PHARMACY STAFF:</b>                          | <b>PRESENT</b> | <b>ABSENT</b> |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Terry Cothran, D.Ph.; Pharmacy Director                    | X              |               |
| Michyla Adams, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist               | X              |               |
| Melissa Anderson, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist            | X              |               |
| Karen Egesdal, D.Ph.; SMAC-ProDUR Coordinator/OHCA Liaison | X              |               |
| Bethany Holderread, Pharm. D.; Clinical Coordinator        | X              |               |
| Shellie Keast, Ph.D.; Assistant Professor                  | X              |               |
| Carol Moore, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist                 | X              |               |
| Brandy Nawaz, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist                | X              |               |
| Leslie Robinson, D.Ph.; PA Coordinator                     |                | X             |
| Jennifer Sipols, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist             |                | X             |
| Ashley Teel, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist                 |                | X             |
| Graduate Students: David George; Pharm. D.                 |                | X             |
| Tammy Lambert; Pharm .D.                                   | X              |               |
| Timothy Pham, Pharm. D.                                    | X              |               |
| Visiting Pharmacy Student(s): Nick Hutton                  | X              |               |

|   | <b>PRESENT</b> | <b>ABSENT</b> |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Marlene Asmussen, R.N.; Population Care Management Director | X              |               |
| Burl Beasley, D.Ph.; M.P.H.; M.S. Pharm                     | X              |               |
| Nico Gomez, Chief Executive Officer                         | X              |               |
| Sylvia Lopez, M.D., FAAP; Chief Medical Officer             | X              |               |
| Ed Long, Chief Communications Officer                       | X              |               |
| Kelli Brodersen, Marketing Coordinator                      | X              |               |
| Nancy Nesser, Pharm.D., J.D.; Pharmacy Director             | X              |               |
| Rebecca Pasternik-Ikard, Deputy State Medicaid Director     | X              |               |
| Lynn Rambo-Jones, J.D.; Deputy General Counsel III          | X              |               |
| Jill Ratterman, D.Ph.; Clinical Pharmacist                  | X              |               |
| Garth Splinter, M.D., M.B.A.; Medicaid Director             | X              |               |
| Kerri Wade, Pharmacy Operations Manager                     | X              |               |

| <b>OTHERS PRESENT:</b>  |                           |                               |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Dr. Fran Kaiser, Merck  | Mark DeClerk, Lilly       | Michael Mason, Alcon          |
| Tarolyn Carlton, OAPI   | Warren Tayes, Merck       | Jim Fowler, Astra Zeneca      |
| Sam Smothers, Medimmune | Roger Grotzinger, BMS     | Jon Maguire, GSK              |
| Mai Duong, Novartis     | Brian Maves, Pfizer       | Lance Burchan, Medimmune      |
| Audrey Rattan, OAPI     | Toby Thompson, Alcon      | Chris Lewis, Lundbeck         |
| Cheri Ritchie, Otsuka   | John Omick, Lunbeck       | Richard Uhles, Forest         |
| Bob Gustafson, Lundbeck | Don Kempin, Novo Novadisk | Tiffany York, US BIO Services |
| Charlene Kaiser, Amgen  | Ron Schnare, Shire        | Sharon Jackson, GSK           |
| Richard Ponder, J & J   |                           |                               |

| <b>PRESENT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT:</b> |           |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Fran E. Kaiser MD                  | Merck     |
| Kim Lonergan                       | Otsuka    |
| Dr. Robert Welliver                | OUHSC     |
| Jeremy Franklin                    | Medimmune |

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 1: CALL TO ORDER**

**1A: ROLL CALL**

Dr. Muchmore called the meeting to order. Roll call by Dr. Cothran established the presence of a quorum.

**ACTION: NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 2: PUBLIC COMMENT FORUM**

**FRAN E. KAISER AGENDA NO. 6 AND 10**

**KIM LONGERAN AGENDA NO. 8**

**DR. ROBERT WELLIVER AGENDA NO. 7**

**JEREMY FRANKLIN AGENDA NO. 7**

**ACTION: NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 3: APPROVAL OF DUR BOARD MINUTES**

**3A: JULY 9, 2014 DUR MINUTES – VOTE**

**3B: JULY 9, 2014 DUR RECOMMENDATIONS MEMORANDUM**

Dr. Cothran stated that *“Kelli Brodersen was marked absent last meeting and she should have been marked present.”*

Dr. Winegardener moved to approve with corrections; seconded by Ms. Bruna Varalli-Claypool

**ACTION: MOTION CARRIED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 4: UPDATE ON MEDICATION COVERAGE AUTHORIZATION UNIT/DRUG UTILIZATION REVIEW OF PRENATAL VITAMINS**

**4A: MEDICATION COVERAGE ACTIVITY FOR AUGUST 2014**

**4B: PHARMACY HELP DESK ACTIVITY FOR AUGUST 2014**

**4C: DRUG UTILIZATION REVIEW OF PRENATAL VITAMINS**

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Holderread

**ACTION: NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 5: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ZOHYDRO™ ER (HYDROCODONE BITARTRATE) AND XARTEMIS™ XR (OXYCODONE/ACETAMINOPHEN)**

**5A: COP RECOMMENDATIONS**

*Dr. Preslar moved to accept with the change of Xartemis™ XR (oxycodone/acetaminophen) Approval Criteria No. 1 to read: An **acute** pain requiring around the clock opioid treatment...*

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Holderread

Dr. Preslar moved to approve; seconded by Ms. Bruna Varalli-Claypool

**ACTION: MOTION CARRIED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 6: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ZONTIVITY™ (VORAPAXAR)**

**6A: COP RECOMMENDATIONS**

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Anderson

Ms. Varalli-Claypool moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Harrell

**ACTION: MOTION CARRIED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 7: ANNUAL REVIEW OF SYNAGIS® (PALIVIZUMAB)**

**7A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA**

**7B: UTILIZATION OF SYNAGIS®**

**7C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF SYNAGIS®**

**7D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES**

**7E: COP RECOMMENDATIONS**

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Anderson

Ms. Bruna Varalli-Claypool recommends “*a motion to keep current Synagis criteria with no changes*”

Ms. Bruna Varalli-Claypool to approve; seconded by Dr. Preslar.

**ACTION: MOTION CARRIED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 8: ANNUAL REVIEW OF ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTICS AND 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE VERSACLOZ™ (CLOZAPINE ORAL SUSPENSION)**

**8A: CURRENT TIER STRUCTURE**

**8B: UTILIZATION OF ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTICS**

**8C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTICS**

**8D: ATYPICAL ANTIPSYCHOTIC UTILIZATION TREND**

**8E: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES**

**8F: COP RECOMMENDATIONS**

**8G: UTILIZATION DETAILS**

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Holderread

**ACTION: NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 9: ANNUAL REVIEW OF ADHD AND NARCOLEPSY MEDICATIONS**

**9A: CURRENT AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA**

**9B: UTILIZATION OF ADHD & NARCOLEPSY MEDICATIONS**

**9C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF ADHD & NARCOLEPSY MEDICATIONS**

**9D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES**

**9E: COP RECOMMENDATIONS**

**9F: UTILIZATION DETAILS**

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Adams

Ms. Varalli-Claypool moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Harrell

**ACTION: MOTION CARRIED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 10:                    30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE GRASTEK® (TIMOTHY GRASS POLLEN ALLERGEN EXTRACT) AND RAGWITEK™ (SHORT RAGWEED POLLEN ALLERGEN EXTRACT)**

**10A:    INTRODUCTION**

**10B:    PRODUCT SUMMARIES**

**10C:    COP RECOMMENDATIONS**

Dr. Muchmore recommends *“Montelukast should be used with an antihistamine in the previous season” “If they have done the 30 days of Montelukast and an antihistamine then they meet the criteria.”*

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Nawaz

**ACTION:            NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 11:                    FDA AND DEA UPDATES**

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Cothran

**ACTION:            NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 12:                    FUTURE BUSINESS**

**12A:    ANNUAL REVIEWS**

**12B:    NEW PRODUCT REVIEWS**

Materials included in agenda packet; submitted by Dr. Cothran

**ACTION:            NONE REQUIRED**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 13:                    ADJOURNMENT**

The meeting was adjourned at 5:15 pm.



# *The University of Oklahoma*

*Health Sciences Center*

**COLLEGE OF PHARMACY**

**PHARMACY MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS**

## **Memorandum**

**Date:** September 11, 2014

**To:** Nancy Nesser, Pharm.D., J.D.  
Pharmacy Director  
Oklahoma Health Care Authority

**From:** Bethany Holderread, Pharm.D.  
Clinical Pharmacist  
Pharmacy Management Consultants

**Subject:** DUR Board Recommendations From Meeting of September 10, 2014

### **Recommendation 1: Vote to Prior Authorize Zohydro™ ER (Hydrocodone Bitartrate) and Xartemis™ XR (Oxycodone/Acetaminophen)**

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the addition of Zohydro™ ER (hydrocodone bitartrate) and Xartemis™ XR (oxycodone/acetaminophen) to the Special PA category of the Opioid Analgesics Product Based Prior Authorization category with the following criteria:

#### **Zohydro™ ER (Hydrocodone Bitartrate) Extended-Release Capsules Approval Criteria:**

1. A chronic pain condition requiring daily, around-the-clock, long-term opioid treatment; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all other available long-acting Tier-2 and Tier-3 medications.
3. Tier structure rules still apply.

#### **Xartemis™ XR (Oxycodone/APAP) Extended-Release Tablets Approval Criteria:**

1. An **acute** pain condition requiring around-the-clock opioid treatment; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason for the following:
  - a. Why the member cannot use any other opioid medication for treatment of acute pain; and

- b. Why the member requires a long-acting medication for an acute pain condition; and
  - c. Why the member cannot use Oxycontin® (oxycodone ER) and OTC acetaminophen individual products in place of this combination product.
3. A quantity limit of 4 tablets per day will apply with a maximum approval duration of 10 days; and
4. The member must not exceed 3,250mg of acetaminophen per day from all sources.
5. Tier structure rules still apply.

### **Recommendation 2: Vote to Prior Authorize Zontivity™ (Vorapaxar) and Update the Anticoagulant Prior Authorization Criteria**

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Zontivity™ (vorapaxar) with the following criteria:

#### **Zontivity™ (Vorapaxar) Approval Criteria:**

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of one of the following: history of myocardial infarction (MI) or peripheral arterial disease (PAD); and
2. Zontivity™ must be used in combination with aspirin and/or clopidogrel (not monotherapy); and
3. Zontivity™ will not be approved for members with the following situations: history of transient ischemic attack (TIA), stroke, or intracranial hemorrhage (ICH), or active pathological bleeding; and
4. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

The College of Pharmacy also recommends updating the prior authorization criteria for the following medications to reflect new FDA approved indications:

#### **Pradaxa® (Dabigatran) Approval Criteria:**

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of one of the following:
  - a. Non-valvular atrial fibrillation; or
  - b. Treatment of deep vein thrombosis (DVT) or pulmonary embolism (PE) after treatment with parenteral anticoagulant for 5 to 10 days; or
  - c. To reduce the risk of recurrent DVT or PE in patients who have been previously treated.

#### **Eliquis® (Apixaban) Approval Criteria:**

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of one of the following:
  - a. Non-valvular atrial fibrillation; or

- b. Treatment of deep vein thrombosis (DVT) or pulmonary embolism (PE) and for the reduction in the risk of recurrent DVT and PE following initial therapy; or
- c. PE or DVT prophylaxis in patients who have had hip or knee replacement surgery.

**Recommendation 3: Fiscal Year 2014 Annual Review of Synagis® (Palivizumab)**

MOTION CARRIED. Approval was not unanimous.

**Synagis® (Palivizumab) Approval Criteria:**

- A. Member Selection: \*Members must be included in one of the following age groups at the beginning of the RSV season:
  - 1. Infants and children less than 24 months old with Chronic Lung Disease (CLD) (formerly bronchopulmonary dysplasia) who have required medical treatment (O2, bronchodilator, corticosteroid, or diuretic therapy) for CLD in the 6 months prior to RSV season
  - 2. Infants up to 24 months old with moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension, cyanotic heart disease, or those on medications to control congestive heart failure
  - 3. Infants less than 12 months of age, born at 28 weeks gestation or earlier
  - 4. Infants less than 6 months of age, born at 29 to 31 weeks gestation
  - 5. Infants less than 12 months of age, with congenital abnormalities of the airway
  - 6. Infants less than 12 months of age, with severe neuromuscular disease
  - 7. Infants up to 3 months old at the start of RSV season, born at 32 to 34 weeks gestation, who have one of the following risk factors (up to three doses only):
    - a. Child care attendance
    - b. Siblings younger than 5 years of age

\*Treatment is authorized for the entire RSV season (as indicated) except for members meeting criteria #7, in which case, a maximum of 3 doses will be authorized. Prescribers may request special consideration for additional doses (up to the end of the RSV season as indicated) on an individual patient basis for members meeting criteria #7.

- B. Length of treatment: Synagis® is approved for use only during RSV season. Approval dates will be November 1 through March 31.
- C. Units authorized: The maximum duration of therapy is five doses, with a dose to be administered no more often than every 30 days. Infants born at 32-34 weeks gestation will receive a maximum of three doses. Members given doses more frequently than every 30 days will not be authorized for additional doses. Doses

administered prior to the member's discharge from a hospital will be counted as one of the approved total.

- D. Dose-pooling: To avoid unnecessary risk to the patient, multiple patients are not to be treated from a single vial. Failure to follow this recommendation will result in referral of the provider to the Quality Assurance Committee of the Oklahoma Health Care Authority.

**Recommendation 4: Fiscal Year 2014 Annual Review of Atypical Antipsychotics and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Versacloz™ (Clozapine Oral Suspension)**

NO ACTION REQUIRED.

**Recommendation 5: Fiscal Year 2014 Annual Review of ADHD & Narcolepsy Medications**

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends moving Quillivant XR® and Daytrana™ to Tier-3 of the ADHD & Narcolepsy Medications Product Based Prior Authorization category to promote supplemental rebate participation. If no supplemental rebate participation, these products will remain in the Special PA category. The existing criteria for this category will apply. Additionally, the College of Pharmacy recommends moving products to lower tiers when appropriate and cost effective, based on State Maximum Allowable Cost (SMAC).

**Recommendation 6: 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Grastek® (Timothy Grass Pollen Allergen Extract) and Ragwitek™ (Short Ragweed Pollen Allergen Extract)**

NO ACTION REQUIRED.

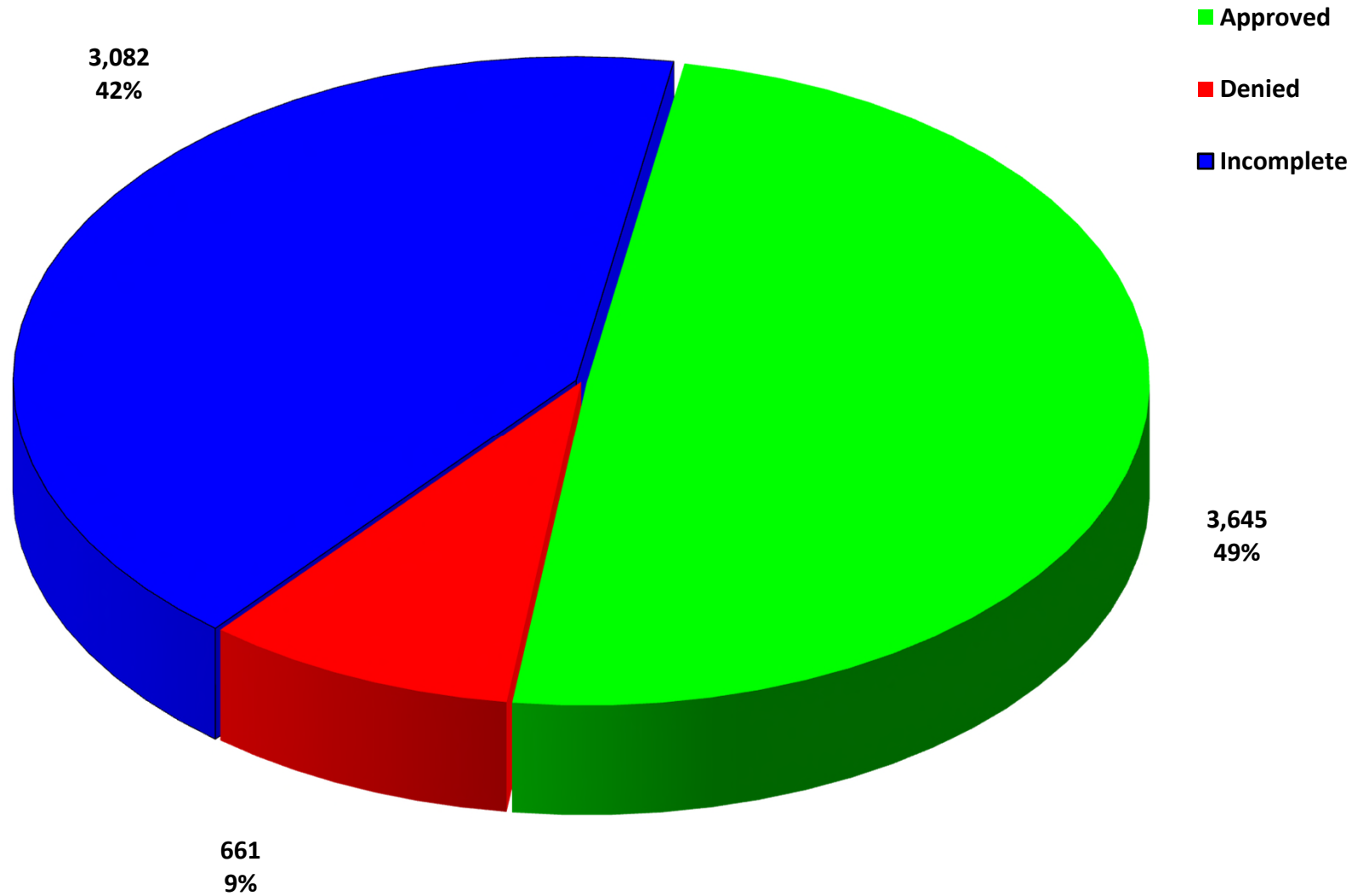




# Appendix B

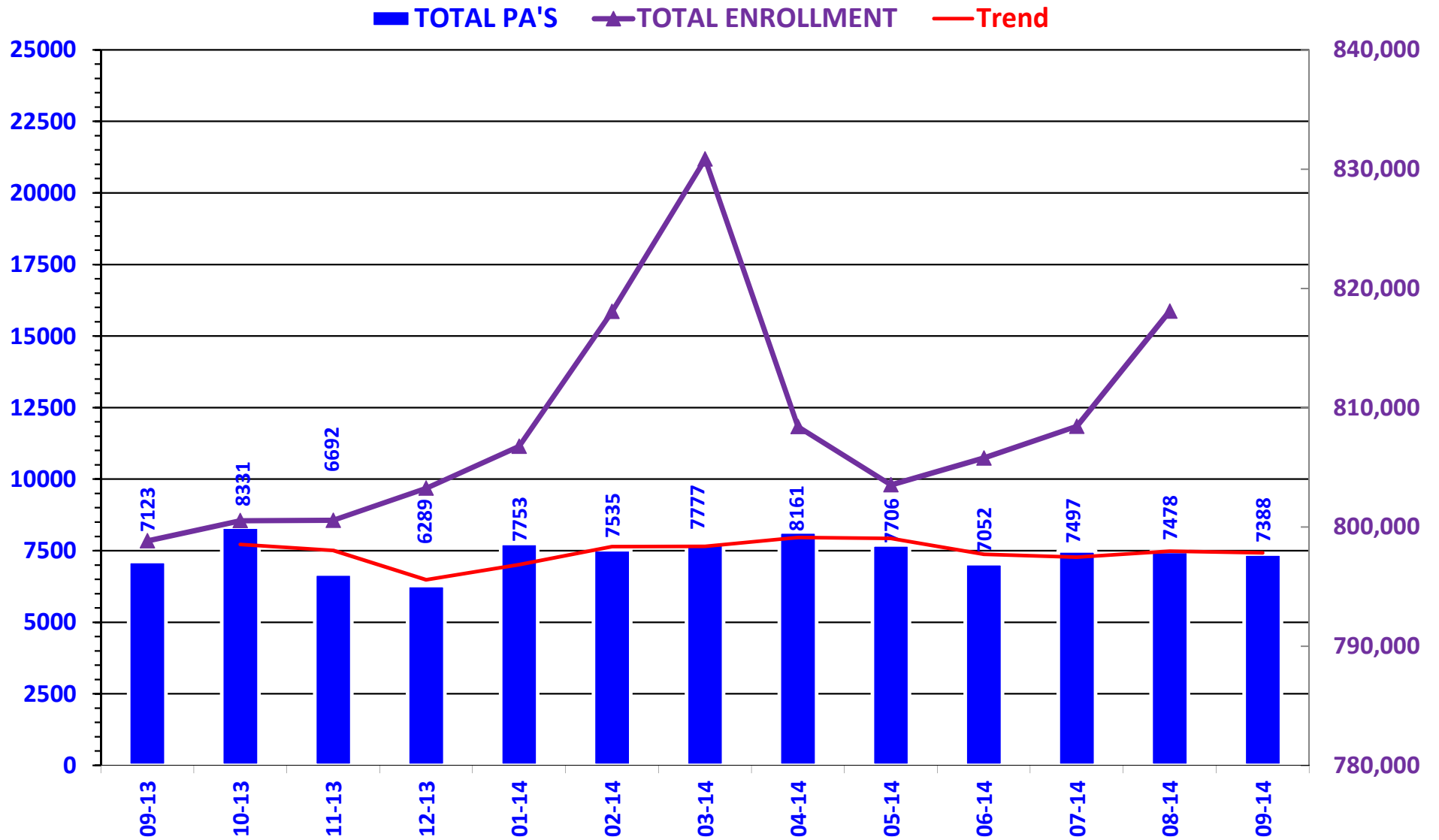


# PRIOR AUTHORIZATION ACTIVITY REPORT: SEPTEMBER



*PA totals include approved/denied/incomplete/overrides*

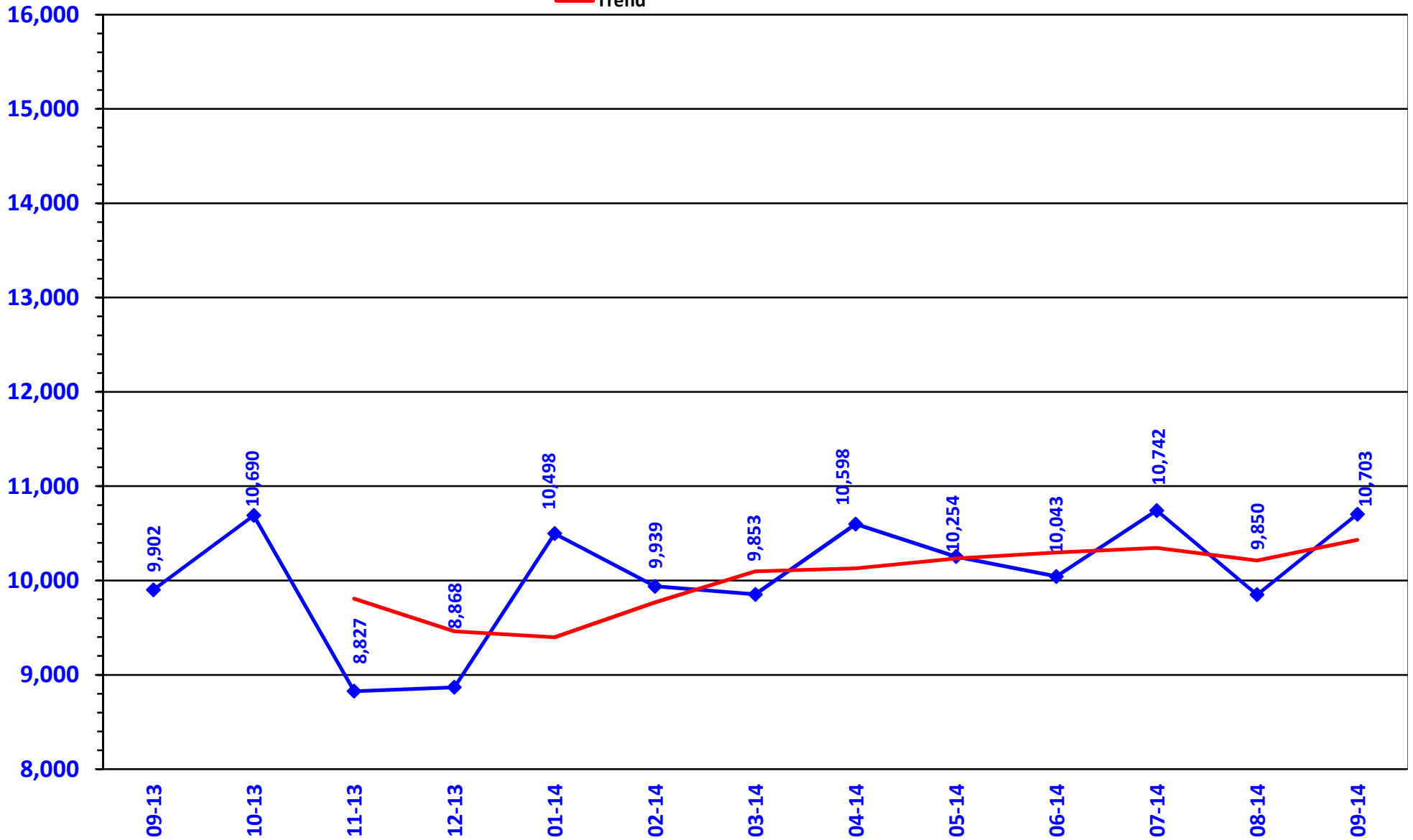
# PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REPORT: SEPTEMBER 2013 - SEPTEMBER 2014



PA totals include approved/denied/incomplete/overrides

# CALL VOLUME MONTHLY REPORT: SEPTEMBER 2013 – SEPTEMBER 2014

◆ TOTAL CALLS  
— Trend



**Prior Authorization Activity**  
**9/1/2014 Through 9/30/2014**

|                                       | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----------|--------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Advair/Symbicort/Dulera               | 319   | 143      | 8      | 168        | 350                                 |
| Analgesic - NonNarcotic               | 15    | 0        | 3      | 12         | 0                                   |
| Analgesic, Narcotic                   | 378   | 196      | 28     | 154        | 197                                 |
| Angiotensin Receptor Antagonist       | 34    | 4        | 8      | 22         | 221                                 |
| Antiasthma                            | 175   | 63       | 19     | 93         | 341                                 |
| Antibiotic                            | 20    | 3        | 1      | 16         | 299                                 |
| Anticoagulant                         | 90    | 70       | 1      | 19         | 285                                 |
| Anticonvulsant                        | 84    | 42       | 5      | 37         | 313                                 |
| Antidepressant                        | 267   | 55       | 39     | 173        | 345                                 |
| Antidiabetic                          | 139   | 73       | 7      | 59         | 349                                 |
| Antigout                              | 11    | 6        | 0      | 5          | 252                                 |
| Antihistamine                         | 213   | 172      | 2      | 39         | 354                                 |
| Antimigraine                          | 47    | 9        | 4      | 34         | 245                                 |
| Antiplatelet                          | 19    | 14       | 1      | 4          | 335                                 |
| Antiulcers                            | 227   | 61       | 54     | 112        | 164                                 |
| Anxiolytic                            | 92    | 59       | 7      | 26         | 230                                 |
| Atypical Antipsychotics               | 387   | 226      | 14     | 147        | 326                                 |
| Biologics                             | 42    | 22       | 1      | 19         | 296                                 |
| Bladder Control                       | 49    | 8        | 5      | 36         | 357                                 |
| Botox                                 | 20    | 17       | 0      | 3          | 358                                 |
| Cardiovascular                        | 24    | 20       | 0      | 4          | 321                                 |
| Cephalosporins                        | 25    | 7        | 2      | 16         | 7                                   |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 20    | 6        | 2      | 12         | 303                                 |
| Dermatological                        | 108   | 13       | 58     | 37         | 85                                  |
| Endocrine & Metabolic Drugs           | 70    | 45       | 2      | 23         | 132                                 |
| Erythropoietin Stimulating Agents     | 31    | 20       | 1      | 10         | 121                                 |
| Fibromyalgia                          | 120   | 35       | 19     | 66         | 349                                 |
| Fish Oils                             | 29    | 7        | 8      | 14         | 357                                 |
| Gastrointestinal Agents               | 58    | 8        | 20     | 30         | 172                                 |
| Genitourinary Agents                  | 15    | 4        | 1      | 10         | 20                                  |
| Growth Hormones                       | 59    | 48       | 2      | 9          | 164                                 |
| Hematopoietic Agents                  | 10    | 6        | 0      | 4          | 130                                 |
| Hepatitis C                           | 63    | 42       | 4      | 17         | 8                                   |
| HFA Rescue Inhalers                   | 50    | 22       | 3      | 25         | 345                                 |
| Insomnia                              | 42    | 8        | 2      | 32         | 210                                 |
| Linzess, Amitiza, and Relistor        | 52    | 10       | 7      | 35         | 207                                 |
| Multiple Sclerosis                    | 32    | 19       | 1      | 12         | 204                                 |
| Muscle Relaxant                       | 80    | 21       | 20     | 39         | 57                                  |
| Nasal Allergy                         | 112   | 6        | 39     | 67         | 227                                 |
| Neurological Agents                   | 73    | 59       | 3      | 11         | 349                                 |
| Nsaids                                | 156   | 22       | 15     | 119        | 319                                 |
| Ocular Allergy                        | 37    | 9        | 0      | 28         | 194                                 |
| Ophthalmic Anti-infectives            | 26    | 2        | 2      | 22         | 16                                  |
| Osteoporosis                          | 31    | 7        | 4      | 20         | 332                                 |
| Other*                                | 168   | 37       | 41     | 90         | 240                                 |
| Otic Antibiotic                       | 45    | 13       | 5      | 27         | 8                                   |
| Pediculicide                          | 72    | 24       | 3      | 45         | 19                                  |
| Prenatal Vitamins                     | 13    | 0        | 0      | 13         | 0                                   |
| Statins                               | 48    | 16       | 4      | 28         | 353                                 |
| Stimulant                             | 1,213 | 562      | 54     | 597        | 339                                 |
| Suboxone/Subutex                      | 208   | 161      | 7      | 40         | 80                                  |
| Synagis                               | 12    | 0        | 0      | 12         | 0                                   |
| Testosterone                          | 64    | 28       | 11     | 25         | 346                                 |

\* Includes any therapeutic category with less than 10 prior authorizations for the month.

|                         | Total        | Approved     | Denied     | Incomplete   | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Topical Antibiotic      | 12           | 1            | 1          | 10           | 3                                   |
| Topical Antifungal      | 43           | 1            | 6          | 36           | 25                                  |
| Topical Corticosteroids | 82           | 2            | 23         | 57           | 269                                 |
| Vitamin                 | 51           | 22           | 21         | 8            | 347                                 |
| Pharmacotherapy         | 60           | 53           | 2          | 5            | 192                                 |
| Emergency PAs           | 1            | 1            | 0          | 0            |                                     |
| <b>Total</b>            | <b>6,043</b> | <b>2,610</b> | <b>600</b> | <b>2,833</b> |                                     |

#### Overrides

|                                      |              |              |            |              |     |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----|
| Brand                                | 46           | 37           | 0          | 9            | 318 |
| Cumulative Early Refill              | 7            | 7            | 0          | 0            | 180 |
| Dosage Change                        | 388          | 338          | 4          | 46           | 7   |
| High Dose                            | 5            | 5            | 0          | 0            | 237 |
| Ingredient Duplication               | 51           | 42           | 0          | 9            | 4   |
| Lost/Broken Rx                       | 67           | 60           | 1          | 6            | 6   |
| NDC vs Age                           | 55           | 54           | 1          | 0            | 261 |
| Nursing Home Issue                   | 33           | 32           | 1          | 0            | 4   |
| Other*                               | 40           | 29           | 4          | 7            | 16  |
| Prescriber Temp Unlock               | 1            | 0            | 1          | 0            | 0   |
| Quantity vs. Days Supply             | 597          | 401          | 38         | 158          | 252 |
| STBS/STBSM                           | 10           | 10           | 0          | 0            | 50  |
| Stolen                               | 7            | 4            | 2          | 1            | 3   |
| Temporary Unlock                     | 19           | 13           | 6          | 0            | 20  |
| Third Brand Request                  | 27           | 10           | 4          | 13           | 16  |
| <b>Overrides Total</b>               | <b>1,345</b> | <b>1,035</b> | <b>61</b>  | <b>249</b>   |     |
| <b>Total Regular PAs + Overrides</b> | <b>7,388</b> | <b>3,645</b> | <b>661</b> | <b>3,082</b> |     |

#### Denial Reasons

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| Unable to verify required trials.             | 2,560 |
| Does not meet established criteria.           | 648   |
| Lack required information to process request. | 519   |

#### Other PA Activity

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| Duplicate Requests                      | 472   |
| Letters                                 | 3,254 |
| No Process                              | 27    |
| Changes to existing PAs                 | 521   |
| Helpdesk Initiated Prior Authorizations | 900   |
| PAs Missing Information                 | 76    |

\* Includes any therapeutic category with less than 10 prior authorizations for the month.







# Overview of Safety Alerts

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# Overview of Safety Alerts

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

## Introduction<sup>1,2,3,4,5,6</sup>

The following are recent FDA safety alerts included for the DUR Board's consideration. SoonerCare specific data may be presented where applicable. The College of Pharmacy will make recommendations as well as take recommendations from the DUR Board.

| Date   | Drug   | Issue                    |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| 04/16/2014   | Extended release – Long Acting (ER/LA) Opioid Analgesics (morphine, fentanyl, buprenorphine, methadone, hydromorphone, oxycodone, tapentadol, oxycodone) | Addiction, Abuse, Misuse |
| <p><b>Issue Details:</b> Based on safety concerns regarding serious risks with ER and LA opioid analgesics, including addiction, abuse, misuse, overdose, and death, the FDA sent letters to manufacturers of these medications outlining new safety information requirements for the drug product labels. The label requirements stress the importance of selecting the correct patient population for use of ER/LA opioid analgesics. The FDA emphasized that ER/LA opioid analgesics should only be used for the management of pain severe enough to require around-the-clock, long term analgesia for which alternative treatment options with non-opioid analgesics or immediate-release opioids has been inadequate.</p> <p><b>FDA Recommendations:</b> Required label changes include a stronger boxed warning as well as updates to the Indications, Dosing and Administration, and Warnings and Precautions sections of the label. These changes are specifically related to the abuse potential, modification to the dosage and administration, and required enhancement of the REMS for each drug. Educational materials will be made available for patients and health care professionals. The REMS requires manufacturers to make available continuing education courses for health care professionals.</p> <p><b>Update - 8/19/14:</b> Notification to manufacturers from the FDA regarding approval of amendments to REMS, as recommended.</p> <p><b>SoonerCare Action:</b> A post card detailing the FDA requirements and label updates to ER/LA opioid analgesics went out to the top 200 prescribers of these medications.</p> |  |                          |

| Date   | Drug    | Issue  |
|--|---------|--|
| 05/06/2014   | Aspirin | No benefits for patients who have not had previous cardiovascular events |
| <p><b>Issue Details:</b> The FDA issued a report regarding the use of daily aspirin for primary prevention of cardiovascular events. Available data shows that patients who have had a myocardial infarction, stroke, or who have coronary artery disease will have lower risk of recurrence by taking a daily aspirin. However, a daily aspirin provides no benefit for patients who have not had any of these events, but does increase the risk for gastrointestinal (GI) bleeding or cerebral hemorrhage.</p> <p><b>FDA Recommendations:</b> News items were published recommending that patients discuss the risks and benefits with their healthcare provider prior to starting a daily aspirin regimen.</p> |         |  |

| Date  | Drug                                   | Issue  |
|---|--|--|
| 05/22/2014  | Linagliptin (Tradjenta® & Jentadueto®) | Risk of serious hypersensitivity reactions of anaphylaxis, angioedema, and exfoliative skin conditions |
| <p><b>Issue Details:</b> Post marketing reports of serious hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, angioedema, and exfoliative skin conditions in patients treated with linagliptin. Reactions occur within the first three months of treatment.</p> <p><b>FDA Recommendations:</b> The product label has been modified to include the contraindication, warning, and precautions regarding these hypersensitivity reactions.</p> <p><b>Evaluation:</b> From January 1, 2014 to July 31, 2014, 256 SoonerCare members were on one of these medications. No known hypersensitivity reactions with these medications were reported to SoonerCare. Claims analysis regarding these reactions is under further review.</p> |  |  |

| Date  | Drug                   | Issue  |
|---|------------------------|--|
| 06/26/2014  | Oral Viscous Lidocaine | Risk of serious adverse events when used for teething pain in infants and children |
| <p><b>Issue Details:</b> The FDA issued a Drug Safety Communication regarding the use of oral viscous lidocaine 2% solution for teething pain in infants and children. Serious adverse events, including seizure, severe brain injury, heart problems, and death have occurred due to overdose, and accidental swallowing of lidocaine.</p> <p><b>FDA Recommendations:</b> A Black Box Warning has been added to the product label. Parents and caregivers are encouraged not to use over-the-counter (OTC) topical medications for teething pain, but to follow the American Academy of Pediatric's (AAP) recommendations to use a chilled teething ring or gentle rubbing of the gums with a finger.</p> <p><b>SoonerCare action:</b> Educational information regarding this warning will be included in the SoonerCare member newsletter and the SoonerCare Text for Baby Program.</p> |                        |  |

| Date   | Drug                  | Issue  |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| 07/2014  | Linacotide (Linzess®) | Increased possibility of dehydration and death in young children |
| <p><b>Issue Details:</b> In nonclinical studies, a single, clinically relevant adult dose of linaclotide caused death from dehydration in juvenile mice due to increased fluid secretion as a consequence of guanylate cyclase-C (GC-C) agonism; death occurred within 24 hours after administration. The safety and efficacy for use in children under 18 years of age has not been established. The expression of GC-C is increased in children less than 6 years of age compared to older children and adults; therefore this medication is determined to be contraindicated for use in children under the age of 6 years.</p> <p><b>FDA Recommendations:</b> A Black Box Warning has been added to the product label contraindicating the use of linaclotide in children younger than 6 years of age.</p> <p><b>Evaluation:</b> Evaluation of SoonerCare claims for members utilizing linaclotide did not reveal any utilization in members under the age of 10 years. SoonerCare criteria restricts use of this medication to members 18 years and older.</p> |                       |  |

| Date   | Drug           | Issue                              |
|--|----------------|------------------------------------|
| 8/14/2014  | Growth Hormone | Increased risk of stroke in adults |
| <p><b>Issue Details:</b> A research article published by French scientists in <i>Neurology</i> suggests that use of growth hormone is associated with an increased risk of hemorrhagic stroke (standardized incidence ratio from 3.5 to 7.0), particularly subarachnoid hemorrhage (standardized incidence ratio from 5.7 to 9.3). Growth hormone has mitogenic and proliferative properties suggesting an increased risk of cardiac and cerebrovascular mortality noted in a preliminary study. Further investigation reveals a high incidence of stroke in the study population, occurring at an average age of 24.2 years. Studied growth hormone treatment studied was started at a mean age of 11 years and continued for an average of 3.9 years. Researchers felt that this is a “strong relationship” and that patients using growth hormone not only for growth hormone deficiency, but also for performance enhancement should be informed of the risk.</p> <p><b>FDA Recommendations:</b> The FDA has not acted on this information yet. Further study is recommended.</p> <p><b>Evaluation:</b> During fiscal year 2014, there were 242 SoonerCare members utilizing growth hormone.</p> |                |                                    |

<sup>1</sup> FDA Drug Safety Information and Adverse Event Reporting Program (opioids) available online at: <http://www.fda.gov/Safety/MedWatch/SafetyInformation/ucm396503.htm> Last revised 5/18/2013. Last accessed 9/29/2014

<sup>2</sup> Preidt, Robert, “Daily Aspirin Regimen Not Safe for Everyone: FDA.” WebMD, Available online at: <http://www.webmd.com/heart-disease/news/20140506/daily-aspirin-regimen-not-safe-for-everyone-fda-warns>. Last revised 05/06/2014. Last accessed 09/29/2014.

<sup>3</sup> FDA Drug Safety Communication (linagliptin) available online at: <http://www.fda.gov/Safety/MedWatch/SafetyInformation/ucm360497.htm>. Last revised 6/13/2014. Last accessed 9/29/2014.

<sup>4</sup> FDA Drug Safety Communication (viscous lidocaine) available online at <http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/DrugSafety/ucm402240.htm> Last revised 6/26/2014. Last accessed 9/29/2014.

<sup>5</sup> FDA Drug Safety Communication (linaclotide) available online at <http://www.fda.gov/Safety/MedWatch/SafetyInformation/ucm409253.htm> Last revised 8/15/2014. Last accessed 9/29/2014.

<sup>6</sup> Poidvin A et al. “Use of Growth Hormone in Children Linked to Stroke in Adults.” The Pharmaceutical Journal. Available online at: <http://www.pharmaceutical-journal.com/news-and-analysis/news/use-of-growth-hormone-in-children-linked-to-stroke-in-adults/20066165.article>. Last revised 08/14/2014. Last accessed 09/29/14





# Appendix C





# Vote to Prior Authorize Versacloz™ (Clozapine Oral Suspension)

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

## Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the addition of Versacloz™ (clozapine oral suspension) to Tier-3 of the Atypical Antipsychotics Product Based Prior Authorization category with the following criteria:

| Atypical Antipsychotics*        |                               |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Tier-1                          | Tier-2                        | Tier-3+                                |
| clozapine (Clozaril®)‡          | Supplemental Rebated Products | aripiprazole (Abilify®)                |
| olanzapine (Zyprexa®)           |                               | aripiprazole (Abilify Maintena®)       |
| quetiapine (Seroquel®)          |                               | asenapine (Saphris®)                   |
| risperidone (Risperdal®)        |                               | clozapine (Fazaclo®)                   |
| risperidone (Risperdal Consta®) |                               | clozapine oral suspension (Versacloz™) |
| ziprasidone (Geodon®)           |                               | iloperidone (Fanapt™)                  |
|                                 |                               | lurasidone (Latuda®)                   |
|                                 |                               | olanzapine/fluoxetine (Symbyax®)       |
|                                 |                               | paliperidone (Invega®)                 |
|                                 |                               | paliperidone (Invega Sustenna®)        |
|                                 |                               | quetiapine ER (Seroquel XR®)           |

\*Mandatory Generic Plan Applies

+ May be rebated to Tier-2 status only

‡ Does not count toward a Tier-1 trial

ER = extended-release

### Atypical Antipsychotic Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. A trial of two Tier-1 products (not including clozapine), at least 14 days in duration, titrated to recommended dose, that did not yield adequate response or resulted in intolerable adverse effects.
2. Clozapine is available without prior authorization, but does not count towards a Tier-1 trial.

### Atypical Antipsychotic Tier-3 Approval Criteria:

1. A trial of two Tier-1 products (not including clozapine), at least 14 days in duration, titrated to recommended dose, that did not yield adequate response or resulted in intolerable adverse effects; and
2. A trial of two Tier-2 medications, at least 14 days in duration each, titrated to recommended dose, that did not yield adequate response or resulted in intolerable adverse effects.
3. A manual prior authorization may be submitted for consideration of a Tier-3 product when the member has had at least four trials of Tier-1 and Tier-2 products (two trials must be

from Tier-1) that did not yield an adequate response or resulted in intolerable adverse effects.

4. Use of Versacloz™ (clozapine oral suspension) and Fazaclo® (clozapine orally disintegrating tablet) requires a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the oral tablet formulation.

**Atypical Antipsychotic for Adjunctive Treatment for Depression Approval Criteria:**

1. Use of Abilify® (aripiprazole), Seroquel XR® (quetiapine extended release), or Symbyax® (olanzapine/fluoxetine) for a diagnosis of depression requires current use of an antidepressant, and previous trials with at least two other antidepressants from both categories (an SSRI and a dual acting antidepressant) that did not yield an adequate response.
2. Tier structure rules still apply.

**Current Users or Inpatient Discharge Approval Criteria:**

1. Members currently stabilized on a higher tiered medication defined by paid claim(s) for the higher tiered medication in the past 90 days will be approved.
2. Members being released from a hospital and stabilized on a higher tiered medication will be approved.

**Clinical Exceptions:**

1. Approvals will be granted for members with clinical conditions for which lower tiered drugs are contraindicated.
2. Approvals will be granted for members whose current regimen includes drugs known to adversely interact with all lowered tiered drugs.
3. Lurasidone (Latuda®) may be approved for pregnant women with appropriate diagnosis.

**Second Opinion Process for Children 0 - 4 Years of Age:**

1. Children less than 5 years of age will require a “second opinion” prior authorization to be reviewed by an Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA)-contracted child psychiatrist.



# Appendix D





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# Vote to Prior Authorize Grastek® (Timothy Grass Pollen Allergen Extract) and Ragwitek™ (Short Ragweed Pollen Allergen Extract)

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Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

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## Recommendations

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The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Grastek® and Ragwitek™ with the following criteria:

### Grastek® (Timothy Grass Pollen Allergen Extract) Approval Criteria:

1. Member must be 5 years of age or older; and
2. Member must have a positive skin test or in vitro testing for pollen specific IgE antibodies for Timothy grass or cross-reactive grass pollen (cool season grasses); and
3. Member must not have severe uncontrolled asthma; and
4. Member must have failed conservative attempts to control allergic rhinitis; and
5. Member must have failed pharmacological agents used to control allergies including the following (dates and duration of trials must be indicated on the prior authorization request):
  - a. **Antihistamines:** Trials of two different products for 14 days each during a previous season; and
  - b. **Montelukast:** One 14-day trial during a previous season in combination with an antihistamine; and
  - c. **Nasal steroids:** Trials of two different products for 21 days each during a previous season; and
6. Treatment must begin greater than or equal to 12 weeks prior to the start of the grass pollen season and continue throughout the season; and
7. The first dose must be given in the physician's office and the member must be observed for at least 30 minutes post dose; and
8. A quantity limit of one tablet daily will apply; and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of six months of therapy to include 12 weeks prior to the season and continue throughout the season; and
10. Member must not be allergic to other allergens for which they are receiving treatment via subcutaneous immunotherapy also known as "allergy shots"; and
11. Member or family member must be trained in the use of an auto-injectable epinephrine device and have such a device available for use at home.
12. Prescriber must be an allergist, immunologist or be an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician that is an allergist or immunologist.

**Ragwitek™ (Short Ragweed Pollen Allergen Extract) Approval Criteria:**

1. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
2. Member must have a positive skin test or in vitro testing for pollen specific IgE antibodies to short ragweed pollen; and
3. Member must not have severe uncontrolled asthma; and
4. Member must have failed conservative attempts to control allergic rhinitis symptoms; and
5. Member must have failed pharmacological agents used to control allergies including the following (dates and duration of trials must be indicated on the prior authorization request):
  - a. **Antihistamines:** Trials of two different products for 14 days each during a previous season; and
  - b. **Montelukast:** One 14-day trial during a previous season in combination with an antihistamine; and
  - c. **Nasal steroids:** Trials of two different products for 21 days each during a previous season; and
6. Treatment must begin greater than or equal to 12 weeks prior to the start of ragweed pollen season and continue throughout the season; and
7. The first dose must be given in the physician's office and the member must be observed for at least 30 minutes post dose; and
8. A quantity limit of one tablet daily will apply; and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of six months of therapy to include 12 weeks prior to the season and continue throughout the season; and
10. Member must not be allergic to other allergens for which they are receiving treatment via subcutaneous immunotherapy also known as "allergy shots"; and
11. Member or family member must be trained in the use of an auto-injectable epinephrine device and have such a device available for use at home.
12. Prescriber must be an allergist, immunologist or be an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician that is an allergist or immunologist.



# Appendix E





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# 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Sivextro™ (Tedizolid), Dalvance™ (Dalbavancin), and Orbactiv™ (Oritavancin)

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Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

## Introduction<sup>1,2,3</sup>

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In recent years there has been a dramatic rise in the frequency and severity of infections and the emergence of resistance to many of the antimicrobial agents commonly used to treat skin and soft tissue infections (SSTI). From 2000 to 2004, there was a 29% increase in total hospital admissions for SSTIs. Additionally, 6.3 million physician's office visits per year are attributable to SSTIs. Annual emergency department visits for SSTIs have increased to 3.4 million in 2005 compared to 1.2 million in 1993. These increased rates may be related to the emergence of community-associated methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA).

The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) defines acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) to include cellulitis/erysipelas, wound infection, and major cutaneous abscess that have a minimum lesion surface area of approximately 75 cm<sup>2</sup>. Common bacterial pathogens known to cause ABSSSI are *Streptococcus pyogenes* and *Staphylococcus aureus* including MRSA. Less common causes of ABSSI include other *Streptococcus* species, *Enterococcus faecalis*, or Gram-negative bacteria.

Current guidelines by the Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA) were released June 2014 for the diagnosis and management of SSTI. IDSA guidance recommends treatment of severe, purulent infections empirically with intravenous vancomycin, daptomycin, ceftaroline, telavancin, or linezolid. Sivextro™, Dalvance™, and Orbactiv™ were under investigation at the time these guidelines were proposed and were not included. The guidance does note the newer agents to be effective in SSTI including those caused by MRSA, but do not discuss a specific place in therapy.

## Sivextro™ (Tedizolid Phosphate) Summary<sup>3,4</sup>

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**Indications:** Sivextro™ (tedizolid phosphate) is an oxazolidinone-class antibacterial drug indicated in adults for the treatment of ABSSSI caused by susceptible isolates of the following gram-positive microorganisms: *Staphylococcus aureus* MRSA and methicillin-susceptible (MSSA) isolates, *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Streptococcus agalactiae*, *Streptococcus anginosus* Group (including *Streptococcus anginosus*, *Streptococcus intermedius*, and *Streptococcus constellatus*), and *Enterococcus faecalis*.

- **Dosing:**
  - Sivextro™ is available in the following dosage forms:
    - 200mg oral tablet, and
    - 200mg sterile lyophilized powder in single-use vial for reconstitution for intravenous (IV) infusion.
  - The recommended regimen is:
    - 200mg tablet orally once daily for six days, or
    - 200mg via IV infusion over one hour once daily for six days.
  
- **Mechanism of Action:** Sivextro™ (tedizolid phosphate) is the prodrug of tedizolid. Tedizolid binds to the 50S subunit of the bacterial ribosome resulting in inhibition of protein synthesis. Based on its mechanism of action, tedizolid is unlikely to exhibit cross-resistance to non-oxazolidinone antibacterials.
  
- **Contraindications:** None.
  
- **Warnings and Precautions:**
  - **Neutropenia:** The safety and efficacy of Sivextro™ in patients with neutropenia (neutrophil counts  $<1000$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup>) have not been adequately evaluated. In an animal model of infection, the antibacterial activity of Sivextro™ was reduced in the absence of granulocytes. Consider alternative therapies in neutropenic patients.
  - ***Clostridium difficile*-associated diarrhea:** Evaluate if diarrhea occurs.
  
- **Efficacy:**
  - The efficacy of Sivextro™ in the treatment of ABSSSI was investigated in two double-blind, non-inferiority clinical trials, ESTABLISH-1 and ESTABLISH-2. Both trials compared Sivextro™ to Zyvox®, the other currently available oxazolidinone antibiotic for the treatment of ABSSI suspected or documented to be caused by a gram-positive pathogen.
  - ESTABLISH-1 randomized patients 18 years or older to receive Sivextro™ 200mg orally once daily for six days or Zyvox® 600mg orally every twelve hours for ten days. The primary efficacy outcome was early clinical response at the 48 to 72 hour assessment with no increase in lesion surface area and oral temperature  $\leq 37.6^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Results found 79.5% of patients treated with Sivextro™ and 79.4% treated with Zyvox® met the outcome demonstrating non-inferiority.
  - ESTABLISH-2 randomized patients 12 years of age and older to receive IV Sivextro™ or Zyvox® for a minimum of one day (two doses) before patients were permitted to step-down to oral therapy. The primary outcome was early clinical response rate defined as 20% or greater reduction in area of the primary lesion at 48 to 72 hours. Results found 85% of patients randomized to Sivextro™ and 83% receiving Zyvox® met the primary outcome demonstrating non-inferiority.

## Dalvance™ (Dalbavancin) Summary<sup>5,6</sup>

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**Indications:** Dalvance™ (dalbavancin) is a semisynthetic lipoglycopeptide indicated for ABSSSI caused by designated susceptible strains of Gram-positive microorganisms.

▪ **Dosing:**

- Dalvance™ is available as 500mg of lyophilized powder in a single-use vial for reconstitution for injection.
- Recommended regimen of Dalvance™ is a two-dose regimen consisting of 1000mg followed one week later by 500mg. The dose should be administered by IV infusion over 30 minutes.
- Dosage adjustment for patients with creatinine clearance less than 30mL/min and not receiving regularly scheduled hemodialysis: 750mg followed one week later by 375mg

▪ **Mechanism of Action:** Dalvance™ interferes with cell wall synthesis by binding to the D-alanyl-D-alanine terminus of the stem pentapeptide in nascent cell wall peptidoglycan, thus preventing cross-linking. Dalvance™ is bactericidal *in vitro* against *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Streptococcus pyogenes* when dosed according to the recommended dosage regimen.

▪ **Contraindications:** Hypersensitivity to Dalvance™.

▪ **Warnings and Precautions:**

- Serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) and skin reactions have been reported with glycopeptide antibacterial agents, including Dalvance™; exercise caution in patients with known hypersensitivity to glycopeptides.
- Rapid IV infusion of glycopeptide antibacterial agents can cause reactions.
- Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT) elevations with Dalvance™ treatment were reported in clinical trials.
- *Clostridium difficile*-associated diarrhea (CDAD) has been reported with nearly all systemic antibacterial agents, including Dalvance™. Evaluate if diarrhea occurs.

▪ **Efficacy:**

- The efficacy of Dalvance™ for the treatment of ABSSSI was investigated in two double-blind, non-inferiority clinical trials, DISCOVER-1 and DISCOVER-2. Both trials compared Dalvance™ to IV vancomycin followed by oral linezolid (Zyvox®).
- Patients were randomized to receive Dalvance™ 1000mg once on day one followed by 500mg once on day eight or vancomycin 1 gram or 15 mg/kg every 12 hours for at least three days, after which they could be switched to oral linezolid to complete a 10-to-14 day course of treatment.
- The primary endpoint in both studies was the clinical response rate defined as patients who had no increase from baseline in lesion area 48-72 hours after initiation of therapy, and had a temperature consistently at or below 37.6°C.

| Study              | Drug                 | Cessation of Lesion Spread | Reduction in Lesion Area |
|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| DISCOVER-1 (n=573) | Dalvance™            | 83.3% (240/288)            | 89.9% (259/288)          |
|                    | Vancomycin/linezolid | 81.8% (233/285)            | 90.9% (259/285)          |
| DISCOVER-2 (n=739) | Dalvance™            | 76.8% (285/371)            | 87.6% (325/371)          |
|                    | Vancomycin/linezolid | 78.3% (288/368)            | 85.9% (316/368)          |

## Orbactiv™ (Oritavancin) Summary<sup>7</sup>

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**Indications:** Orbactiv™ (oritavancin) is a lipoglycopeptide antibacterial drug indicated for the treatment of adult patients with ABSSSI caused or suspected to be caused by susceptible isolates of designated Gram-positive microorganisms.

▪ **Dosing:**

- Orbactiv™ is available as 400mg of lyophilized powder in a single-use vial for reconstitution for injection.
- The recommended regimen is 1200mg in a single dose administered by IV infusion over three hours.

▪ **Mechanism of Action:** Orbactiv™ has three mechanisms of action:

- Inhibition of the transglycosylation (polymerization) step of cell wall biosynthesis by binding to the stem peptide of peptidoglycan precursors; and
- Inhibition of the transpeptidation (crosslinking) step of cell wall biosynthesis by binding to the peptide bridging segments of the cell wall; and
- Disruption of bacterial membrane integrity, leading to depolarization, permeabilization, and cell death.
- These multiple mechanisms contribute to the concentration-dependent bactericidal activity of Orbactiv™.

▪ **Contraindications:**

- Use of IV unfractionated heparin sodium is contraindicated for 48 hours after Orbactiv™ administration.
- Known hypersensitivity to Orbactiv™.

▪ **Warnings and Precautions:**

- **Concomitant warfarin use:** Co-administration of Orbactiv™ and warfarin may result in higher exposure of warfarin, which may increase the risk of bleeding. Use Orbactiv™ in patients on chronic warfarin therapy only when the benefits can be expected to outweigh the risk of bleeding.
- **Coagulation test interference:** Orbactiv™ has been shown to artificially prolong activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) for up to 48 hours, and may prolong PT and INR for up to 24 hours.
- Hypersensitivity reactions have been reported with the use of antibacterial agents including Orbactiv™. Discontinue infusion if signs of acute hypersensitivity occur. Monitor patients closely with known hypersensitivity to glycopeptides.
- Infusion-related reactions have been reported. Slow the rate or interrupt infusion if infusion reaction develops.
- ***Clostridium difficile*-associated colitis:** Evaluate patients if diarrhea occurs.
- **Osteomyelitis:** Institute appropriate alternate antibacterial therapy in patients with confirmed or suspected osteomyelitis.

▪ **Efficacy:**

- The efficacy of Orbactiv™ for the treatment of ABSSSI was investigated in two double-blind, non-inferiority clinical trials. Both trials compared Orbactiv™ 1000mg IV to IV vancomycin dosed 1 gram or 15 mg/kg every twelve hours for 7 to 10 days. The primary endpoint in both trials was early clinical response defined as cessation of spread or reduction in size of baseline lesion, absence of fever, and no rescue antibacterial drug at 48 to 72 hours after initiation of therapy.

| Study            | Drug       | Clinical Response Rate |
|------------------|------------|------------------------|
| Trial-1 (n=954)  | Orbactiv™  | 82.3% (391/475)        |
|                  | Vancomycin | 78.9% (378/479)        |
| Trial-2 (n=1005) | Orbactiv™  | 80.1% (403/503)        |
|                  | Vancomycin | 82.9% (416/502)        |

**Cost Comparison**

| Medication                               | Regimen  | Cost per Unit           | Cost of Therapy     |
|--|--|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Sivextro™ 200mg Tablets                  | 200mg once daily for 6 days                    | \$311.52 <sup>+</sup>   | \$1,869.12          |
| Sivextro™ 200mg Vial                     | 200mg once daily for 6 days                    | \$248.16 <sup>+</sup>   | \$1,488.96          |
| Dalvance™ 500mg Vial                     | 1000mg Day 1 then 500mg Day 8                  | \$1,573.44 <sup>+</sup> | \$4,720.32          |
| Orbactiv™ 400mg Vial                     | 1200mg Day 1                                   | \$1,020.80 <sup>+</sup> | \$3,062.40          |
| Zyvox® 600mg Tablets <sup>∞</sup>        | 600 mg every 12 hours for 10 days <sup>*</sup> | \$143.17 <sup>+</sup>   | \$2,863.40          |
| Zyvox® 100mg/5mL Suspension <sup>∞</sup> | 600 mg every 12 hours for 10 days <sup>*</sup> | \$4.77 <sup>+</sup>     | \$600.00            |
| Zyvox® 600mg/300mL IV Soln               | 600 mg every 12 hours for 10 days <sup>*</sup> | \$0.45 <sup>**</sup>    | \$2,700.00          |
| Vancomycin 500mg Vial                    | 1000mg every 12 hours for 7-10 days            | \$3.00 <sup>**</sup>    | \$84.00 to \$120.00 |

+Estimated acquisition cost (EAC)

\*FDA approved regimen: 600mg every 12 hours for 10 to 14 days. Sivextro™ noninferiority study dosed Zyvox® for 10 days.

\*\*SMAC= State maximum allowable cost.

∞ Zyvox® rebate not shown.

## Recommendations

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The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Sivextro™, Dalvance™, and Orbactiv™ with the following criteria:

### **Sivextro™ (Tedizolid Phosphate) Tablet Approval Criteria:**

1. An indicated diagnosis or infection known to be susceptible to requested agent; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Zyvox® (linezolid) or other cost effective therapeutic equivalent medication(s).
3. A quantity limit of six tablets per six days will apply.

### **Dalvance™ (Dalbavancin) Approval Criteria:**

1. An indicated diagnosis or infection known to be susceptible to requested agent; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use vancomycin, Zyvox® (linezolid) or other cost effective therapeutic equivalent medication(s).
3. A quantity limit of two vials per seven days will apply.

### **Orbactiv™ (Oritavancin) Approval Criteria:**

1. An indicated diagnosis or infection known to be susceptible to requested agent; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use vancomycin, Zyvox® (linezolid) or other cost effective therapeutic equivalent medication(s).
3. A quantity limit of three vials per 30 days will apply.

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<sup>1</sup> FDA Guidance for Industry. Acute Bacterial Skin and Skin Structure Infections: Developing Drugs for Treatment. October 2013. Available online at: <http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/.../Guidances/ucm071185.pdf>. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>2</sup> Stevens DL, Bisno AL, Chambers HF, et al. Practice Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Skin and Soft Tissue Infections: 2014 Update by the Infectious Diseases Society of America. Clin Infect Dis. 2014;59(2):e10-52. Available online at: <http://cid.oxfordjournals.org/content/early/2014/06/14/cid.ciu296.full.pdf+html>. Last accessed: 09/2014.

<sup>3</sup> "RxCounselor." *Your Guide to Newly Approved Brand Drugs* 9.32 (July 2014). Available online at: <http://www.catamaranrx.com/>. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>4</sup> Sivextro™ Product Information. Cubist Pharmaceuticals. Available online at: [http://www.merck.com/product/usa/pi\\_circulars/r/](http://www.merck.com/product/usa/pi_circulars/r/) <http://sivextro.com/pdf/PrescribingInformation.pdf>. Last revised 06/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>5</sup> Dalvance™ Product Information. Durata Therapeutics. Available online at: <http://content.stockpr.com/duratatherapeutics/files/docs/Dalvance+APPROVED+USPI.PDF>. Last revised on 05/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>6</sup> "The Medical Letter on Drugs and Therapeutics." *Two New Drugs for Skin and Skin Structure Infections* 56.1449 (2014).

<sup>7</sup> Orbactiv™ Product Information. The Medicines Company. Available online at: <http://www.themedicinescompany.com/app/webroot/img/orbactiv-prescribing-information.pdf>. Last revised on 09/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.



# Appendix F





# Fiscal Year 2014 Annual Review of Antidepressants and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Fetzima® (Levomilnacipran), Khedezla® (Desvenlafaxine), and Brintellix® (Vortioxetine)

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

## Current Prior Authorization Criteria

| Antidepressants   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Tier-1  | Tier-2   | Tier-3   |
| <b>Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs)</b>  |  |  |
| citalopram (Celexa®)<br>escitalopram (Lexapro®)<br>fluoxetine (Prozac®, Sarafem®)<br>fluvoxamine (Luvox®)<br>paroxetine (Paxil®, Paxil CR®)<br>sertraline (Zoloft®)         | fluoxetine (Prozac® Weekly™)<br>fluvoxamine CR (Luvox CR®)<br>paroxetine (Pexeva®) | fluoxetine 60mg tablets*   |
| <b>Dual Acting Antidepressants</b>  |  |  |
| bupropion (Wellbutrin®, Wellbutrin SR®, Wellbutrin XL®)<br>mirtazapine (Remeron®, Remeron® SolTab™)<br>trazodone (Desyrel®)<br>venlafaxine (Effexor®, Effexor XR® capsules) | duloxetine (Cymbalta®)<br>venlafaxine ER tablets (Effexor XR® tablets)             | bupropion (Aplenzin®)<br>bupropion (Forfivo XL®)<br>desvenlafaxine (Pristiq®)<br>nefazodone (Serzone®)<br>trazodone ER (Oleptro®)<br>vilazodone (Viibryd®) |
| <b>Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors (MAOIs)</b>   |  |  |
|   |  | phenelzine (Nardil®)<br>selegiline (Emsam®)<br>tranylcypromine (Parnate®)  |

\*Use of fluoxetine 60mg tablets requires a clinically significant reason why member cannot take three fluoxetine 20mg capsules.

### Antidepressant Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. A documented, recent (within six months) trial of two Tier-1 medications at least four weeks in duration and titrated to recommended dosing, that did not provide an adequate response. Tier-1 selection must include at least one medication from the SSRI category and one medication from the dual acting category; or
2. Prior stabilization on the Tier-2 medication documented within the last 100 days. A past history of success on the Tier-2 medication will also be considered with adequate documentation; or
3. A unique FDA-approved indication not covered by Tier-1 products or other products from a different therapeutic class; or
4. A petition may be submitted for consideration whenever a unique member-specific situation exists.

**Antidepressant Tier-3 Approval Criteria:**

1. A documented, recent (within six months) trial with two Tier-1 medications (one from each category), and a Tier-2 medication at least four weeks in duration and titrated to recommended dose, that did not provide an adequate response; or
2. Prior stabilization on the Tier-3 medication documented within the last 100 days. A past history of success on the Tier-3 medication will also be considered with adequate documentation; or
3. A unique FDA-approved indication not covered by a lowered tiered product or other products from a different therapeutic class; or
4. A petition may be submitted for consideration whenever a unique member-specific situation exists.

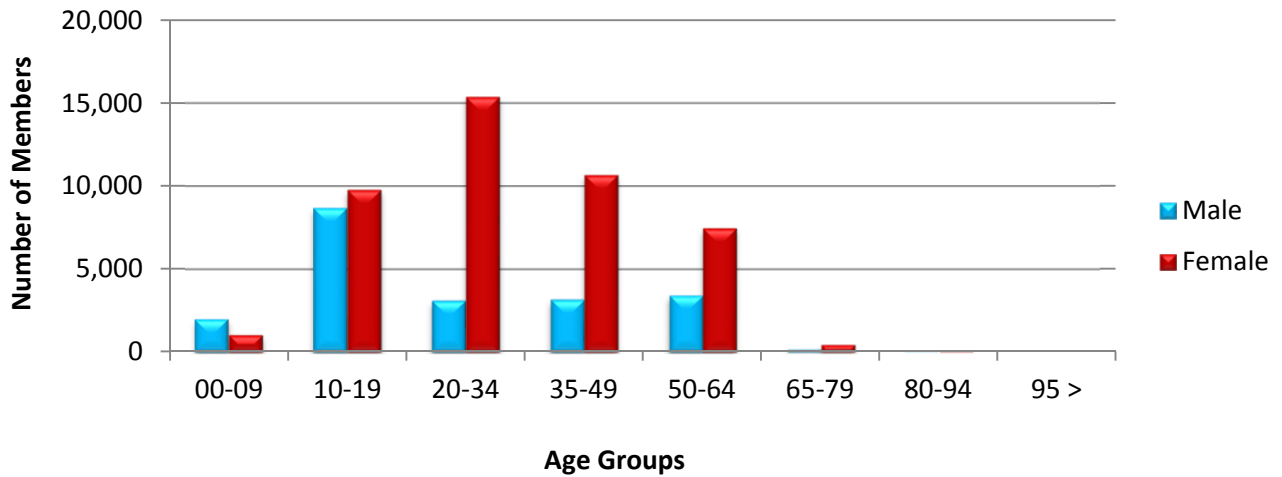
**Utilization of Antidepressants**

**Comparison of Fiscal Years**

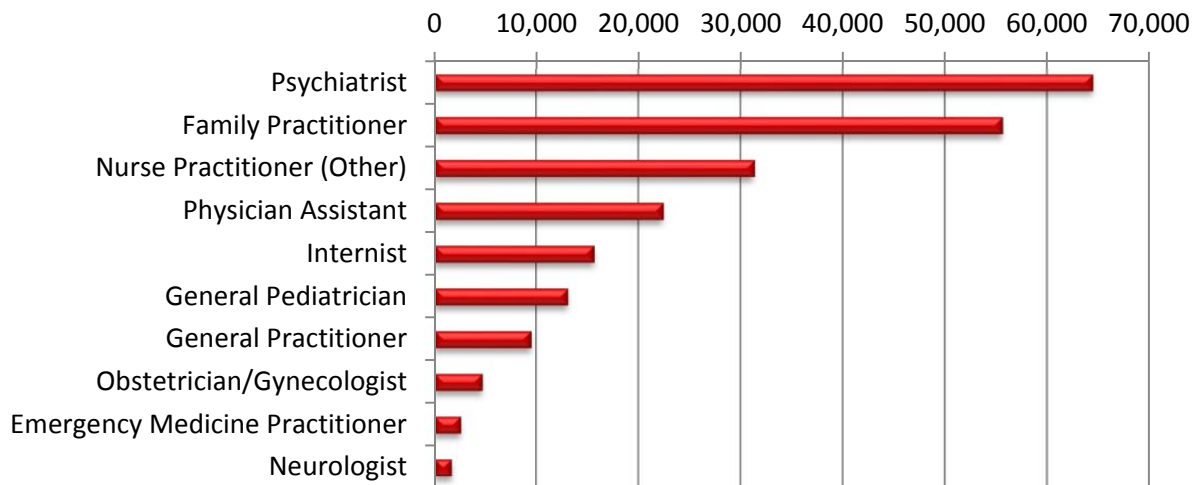
| Fiscal Year     | *Total Members | Total Claims  | Total Cost           | Cost/Claim     | Cost/Day       | Total Units    | Total Days     |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>2013</b>     | 67,994         | 364,188       | \$9,275,845.72       | \$25.47        | \$0.78         | 14,081,181     | 11,962,241     |
| <b>2014</b>     | 69,663         | 378,393       | \$8,927,947.01       | \$23.59        | \$0.72         | 14,544,725     | 12,411,558     |
| <b>% Change</b> | <b>2.50%</b>   | <b>3.90%</b>  | <b>-3.80%</b>        | <b>-7.40%</b>  | <b>-7.70%</b>  | <b>3.30%</b>   | <b>3.80%</b>   |
| <b>Change</b>   | <b>1,669</b>   | <b>14,205</b> | <b>-\$347,898.71</b> | <b>-\$1.88</b> | <b>-\$0.06</b> | <b>463,544</b> | <b>449,317</b> |

\*Total number of unduplicated members.

**Demographics of Members Utilizing Antidepressants**



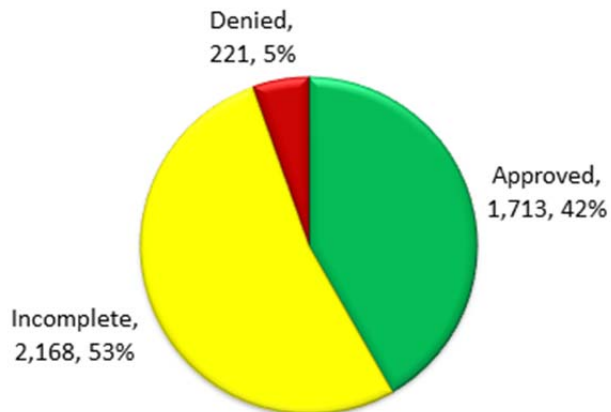
## Top Prescriber Specialties of Antidepressants by Number of Claims



## Prior Authorization of Antidepressants

There was a total of 4,102 petitions submitted for the antidepressant category during fiscal year 2014. Computer edits are in place to detect Tier-1 medications in member's recent claims history and generate automated prior authorizations where possible. The following chart shows the status of the submitted petitions.

### Status of Petitions



## Market News and Updates<sup>1,2,3</sup>

### Anticipated Patent Expirations:

- Emsam® (selegiline transdermal patches)- 6/2018
- Viibryd® (vilazodone tablets)- 6/2022
- Pexeva® (paroxetine mesylate tablets)- 2/2023
- Aplenzin® (bupropion hydrobromide ER tablets)- 6/2026
- Pristiq® (desvenlafaxine ER tablets)- 7/2027
- Oleptro® (trazodone ER tablets)- 3/2029

### **New FDA Approvals:**

- In July 2013, the FDA approved two new antidepressants, Khedezla® (desvenlafaxine ER tablets) and Fetzima® (levomilnacipran ER capsules), both of which are selective serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs).
- In September 2013, the FDA approved Brintellix® (vortioxetine tablets), which has a unique mechanism of action different from other currently available antidepressants.

### **Khedezla® (Desvenlafaxine Extended-Release Tablets) Summary<sup>4,5</sup>**

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- **Indications:** Khedezla® (desvenlafaxine) is indicated for the treatment of major depressive disorder. Khedezla® is approved for use in adult patients.
- **Dosing:**
  - Khedezla® is available as 50mg and 100mg oral, extended-release tablets.
  - The recommended dose for Khedezla® is 50mg once daily, with or without food.
  - The maximum recommended dose in patients with moderate renal impairment or moderate to severe hepatic impairment is 50mg per day. The maximum recommended dose in patients with severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease is 50mg every other day.
  - Khedezla® should be taken at approximately the same time each day, and tablets must be swallowed whole with fluid and not divided, crushed, chewed, or dissolved.
  - When discontinuing therapy, gradual dose reduction is recommended whenever possible to minimize discontinuation symptoms.
- **Mechanism of Action:** Khedezla® (desvenlafaxine) is a potent and selective serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI). Desvenlafaxine is the major active metabolite of the antidepressant venlafaxine.
- **Contraindications:**
  - The concurrent use of MAOIs with Khedezla®, use of an MAOI within seven days of stopping treatment of Khedezla®, or use of Khedezla® within fourteen days of stopping an MAOI
  - Starting Khedezla® in a patient who is being treated with an MAOI, including linezolid or intravenous methylene blue
  - Hypersensitivity to desvenlafaxine succinate, venlafaxine hydrochloride, or to any of the excipients contained in Khedezla®
- **Efficacy:**
  - The efficacy of Khedezla® as a treatment for depression was established in four 8-week, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, fixed-dose studies (at doses of 50mg to 400mg per day) in adult outpatients who met the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV) criteria for major depressive disorder.
  - Khedezla® showed superiority over placebo as measured by improvement in the 17-item Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D<sub>17</sub>) total score in four studies and overall improvement, as measured by the Clinical Global Impressions Scale – Improvement (CGI-I), in three of the four studies.

- In clinical studies, doses of 50mg to 400mg per day were shown to be effective, although no additional benefit was demonstrated at doses greater than 50mg per day and adverse reactions and discontinuations were more frequent at higher doses.
- **Safety:**
  - Khedezla® has a black box warning for an increased risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors.
  - Khedezla® has a risk of potentially life-threatening serotonin syndrome, when taken alone or concomitantly with other serotonergic drugs and with drugs that impair the metabolism of serotonin.
  - Cases of seizure have been reported in pre-marketing clinical studies with Khedezla®. Patients with a history of seizures were excluded from pre-marketing studies. Khedezla® should be prescribed with caution in patients with a seizure disorder.
  - The most common adverse reactions leading to discontinuation of Khedezla® were nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and headache. Other common adverse reactions include insomnia, hyperhidrosis, constipation, somnolence, decreased appetite, anxiety, and specific male sexual function disorders.

### **Fetzima® (Levomilnacipran Extended-Release Capsules) Summary<sup>6,7</sup>**

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- **Indications:** Fetzima® (levomilnacipran) is indicated for the treatment of major depressive disorder. Fetzima® is approved for use in adult patients.
- **Dosing:**
  - Fetzima® is available as 20mg, 40mg, 80mg, and 120mg oral, extended-release capsules.
  - The recommended dose range for Fetzima® is 40mg to 120mg once daily, with or without food.
  - Fetzima® should be initiated at 20mg once daily for two days then increased to 40mg once daily. Based on efficacy and tolerability, Fetzima® may then be increased in increments of 40mg at intervals of two or more days. The maximum recommended dose is 120mg once daily.
  - For patients with moderate renal impairment, the maintenance dose should not exceed 80mg once daily. For patients with severe renal impairment, the maintenance dose should not exceed 40mg once daily. Fetzima® is not recommended for patients with end stage renal disease.
  - Fetzima® should be taken at approximately the same time each day and should be swallowed whole. Do not open, chew, or crush the capsule.
  - When discontinuing therapy, gradual dose reduction is recommended whenever possible to minimize discontinuation symptoms.
- **Mechanism of Action:** Fetzima® (levomilnacipran) is a selective serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI). Levomilnacipran is the 1S,2R-enantiomer of Savella® (milnacipran), which is indicated for the treatment of fibromyalgia. Fetzima® is not indicated for the treatment of fibromyalgia.

- **Contraindications:**
  - The concurrent use of MAOIs with Fetzima<sup>®</sup>, use of an MAOI within seven days of stopping treatment of Fetzima<sup>®</sup>, or use of Fetzima<sup>®</sup> within fourteen days of stopping an MAOI
  - Starting Fetzima<sup>®</sup> in a patient who is being treated with an MAOI, including linezolid or intravenous methylene blue
  - Hypersensitivity to levomilnacipran, milnacipran hydrochloride, or to any of the excipients contained in Fetzima<sup>®</sup>
  
- **Efficacy:**
  - The efficacy of Fetzima<sup>®</sup> for the treatment of major depressive disorder was established in three 8-week randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled studies (at doses of 40mg to 120mg once daily) in adult outpatients who met the DMV-IV criteria for major depressive disorder.
  - In all three studies, Fetzima<sup>®</sup> demonstrated superiority over placebo in the improvement of depression symptoms as measured by the Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score. Fetzima<sup>®</sup> also demonstrated superiority over placebo as measured by improvement in the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) functional impairment total score.
  
- **Safety:**
  - Fetzima<sup>®</sup> has a black box warning for an increased risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors.
  - Fetzima<sup>®</sup> has a risk of potentially life-threatening serotonin syndrome, when taken alone or concomitantly with other serotonergic drugs and with drugs that impair the metabolism of serotonin.
  - The most common adverse reaction leading to discontinuation of Fetzima<sup>®</sup> was nausea. Other common adverse reactions include constipation, hyperhidrosis, increased heart rate, erectile dysfunction, tachycardia, vomiting, and palpitations.

### **Brintellix<sup>®</sup> (Vortioxetine Tablets) Summary<sup>8,9</sup>**

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- **Indications:** Brintellix<sup>®</sup> (vortioxetine) is indicated for the treatment of major depressive disorder. Brintellix<sup>®</sup> is approved for use in adult patients.
  
- **Dosing:**
  - Brintellix<sup>®</sup> is available as 5mg, 10mg, 15mg, and 20mg oral, immediate-release, film-coated tablets.
  - The recommended starting dose for Brintellix<sup>®</sup> is 10mg once daily, without regard to meals. Dosage should then be increased to 20mg per day, as tolerated.
  - No dose adjustment of Brintellix<sup>®</sup> on the basis of renal function is necessary. No dose adjustment of Brintellix<sup>®</sup> in patients with mild to moderate hepatic impairment is necessary; however, Brintellix<sup>®</sup> has not been studied and is therefore not recommended in patients with severe hepatic impairment.
  - When discontinuing therapy, gradual dose reduction is recommended whenever possible to minimize discontinuation symptoms.

- **Mechanism of Action:** The mechanism of action of Brintellix® is not fully understood, but is thought to be related to its enhancement of serotonergic activity in the CNS through inhibition of the reuptake of serotonin (5-HT).
- **Contraindications:**
  - The concurrent use of MAOIs with Brintellix®, use of an MAOI within 21 days of stopping treatment of Brintellix®, or use of Brintellix® within 14 days of stopping an MAOI
  - Starting Brintellix® in a patient who is being treated with an MAOI, including linezolid or intravenous methylene blue
  - Hypersensitivity to vortioxetine or to any of the excipients contained in Brintellix®
- **Efficacy:**
  - The efficacy of Brintellix® as a treatment for major depressive disorder in patients aged 18 years to 75 years was demonstrated in five 6 to 8 week, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, fixed-dose studies (at doses of 5mg to 20mg once daily) in adult inpatients and outpatients who met the DSM-IV criteria for major depressive disorder.
  - The efficacy of Brintellix® as a treatment for major depressive disorder in patients aged 64 years to 88 years was demonstrated in a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, fixed-dose study in elderly patients with major depressive disorder. Patients meeting the diagnostic criteria for recurrent major depressive disorder with at least one previous major depressive episode before the age of 60 years and without comorbid cognitive impairment received Brintellix® 5mg or placebo.
  - The primary efficacy measures were the Hamilton Depression Scale (HAMD-24) total score in one study and the Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score in all other studies. In each of these studies, at least one dose group of Brintellix® was superior to placebo in improvement of depressive symptoms as measured by mean change from baseline to endpoint visit on the primary efficacy measurement. Two studies of the 5mg dose failed to show effectiveness.
- **Safety:**
  - Brintellix® has a black box warning for an increased risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors, and for clinical worsening of depression.
  - Brintellix® has a risk of potentially life-threatening serotonin syndrome, when taken alone or concomitantly with other serotonergic drugs and with drugs that impair the metabolism of serotonin.
  - The most common adverse reaction leading to discontinuation of Brintellix® was nausea. Other common adverse reactions include constipation, vomiting, diarrhea, dry mouth, flatulence, dizziness, abnormal dreams, sexual dysfunction, and pruritus.

## Cost Comparison

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| MEDICATION NAME            | STRENGTH | COST/ UNIT                  | COST/ MONTH         | COST/ YEAR              |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Khedezla® (desvenlafaxine) | 50mg     | \$4.70-\$11.70 <sup>+</sup> | \$141.00 - \$351.00 | \$1,692.00 - \$4,212.00 |
| Fetzima® (levomilnacipran) | 120mg    | \$7.13 <sup>+</sup>         | \$213.90            | \$2,566.80              |
| Brintellix® (vortioxetine) | 20mg     | \$8.44 <sup>+</sup>         | \$253.20            | \$3,038.40              |
| sertraline                 | 100mg    | \$0.11*                     | \$3.30              | \$39.60                 |
| fluoxetine                 | 20mg     | \$0.08*                     | \$2.40              | \$28.80                 |
| bupropion XL               | 150mg    | \$1.15*                     | \$34.50             | \$414.00                |
| duloxetine                 | 60mg     | \$1.33*                     | \$39.90             | \$478.80                |

\*State Maximum Allowable Cost (SMAC)

+Estimated Acquisition Cost (EAC)

## Recommendations

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The College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes and additions to the Antidepressants Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) category:

1. Place Khedezla®, Fetzima®, and Brintellix® into Tier-3.
2. Move duloxetine to Tier-1 based on generic availability and State Maximum Allowable Cost (SMAC).
3. Change the approval criteria for Tier-2 medications to include a required trial of duloxetine as one of the Tier-1 trials.
4. Create a Special PA category to include special dosage forms that are similar to currently available, cost-effective Tier-1 products. This category would include the following:
  - a. fluoxetine 60mg tablets, Prozac Weekly®, Luvox CR®, Paxil CR®, Pexeva®, Aplenzin®, Forfivo XL®, Oleptro®, and venlafaxine ER tablets.
  - b. Medications in the special PA category require a member-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use other available generic Tier-1 medications.
5. Tier-2 will include supplemental rebated products. If no products rebate to Tier-2, then Tier-2 will include the lowest cost Tier-3 product(s).



| Antidepressants   |         |                                   |  |
|---|---------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Tier-1  | Tier-2* | Tier-3                            | Special PA                             |
| <b>Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs)</b>  |         |                                   |  |
| citalopram (Celexa®)                                    |         |                                   | <b>fluoxetine 60mg tablets</b>         |
| escitalopram (Lexapro®)                                 |         |                                   | <b>fluoxetine DR (Prozac® Weekly™)</b> |
| fluoxetine (Prozac®, Sarafem®)                          |         |                                   | <b>fluvoxamine CR (Luvox CR®)</b>      |
| fluvoxamine (Luvox®)                                    |         |                                   | <b>paroxetine CR (Paxil CR®)</b>       |
| paroxetine (Paxil®)                                     |         |                                   | <b>paroxetine (Pexeva®)</b>            |
| sertraline (Zoloft®)                                    |         |                                   |  |
| <b>Dual Acting Antidepressants</b>                      |         |                                   |  |
| bupropion (Wellbutrin®, Wellbutrin SR®, Wellbutrin XL®) |         | <b>desvenlafaxine (Khedezla®)</b> | <b>bupropion ER (Aplenzin®)</b>        |
| <b>duloxetine (Cymbalta®)</b>                           |         | desvenlafaxine (Pristiq®)         | <b>bupropion ER (Forfivo XL®)</b>      |
| mirtazapine (Remeron®, Remeron® SolTab™)                |         | <b>levomilnacipran (Fetzima®)</b> | <b>trazodone ER (Oleptro®)</b>         |
| trazodone (Desyrel®)                                    |         | nefazodone (Serzone®)             | <b>venlafaxine ER tablets</b>          |
| venlafaxine (Effexor®, Effexor XR® capsules)            |         | vilazodone (Viibryd®)             |  |
| <b>Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors (MAOIs)</b>             |         |                                   |  |
|   |         | phenelzine (Nardil®)              |  |
|   |         | selegiline (Emsam®)               |  |
|   |         | tranylcypromine (Parnate®)        |  |
| <b>Unique Mechanisms of Action</b>                      |         |                                   |  |
|   |         | <b>vortioxetine (Brintellix®)</b> |  |

\*Tier-2 will include supplemental rebated products. If no products rebate to Tier-2, Tier-2 will include the lowest cost Tier-3 product(s).

#### Antidepressants Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. A documented, recent (within six months) trial of two Tier-1 medications at least four weeks in duration and titrated to recommended dosing, that did not provide an adequate response. Tier-1 selection must include at least one medication from the SSRI category and one medication from the dual acting category (**must include one trial with duloxetine**); or
2. Prior stabilization on the Tier-2 medication documented within the last 100 days. A past history of success on the Tier-2 medication will also be considered with adequate documentation; or
3. A unique FDA-approved indication not covered by Tier-1 products or other products from a different therapeutic class; or
4. A petition may be submitted for consideration whenever a unique member-specific situation exists.

**Antidepressants Tier-3 Approval Criteria:**

1. A documented, recent (within six months) trial with two Tier-1 medications (one from each category, **must include one trial with duloxetine**) and a Tier-2 medication at least four weeks in duration and titrated to recommended dose, that did not provide an adequate response; or
2. Prior stabilization on the Tier-3 medication documented within the last 100 days. A past history of success on the Tier-3 medication will also be considered with adequate documentation; or
3. A unique FDA-approved indication not covered by a lowered tiered product or other products from a different therapeutic class; or
4. A petition may be submitted for consideration whenever a unique member-specific situation exists.

**Antidepressants Special PA Approval Criteria:**

1. Use of any Special PA product will require a member-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use other available generic Tier-1 products; or
2. A petition may be submitted for consideration whenever a unique member-specific situation exists.

## Utilization Details of Antidepressants

| PRODUCT UTILIZED             | TOTAL CLAIMS  | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST          | COST/DAY      | COST/CLAIM     | PERCENT COST |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| <b>SERTRALINE PRODUCTS</b>   |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| SERTRALINE TAB 100MG         | 30,780        | 7,125         | \$284,773.10        | \$0.28        | \$9.25         | 3.19%        |
| SERTRALINE TAB 50MG          | 26,796        | 9,504         | \$216,176.31        | \$0.25        | \$8.07         | 2.42%        |
| SERTRALINE TAB 25MG          | 10,730        | 3,912         | \$82,830.40         | \$0.25        | \$7.72         | 0.93%        |
| SERTRALINE CON               | 379           | 111           | \$25,809.89         | \$2.19        | \$68.10        | 0.29%        |
| ZOLOFT TAB 100MG             | 51            | 19            | \$5,425.33          | \$3.17        | \$106.38       | 0.06%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>              | <b>68,736</b> | <b>20,671</b> | <b>\$615,015.03</b> | <b>\$0.28</b> | <b>\$8.95</b>  | <b>6.89%</b> |
| <b>FLUOXETINE PRODUCTS</b>   |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| FLUOXETINE CAP 20MG          | 30,253        | 9,611         | \$219,732.84        | \$0.22        | \$7.26         | 2.46%        |
| FLUOXETINE CAP 40MG          | 13,145        | 3,600         | \$160,658.37        | \$0.35        | \$12.22        | 1.80%        |
| FLUOXETINE CAP 10MG          | 10,353        | 3,648         | \$67,600.50         | \$0.21        | \$6.53         | 0.76%        |
| FLUOXETINE TAB 10MG          | 2,966         | 1,062         | \$17,218.23         | \$0.19        | \$5.81         | 0.19%        |
| FLUOXETINE SOL               | 1,030         | 247           | \$8,449.04          | \$0.28        | \$8.20         | 0.09%        |
| FLUOXETINE TAB 20MG          | 1,007         | 474           | \$21,533.03         | \$0.68        | \$21.38        | 0.24%        |
| PROZAC CAP 20MG              | 21            | 2             | \$11,327.33         | \$18.12       | \$539.40       | 0.13%        |
| PROZAC CAP 40MG              | 12            | 1             | \$5,537.58          | \$15.38       | \$461.47       | 0.06%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>              | <b>58,787</b> | <b>18,645</b> | <b>\$512,056.92</b> | <b>\$0.27</b> | <b>\$8.71</b>  | <b>5.73%</b> |
| <b>CITALOPRAM PRODUCTS</b>   |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| CITALOPRAM TAB 20MG          | 28,883        | 10,003        | \$185,365.62        | \$0.19        | \$6.42         | 2.08%        |
| CITALOPRAM TAB 40MG          | 18,887        | 5,036         | \$129,513.87        | \$0.19        | \$6.86         | 1.45%        |
| CITALOPRAM TAB 10MG          | 9,164         | 3,082         | \$56,045.31         | \$0.19        | \$6.12         | 0.63%        |
| CITALOPRAM SOL               | 241           | 60            | \$8,101.59          | \$1.18        | \$33.62        | 0.09%        |
| CELEXA TAB 20MG              | 72            | 27            | \$502.92            | \$0.23        | \$6.99         | 0.01%        |
| CELEXA TAB 40MG              | 12            | 1             | \$1,963.71          | \$5.45        | \$163.64       | 0.02%        |
| CELEXA TAB 10MG              | 3             | 1             | \$435.03            | \$4.83        | \$145.01       | 0.00%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>              | <b>57,262</b> | <b>18,210</b> | <b>\$381,928.05</b> | <b>\$0.19</b> | <b>\$6.67</b>  | <b>4.28%</b> |
| <b>TRAZODONE PRODUCTS</b>    |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| TRAZODONE TAB 50MG           | 27,101        | 8,421         | \$173,115.33        | \$0.21        | \$6.39         | 1.94%        |
| TRAZODONE TAB 100MG          | 21,468        | 5,971         | \$176,313.68        | \$0.26        | \$8.21         | 1.97%        |
| TRAZODONE TAB 150MG          | 13,299        | 3,538         | \$135,348.44        | \$0.31        | \$10.18        | 1.52%        |
| TRAZODONE TAB 300MG          | 709           | 181           | \$85,954.70         | \$3.43        | \$121.23       | 0.96%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>              | <b>62,577</b> | <b>18,111</b> | <b>\$570,732.15</b> | <b>\$0.29</b> | <b>\$9.12</b>  | <b>6.39%</b> |
| <b>ESCITALOPRAM PRODUCTS</b> |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| ESCITALOPRAM TAB 20MG        | 11,990        | 2,986         | \$132,302.64        | \$0.33        | \$11.03        | 1.48%        |
| ESCITALOPRAM TAB 10MG        | 10,889        | 3,852         | \$107,982.18        | \$0.30        | \$9.92         | 1.21%        |
| ESCITALOPRAM TAB 5MG         | 620           | 254           | \$6,167.32          | \$0.31        | \$9.95         | 0.07%        |
| ESCITALOPRAM SOL             | 97            | 23            | \$19,122.47         | \$6.85        | \$197.14       | 0.21%        |
| LEXAPRO TAB 20MG             | 52            | 9             | \$11,484.69         | \$6.77        | \$220.86       | 0.13%        |
| LEXAPRO TAB 10MG             | 26            | 7             | \$3,853.54          | \$4.94        | \$148.21       | 0.04%        |
| LEXAPRO TAB 5MG              | 5             | 3             | \$352.67            | \$2.35        | \$70.53        | 0.00%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>              | <b>23,679</b> | <b>7,134</b>  | <b>\$281,265.51</b> | <b>\$0.36</b> | <b>\$11.88</b> | <b>3.15%</b> |
| <b>MIRTAZAPINE PRODUCTS</b>  |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 15MG         | 9,175         | 2,798         | \$94,443.77         | \$0.33        | \$10.29        | 1.06%        |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED            | TOTAL CLAIMS  | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST          | COST/DAY      | COST/CLAIM     | PERCENT COST |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 30MG        | 6,926         | 2,063         | \$79,394.18         | \$0.36        | \$11.46        | 0.89%        |
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 45MG        | 2,583         | 616           | \$38,186.71         | \$0.44        | \$14.78        | 0.43%        |
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 7.5MG       | 256           | 92            | \$4,245.94          | \$0.58        | \$16.59        | 0.05%        |
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 15MG        | 225           | 85            | \$7,746.25          | \$1.13        | \$34.43        | 0.09%        |
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 30MG        | 184           | 55            | \$6,180.48          | \$1.03        | \$33.59        | 0.07%        |
| MIRTAZAPINE TAB 45MG        | 48            | 16            | \$1,715.93          | \$1.14        | \$35.75        | 0.02%        |
| REMERON SLTB TAB 30MG       | 1             | 1             | \$36.29             | \$1.21        | \$36.29        | 0.00%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>             | <b>19,398</b> | <b>5,726</b>  | <b>\$231,949.55</b> | <b>\$0.38</b> | <b>\$11.96</b> | <b>2.60%</b> |
| <b>VENLAFAXINE PRODUCTS</b> |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| VENLAFAXINE CAP 150MG       | 8,475         | 2,140         | \$109,432.12        | \$0.38        | \$12.91        | 1.23%        |
| VENLAFAXINE CAP 75MG        | 6,222         | 2,475         | \$76,339.97         | \$0.37        | \$12.27        | 0.85%        |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 75MG        | 3,134         | 962           | \$70,893.06         | \$0.72        | \$22.62        | 0.79%        |
| VENLAFAXINE CAP 37.5 ER     | 1,739         | 1,017         | \$20,565.41         | \$0.38        | \$11.83        | 0.23%        |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 37.5MG      | 1,105         | 524           | \$24,007.71         | \$0.70        | \$21.73        | 0.27%        |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 100MG       | 606           | 139           | \$17,831.34         | \$0.96        | \$29.42        | 0.20%        |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 50MG        | 289           | 91            | \$7,293.90          | \$0.82        | \$25.24        | 0.08%        |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 25MG        | 156           | 56            | \$4,163.35          | \$0.81        | \$26.69        | 0.05%        |
| EFFEXOR XR CAP 75MG         | 37            | 5             | \$14,036.27         | \$10.88       | \$379.36       | 0.16%        |
| EFFEXOR XR CAP 150MG        | 19            | 6             | \$9,943.88          | \$8.50        | \$523.36       | 0.11%        |
| EFFEXOR XR CAP 37.5MG       | 12            | 8             | \$131.31            | \$0.41        | \$10.94        | 0.00%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>             | <b>21,794</b> | <b>7,423</b>  | <b>\$354,638.32</b> | <b>\$0.49</b> | <b>\$16.27</b> | <b>3.97%</b> |
| <b>BUPROPION PRODUCTS</b>   |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| BUPROPION TAB 150MG         | 8,078         | 2,666         | \$156,955.13        | \$0.62        | \$19.43        | 1.76%        |
| BUPROPN HCL TAB 150MG       | 6,099         | 2,245         | \$134,876.81        | \$0.66        | \$22.11        | 1.51%        |
| BUPROPN HCL TAB 300MG       | 5,803         | 1,422         | \$149,066.80        | \$0.73        | \$25.69        | 1.67%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 100MG         | 1,730         | 663           | \$74,752.56         | \$1.37        | \$43.21        | 0.84%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 100MG         | 1,705         | 634           | \$30,857.49         | \$0.59        | \$18.10        | 0.35%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 75MG          | 1,661         | 685           | \$50,869.00         | \$1.03        | \$30.63        | 0.57%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 200MG         | 1,139         | 295           | \$31,442.65         | \$0.88        | \$27.61        | 0.35%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 100MG         | 77            | 34            | \$1,357.14          | \$0.58        | \$17.63        | 0.02%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 150MG         | 74            | 44            | \$1,391.06          | \$0.58        | \$18.80        | 0.02%        |
| BUDEPRION TAB 150MG         | 56            | 16            | \$1,401.63          | \$0.60        | \$25.03        | 0.02%        |
| WELLBUTRIN TAB XL           | 23            | 4             | \$13,768.11         | \$20.25       | \$598.61       | 0.15%        |
| BUDEPRION TAB 100MG         | 15            | 7             | \$315.92            | \$0.61        | \$21.06        | 0.00%        |
| WELLBUTRIN TAB XL           | 10            | 1             | \$4,463.49          | \$14.88       | \$446.35       | 0.05%        |
| BUPROPION TAB 200MG         | 9             | 7             | \$251.65            | \$0.93        | \$27.96        | 0.00%        |
| WELLBUTRIN TAB 150MG        | 3             | 2             | \$277.63            | \$3.08        | \$92.54        | 0.00%        |
| BUDEPRION XL TAB            | 2             | 2             | \$48.16             | \$0.80        | \$24.08        | 0.00%        |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>             | <b>26,484</b> | <b>8,727</b>  | <b>\$652,095.23</b> | <b>\$0.76</b> | <b>\$24.62</b> | <b>7.30%</b> |
| <b>PAROXETINE PRODUCTS</b>  |               |               |                     |               |                |              |
| PAROXETINE TAB 20MG         | 6,985         | 2,683         | \$59,450.97         | \$0.24        | \$8.51         | 0.67%        |
| PAROXETINE TAB 40MG         | 5,028         | 1,269         | \$61,180.58         | \$0.34        | \$12.17        | 0.69%        |
| PAROXETINE TAB 10MG         | 2,357         | 1,008         | \$19,729.68         | \$0.25        | \$8.37         | 0.22%        |
| PAROXETINE TAB 30MG         | 1,758         | 473           | \$19,892.55         | \$0.33        | \$11.32        | 0.22%        |
| PAROXETINE TAB 25MG         | 520           | 138           | \$47,342.76         | \$2.66        | \$91.04        | 0.53%        |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED               | TOTAL CLAIMS   | TOTAL MEMBERS  | TOTAL COST            | COST/DAY       | COST/CLAIM      | PERCENT COST  |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| PAROXETIN ER TAB               | 267            | 56             | \$26,366.33           | \$2.89         | \$98.75         | 0.30%         |
| PAROXETIN ER TAB               | 180            | 76             | \$17,862.79           | \$2.82         | \$99.24         | 0.20%         |
| PAXIL SUS 10MG/5ML             | 50             | 14             | \$8,815.68            | \$6.01         | \$176.31        | 0.10%         |
| PAXIL CR TAB 37.5MG            | 7              | 1              | \$1,059.02            | \$5.04         | \$151.29        | 0.01%         |
| PAXIL TAB 40MG                 | 5              | 1              | \$2,364.82            | \$5.26         | \$472.96        | 0.03%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>17,157</b>  | <b>5,719</b>   | <b>\$264,065.18</b>   | <b>\$0.44</b>  | <b>\$15.39</b>  | <b>2.96%</b>  |
| <b>FLUVOXAMINE PRODUCTS</b>    |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| FLUVOXAMINE TAB                | 1,384          | 229            | \$31,568.70           | \$0.74         | \$22.81         | 0.35%         |
| FLUVOXAMINE TAB 50MG           | 936            | 239            | \$17,102.42           | \$0.60         | \$18.27         | 0.19%         |
| FLUVOXAMINE TAB 25MG           | 336            | 88             | \$5,029.03            | \$0.49         | \$14.97         | 0.06%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>2,656</b>   | <b>556</b>     | <b>\$53,700.15</b>    | <b>\$0.66</b>  | <b>\$20.22</b>  | <b>0.60%</b>  |
| <b>TIER-1 SUBTOTAL</b>         | <b>358,491</b> | <b>68,288*</b> | <b>\$3,917,446.09</b> | <b>\$0.33</b>  | <b>\$10.93</b>  | <b>43.87%</b> |
| <b>DULOXETINE PRODUCTS</b>     |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| CYMBALTA CAP 60MG              | 6,571          | 1,959          | \$1,896,273.91        | \$8.48         | \$288.58        | 21.24%        |
| DULOXETINE CAP 60MG            | 5,966          | 1,835          | \$1,345,240.35        | \$6.51         | \$225.48        | 15.07%        |
| CYMBALTA CAP 30MG              | 2,006          | 744            | \$633,898.09          | \$9.74         | \$316.00        | 7.10%         |
| DULOXETINE CAP 30MG            | 1,894          | 750            | \$446,180.86          | \$7.28         | \$235.58        | 5.00%         |
| CYMBALTA CAP 20MG              | 247            | 91             | \$71,087.64           | \$9.17         | \$287.80        | 0.80%         |
| DULOXETINE CAP 20MG            | 198            | 77             | \$43,091.93           | \$6.95         | \$217.64        | 0.48%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>16,882</b>  | <b>5,456</b>   | <b>\$4,435,772.78</b> | <b>\$7.78</b>  | <b>\$262.75</b> | <b>49.68%</b> |
| <b>VENLAFAXINE PRODUCTS</b>    |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 225MG          | 615            | 164            | \$106,541.12          | \$4.76         | \$173.24        | 1.19%         |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 150MG          | 302            | 92             | \$27,709.21           | \$2.93         | \$91.75         | 0.31%         |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 75MG           | 182            | 60             | \$13,520.00           | \$2.37         | \$74.29         | 0.15%         |
| VENLAFAXINE TAB 37.5 ER        | 57             | 21             | \$5,695.88            | \$3.08         | \$99.93         | 0.06%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>1,156</b>   | <b>337</b>     | <b>\$153,466.21</b>   | <b>\$3.89</b>  | <b>\$132.76</b> | <b>1.72%</b>  |
| <b>FLUVOXAMINE PRODUCTS</b>    |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| FLUVOXAMINE CAP                | 85             | 18             | \$31,013.80           | \$12.26        | \$364.87        | 0.35%         |
| FLUVOXAMINE CAP                | 79             | 23             | \$28,629.89           | \$10.98        | \$362.40        | 0.32%         |
| FLUOXETINE CAP 90MG            | 58             | 6              | \$7,591.18            | \$4.67         | \$130.88        | 0.09%         |
| LUVOX CR CAP 150MG             | 35             | 12             | \$23,439.19           | \$22.45        | \$669.69        | 0.26%         |
| LUVOX CR CAP 100MG             | 17             | 7              | \$9,273.61            | \$16.27        | \$545.51        | 0.10%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>274</b>     | <b>66</b>      | <b>\$99,947.67</b>    | <b>\$11.93</b> | <b>\$364.77</b> | <b>1.12%</b>  |
| <b>PAROXETINE PRODUCTS</b>     |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| PEXEVA TAB 20MG                | 5              | 2              | \$1,663.82            | \$8.00         | \$332.76        | 0.02%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>5</b>       | <b>2</b>       | <b>\$1,663.82</b>     | <b>\$8.00</b>  | <b>\$332.76</b> | <b>0.02%</b>  |
| <b>TIER-2 SUBTOTAL</b>         | <b>18,317</b>  | <b>3,471*</b>  | <b>\$4,690,850.48</b> | <b>\$7.59</b>  | <b>\$256.09</b> | <b>52.53%</b> |
| <b>DESVENLAFAXINE PRODUCTS</b> |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| PRISTIQ TAB 50MG               | 470            | 114            | \$111,498.98          | \$6.45         | \$237.23        | 1.25%         |
| PRISTIQ TAB 100MG              | 462            | 91             | \$105,904.30          | \$6.61         | \$229.23        | 1.19%         |
| DESVENLAFAX TAB 50MG           | 9              | 1              | \$1,124.79            | \$5.07         | \$124.98        | 0.01%         |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                | <b>941</b>     | <b>206</b>     | <b>\$218,528.07</b>   | <b>\$6.52</b>  | <b>\$232.23</b> | <b>2.45%</b>  |
| <b>VILAZODONE PRODUCTS</b>     |                |                |                       |                |                 |               |
| VIIBRYD TAB 40MG               | 436            | 104            | \$69,160.32           | \$5.33         | \$158.62        | 0.77%         |
| VIIBRYD TAB 20MG               | 56             | 12             | \$9,543.46            | \$5.49         | \$170.42        | 0.11%         |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED                | TOTAL CLAIMS   | TOTAL MEMBERS  | TOTAL COST            | COST/DAY       | COST/CLAIM      | PERCENT COST   |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| VIIBRYD TAB 10MG                | 18             | 6              | \$6,125.36            | \$11.34        | \$340.30        | 0.07%          |
| VIIBRYD KIT                     | 8              | 8              | \$1,268.72            | \$5.29         | \$158.59        | 0.01%          |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                 | <b>518</b>     | <b>130</b>     | <b>\$86,097.86</b>    | <b>\$5.56</b>  | <b>\$166.21</b> | <b>0.96%</b>   |
| <b>LEVOMILNACIPRAN PRODUCTS</b> |                |                |                       |                |                 |                |
| FETZIMA CAP 40MG                | 27             | 16             | \$5,620.56            | \$6.94         | \$208.17        | 0.06%          |
| FETZIMA CAP 80MG                | 16             | 7              | \$3,262.10            | \$6.80         | \$203.88        | 0.04%          |
| FETZIMA CAP 20MG                | 1              | 1              | \$214.36              | \$7.15         | \$214.36        | 0.00%          |
| FETZIMA CAP 120MG               | 1              | 1              | \$214.36              | \$7.15         | \$214.36        | 0.00%          |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                 | <b>45</b>      | <b>25</b>      | <b>\$9,311.38</b>     | <b>\$6.90</b>  | <b>\$206.92</b> | <b>0.10%</b>   |
| <b>FLUOXETINE PRODUCTS</b>      |                |                |                       |                |                 |                |
| FLUOXETINE TAB 60MG             | 22             | 5              | \$1,998.46            | \$3.03         | \$90.84         | 0.02%          |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                 | <b>22</b>      | <b>5</b>       | <b>\$1,998.46</b>     | <b>\$3.03</b>  | <b>\$90.84</b>  | <b>0.02%</b>   |
| <b>NEFAZODONE PRODUCTS</b>      |                |                |                       |                |                 |                |
| NEFAZODONE TAB 250MG            | 18             | 2              | \$587.99              | \$0.85         | \$32.67         | 0.01%          |
| NEFAZODONE TAB 100MG            | 16             | 3              | \$477.19              | \$0.99         | \$29.82         | 0.01%          |
| NEFAZODONE TAB 200MG            | 14             | 3              | \$613.56              | \$0.91         | \$43.83         | 0.01%          |
| NEFAZODONE TAB 50MG             | 8              | 1              | \$235.56              | \$0.98         | \$29.45         | 0.00%          |
| NEFAZODONE TAB 150MG            | 1              | 1              | \$20.29               | \$0.68         | \$20.29         | 0.00%          |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                 | <b>57</b>      | <b>10</b>      | <b>\$1,934.59</b>     | <b>\$0.92</b>  | <b>\$33.94</b>  | <b>0.02%</b>   |
| <b>VORTIOXETINE PRODUCTS</b>    |                |                |                       |                |                 |                |
| BRINTELLIX TAB 10MG             | 5              | 4              | \$1,154.15            | \$7.69         | \$230.83        | 0.02%          |
| BRINTELLIX TAB 20MG             | 2              | 2              | \$461.66              | \$7.69         | \$230.83        | 0.00%          |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                 | <b>7</b>       | <b>6</b>       | <b>\$1,615.81</b>     | <b>\$7.69</b>  | <b>\$230.83</b> | <b>0.02%</b>   |
| <b>SELEGILINE PRODUCTS</b>      |                |                |                       |                |                 |                |
| EMSAM DIS 12MG/24H              | 2              | 1              | \$1,780.08            | \$29.67        | \$890.04        | 0.02%          |
| <b>SUBTOTAL</b>                 | <b>2</b>       | <b>1</b>       | <b>\$1,780.08</b>     | <b>\$29.67</b> | <b>\$890.04</b> | <b>0.02%</b>   |
| <b>TIER-3 SUBTOTAL</b>          | <b>1,592</b>   | <b>332*</b>    | <b>\$321,266.25</b>   | <b>\$6.02</b>  | <b>\$201.80</b> | <b>3.60%</b>   |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                    | <b>378,400</b> | <b>69,663*</b> | <b>\$8,929,562.82</b> | <b>\$0.72</b>  | <b>\$23.60</b>  | <b>100.00%</b> |

\*Total number of unduplicated members.

<sup>1</sup> FDA: Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/default.cfm>. Last revised 9/22/14. Last accessed 9/23/14.

<sup>2</sup> Drugs@FDA: FDA Approved Drug Products. Available online at: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/drugsatfda/index.cfm?fuseaction=Search.DrugDetails>. Last revised 9/22/14. Last accessed 9/23/14.

<sup>3</sup> Micromedex 2.0: Drug Information. Available online at: <http://www.micromedexsolutions.com/micromedex2/librarian/PFDefaultActionId/evidenceexpert.DoIntegratedSearch>. Last revised 9/8/14. Last accessed 9/25/14.

<sup>4</sup> Khedezla® Package Insert, Medlibrary.org. Available online at: <http://medlibrary.org/lib/rx/meds/khedezla-extended-release-1/>. Last revised 9/17/13. Last accessed 9/25/14.

<sup>5</sup> Khedezla® Prescribing Information, Drugs@FDA. Available online at: [http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\\_docs/label/2013/204683s000lbl.pdf](http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2013/204683s000lbl.pdf). Last revised 7/2013. Last accessed 9/25/14.

<sup>6</sup> Fetzima® Package Insert, Medlibrary.org. Available online at: <http://medlibrary.org/lib/rx/meds/fetzima/>. Last revised 7/21/14. Last accessed 9/26/14.

<sup>7</sup> Fetzima® Prescribing Information, Forest Laboratories, Inc. Available online at: [http://www.frx.com/pi/fetzima\\_pi.pdf](http://www.frx.com/pi/fetzima_pi.pdf). Last revised 7/2014. Last accessed 9/26/14.

<sup>8</sup> Brintellix® Package Insert, Medlibrary.org. Available online at: <http://medlibrary.org/lib/rx/meds/brintellix-1/>. Last revised 7/28/14. Last accessed 9/26/14.

<sup>9</sup> Brintellix® Prescribing Information, Drugs@FDA. Available online at: [http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\\_docs/label/2013/204447s000lbl.pdf](http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2013/204447s000lbl.pdf). Last revised 9/2013. Last accessed 9/26/14.



# Appendix G





# Fiscal Year 2014 Annual Review of Biologic Products for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis, Plaque Psoriasis, and Ankylosing Spondylitis and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Otezla® (Apremilast) and Entyvio™ (Vedolizumab)

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

## Current Prior Authorization Criteria

| Biologic Products                               |                              |                        |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Tier-1<br>(DMARDs appropriate to disease state) | Tier-2*                      | Tier-3+                |
| Methotrexate                                    | Adalimumab (Humira®)         | Abatacept (Orencia®)   |
| Hydroxychloroquine                              | Certolizumab pegol (Cimzia®) | Alefacept (Amevive®)   |
| Sulfasalazine                                   | Etanercept (Enbrel®)         | Anakinra (Kineret®)    |
| Minocycline                                     |                              | Golimumab (Simponi®)   |
| Oral Corticosteroids                            |                              | Infliximab (Remicade®) |
| Leflunomide                                     |                              | Rituximab (Rituxan®)   |
| Mesalamine                                      |                              | Tocilizumab (Actemra®) |
| 6-Mercaptopurine                                |                              | Tofacitinib (Xeljanz®) |
| Azathioprine                                    |                              | Ustekinumab (Stelara®) |
| NSAIDs  |                              |                        |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation.

DMARDs= Disease modifying antirheumatic drugs

\*Supplemental rebated products

+ May be rebated to Tier-2 status only

Current tier trial requirements can be found in the recommendations section at the end of this report.

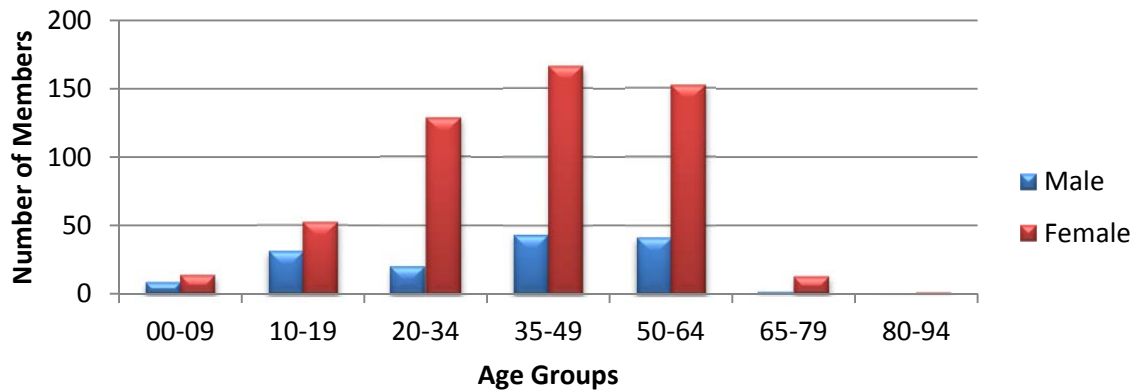
## Utilization of Biologic Products

### Comparison of Fiscal Years

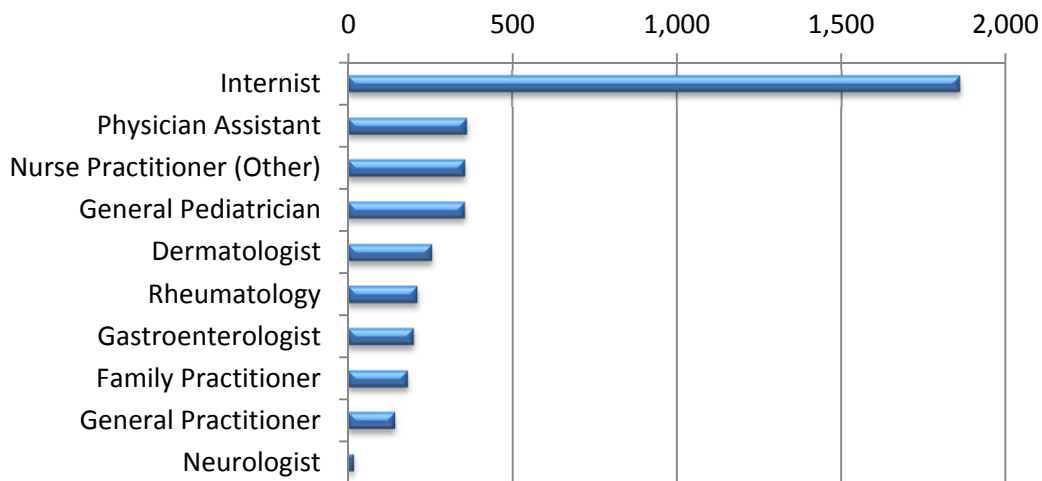
| Fiscal Year | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost      | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| 2013        | 595            | 3,448        | \$9,473,643.76  | \$2,747.58 | \$93.23  | 23,438      | 101,616    |
| 2014        | 685            | 4,001        | \$12,901,295.07 | \$3,224.52 | \$107.93 | 26,679      | 119,536    |
| % Change    | 15.13%         | 16.04%       | 36.18%          | 17.36%     | 15.77%   | 13.83%      | 17.64%     |
| Change      | 90             | 553          | \$3,427,651.31  | \$476.94   | \$14.70  | 3,241       | 17,920     |

\*Total number of unduplicated members.

### Demographics of Members Utilizing Biologic Products



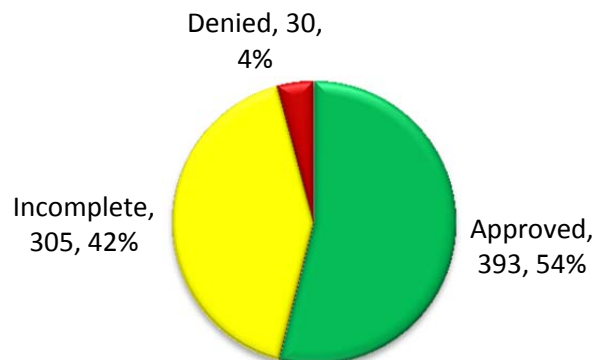
### Top Prescriber Specialties of Biologic Products by Number of Claims



### Prior Authorization of Biologic Products

There was a total of 728 petitions submitted for a total of 407 unique members for biologic products during fiscal year 2014. Computer edits are in place to detect Tier-1 medications in the member’s recent claims history and generate automated prior authorizations where possible. The following chart shows the status of the submitted petitions.

#### Status of Petitions



## Market News and Updates<sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7</sup>

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### Anticipated Patent Expirations:

- Rituxan® (rituximab)-09/2016
- Humira® (adalimumab)- 12/2016
- Remicade® (infliximab)-09/2018
- Enbrel® (etanercept)- 12/2028

### New Medications/Indications:

- **09/2013:** The FDA granted a new indication for Cimzia® (certolizumab) for the treatment of adult patients with active psoriatic arthritis (PsA). PsA is a form of arthritis that affects some people with psoriasis (Ps). Most people develop Ps first and are later diagnosed with PsA. Joint pain, stiffness and swelling are the main signs and symptoms of PsA. Currently approved treatments for PsA include corticosteroids, tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blockers, and an interleukin-12/interleukin-23 inhibitor. In addition to its approval for PsA, Cimzia® is approved for reducing the signs and symptoms of Crohn's disease, treatment of adult patients with rheumatoid arthritis (RA), and ankylosing spondylitis.
- **09/2013:** The FDA granted a new indication for Stelara® (ustekinumab) for the treatment of moderate-to-severe PsA in adult patients. In addition to its approval for PsA, Stelara® is approved for the treatment of adult patients with moderate-to-severe plaque Ps.
- **03/2014:** The FDA approved Otezla® (apremilast) to treat adults with active PsA.
- **05/2014:** The FDA approved Entyvio™ (vedolizumab) injection to treat adult patients with moderate-to-severe ulcerative colitis (UC) and adult patients with moderate-to-severe Crohn's disease (CD). Entyvio™ is approved to treat those conditions when one or more standard therapies (corticosteroids, immunomodulators, or tumor necrosis factor blocker medications) have not resulted in an adequate response.
- **07/2014:** Janssen Biotech, Inc. announced the FDA approval of Simponi® Aria™ (golimumab) for infusion for the treatment of adults with moderately-to-severely active RA in combination with methotrexate. Simponi® Aria™ is the only fully-human anti-tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-alpha infusible therapy and was previously approved as a subcutaneous injection in patients with moderate-to-severe RA.
- **09/2014:** The FDA granted a new indication for Otezla® (apremilast) for the treatment of patients with moderate-to-severe Ps who are candidates for phototherapy or systemic therapy. Otezla® is the first and only selective inhibitor of phosphodiesterase-4 (PDE-4) approved to treat plaque Ps.

### Otezla® (Apremilast)<sup>8</sup> Summary

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**FDA Approved:** March 2014

**Indications:** Otezla® (apremilast) is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with active PsA and patients with moderate-to-severe Ps who are who are candidates for phototherapy or systemic therapy.

**Dosing:**

- Otezla® is available as 10mg, 20mg, and 30mg oral tablets.
- The recommended starting dose of Otezla® is 10mg orally once daily. The dose should be titrated over five days to reduce gastrointestinal symptoms associated with initial therapy. Following the five day titration, the recommended maintenance dosage is 30mg by mouth twice daily.
- Otezla® can be administered without regard to meals.
- Otezla® tablets should not be crushed, split, or chewed.

**Mechanism of Action:** Otezla® is a small-molecule inhibitor of phosphodiesterase-4 (PDE-4) specific for cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP). PDE-4 inhibition results in increased intracellular cAMP levels. The specific mechanism by which Otezla® exerts its therapeutic action in PsA and Ps patients is not well defined.

**Efficacy:** The safety and efficacy of Otezla® for the treatment of PsA was evaluated in three multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trials of similar design. A total of 1,493 adult patients with active PsA (≥3 swollen joints and ≥3 tender joints) despite prior or current treatment with DMARD therapy were randomized. Previous treatment with a biologic was allowed. Patients were randomly assigned to placebo, Otezla® 20mg, or Otezla® 30mg given orally twice daily. Patients were allowed to receive stable doses of concomitant methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, low dose oral corticosteroids, and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) during the trial. The primary endpoint was the percentage of patients achieving American College of Rheumatology (ACR) 20 response at Week 16. Patients whose tender and swollen joint counts had not improved by at least 20% were considered non-responders at Week 16. The percent of patients achieving ACR 20, 50, and 70 responses in Studies 1, 2, and 3 are presented in the table below. Otezla®, compared with Placebo resulted in a greater improvement in signs and symptoms of PsA as demonstrated by the proportion of patients with an ACR 20 response at Week 16.

|        | Study 1 |         | Study 2 |         | Study 3 |         |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
|        | Placebo | Otezla® | Placebo | Otezla® | Placebo | Otezla® |
| ACR 20 | 19%     | 38%     | 19%     | 32%     | 18%     | 41%     |
| ACR 50 | 6%      | 16%     | 5%      | 11%     | 8%      | 15%     |
| ACR 70 | 1%      | 4%      | 1%      | 1%      | 2%      | 4%      |

**Utilization/Cost:**

- Otezla® has not been utilized in the SoonerCare population since its approval in March 2014.

| Medication                     | EAC Per mL or Tablet | EAC Per Day or Week | EAC for 28 Days of Therapy |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Otezla® Oral Tablet 30mg       | \$33.00              | \$66.00             | \$1,848.00                 |
| Methotrexate Oral Tablet 2.5mg | \$2.13 <sup>+</sup>  | \$25.56*            | \$102.24                   |
| Humira® SQ Pen 40mg            | \$1,425.77           | \$1,425.77          | \$5,703.08                 |

EAC= estimated acquisition cost

<sup>+</sup> State maximum allowable cost (SMAC) pricing

\*Dosing based on weekly total.

Dosing based on recommended target dose of methotrexate 30mg per week.

## Entyvio™ (Vedolizumab)<sup>9</sup> Summary

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**FDA Approved:** May 2014

**Indications:** Entyvio™ (vedolizumab) is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with moderately-to-severely active UC or CD who have had an inadequate response with, lost response to, or were intolerant to a TNF blocker or immunomodulator; or had an inadequate response with, were intolerant to, or demonstrated dependence on corticosteroids.

### Dosing:

- Entyvio™ is available for injection in a single-use 20mL vial containing 300mg of lyophilized Entyvio™ powder. Unopened vials should be refrigerated at 2° to 8°C (36° to 46°F) and retained in the original package to protect from light.
- The recommended dosage of Entyvio™ for both UC and CD is 300mg infused intravenously (IV) over approximately 30 minutes at initiation, two and six weeks, then eight weeks thereafter.
- Entyvio™ should be reconstituted with sterile water for injection and must be diluted in 250mL of sterile 0.9% sodium chloride prior to administration. Administer infusion solution within four hours of reconstitution and dilution.
- Entyvio™ should be administered by a healthcare professional prepared to manage hypersensitivity reactions including anaphylaxis, if they occur. Appropriate monitoring and medical support measures should be available for immediate use. Patients should be observed during infusion and until the infusion is complete.
- Entyvio™ should be discontinued in patients who do not show evidence of therapeutic benefit by week 14.
- Bring patients up-to-date with all immunizations before initiating treatment with Entyvio™.

**Mechanism of Action:** Entyvio™ is a humanized monoclonal antibody that binds to the  $\alpha 4\beta 7$  integrin and blocks the interaction of  $\alpha 4\beta 7$  integrin with mucosal addressin cell adhesion molecule-1 (MAdCAM-1) and inhibits the migration of memory T-lymphocytes across the endothelium into inflamed gastrointestinal parenchymal tissue. The interaction of the  $\alpha 4\beta 7$  integrin with MAdCAM-1 has been implicated as an important contributor to the chronic inflammation of UC and CD.

**Efficacy:** The safety and efficacy of Entyvio™ for UC and CD were evaluated in a randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled trials in adult patients with moderately-to-severely active UC or CD. Patients were randomized to Entyvio™ 300mg or placebo. Efficacy assessments were at week six. Concomitant stable dosages of aminosaliclates, corticosteroids, and immunomodulators (azathioprine or 6-mercaptopurine) were permitted through Week 6.

- **UC:** A greater percentage of patients treated with Entyvio™ compared to patients treated with placebo achieved clinical response at week six (26% Placebo vs 47% Entyvio™  $p < 0.001$ ). In addition, a greater percentage of patients treated with Entyvio™ had improvement of endoscopic appearance of the mucosa at week six.
- **CD:** A statistically significantly higher percentage of patients treated with Entyvio™ achieved clinical remission compared to placebo at week six (7% Placebo vs 15% Entyvio™  $p < 0.041$ ).

### Utilization/Cost:

- Entyvio™ has not been utilized in the SoonerCare population since its approval in May 2014.

| Medication           | EAC Per Vial or Tablet | EAC per Dose           | EAC for 8 Weeks of Therapy |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Entyvio™ Vial 300mg  | \$5,088.86             | \$5,088.86             | \$5,088.86                 |
| Remicade® Vial 100mg | \$980.22               | \$3,920.88-\$7,841.76* | \$3,920.88-\$7,841.76*     |
| Humira® SQ Pen 40mg  | \$1,425.77             | \$1,425.77             | \$5,703.08                 |

EAC= estimated acquisition cost

SQ= Subcutaneous

\*Dosing based on 80kg patient at a dose of 5-10mg/kg.

### Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the addition of Entyvio™ (vedolizumab) and Otezla® (apremilast) to Tier-3 of the Biologic Products for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis, Plaque Psoriasis, and Ankylosing Spondylitis Product Based Prior Authorization category with the following criteria:

#### Entyvio™ (Vedolizumab) Approval Criteria:

- Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
- An FDA approved diagnosis of moderate-to-severely active Crohn's disease (CD) or moderate-to-severely active ulcerative colitis (UC); and
- A trial of aminosalicylate therapy in the last 90 days that did not yield adequate relief of symptoms or resulted in intolerable adverse effects; and
- A minimum of a 4 week trial of a Tier-2 tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocker indicated for the treatment of CD or UC that did not yield adequate relief of symptoms or resulted in intolerable adverse effects. Current Tier-2 products include the following:
  - UC:** Humira® (adalimumab)
  - CD:** Cimzia® (certolizumab), Humira® (adalimumab); and
- Prior stabilization on the medication documented within the last 100 days.
- A quantity limit of 300mg every 8 weeks will apply. Approvals will be granted for titration quantities required for initial dosing.
- Initial approvals will be for the duration of 14 weeks as Entyvio™ should be discontinued in patients who do not show evidence of therapeutic benefit by week 14.

#### Otezla® (apremilast) Approval Criteria:

- Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
- An FDA approved diagnosis of active psoriatic arthritis (PsA) or moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis (Ps); and
- Current Tier-3 approval criteria will apply.
- A quantity limit of 60 tablets for 30 days will apply. Approvals will be granted for titration quantities required for initial dosing.

| Biologic Products                               |         |                              |
|---|---------|------------------------------|
| Tier-1<br>(DMARDs appropriate to disease state) | Tier-2* | Tier-3+                      |
| Methotrexate                                    |         | Abatacept (Orencia®)         |
| Hydroxychloroquine                              |         | Adalimumab (Humira®)         |
| Sulfasalazine                                   |         | Alefacept (Amevive®)         |
| Minocycline                                     |         | Anakinra (Kineret®)          |
| Oral Corticosteroids                            |         | Apremilast (Otezla®)         |
| Leflunomide                                     |         | Certolizumab pegol (Cimzia®) |
| Mesalamine                                      |         | Etanercept (Enbrel®)         |
| 6-Mercaptopurine                                |         | Golimumab (Simponi®)         |
| Azathioprine                                    |         | Golimumab (Simponi® Aria™)   |
| NSAIDs  |         | Infliximab (Remicade®)       |
|   |         | Rituximab (Rituxan®)         |
|   |         | Tocilizumab (Actemra®)       |
|   |         | Tofacitinib (Xeljanz®)       |
|   |         | Ustekinumab (Stelara®)       |
|   |         | Vedolizumab (Entyvio™)       |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation.

DMARDs= Disease modifying antirheumatic drugs

\*Supplemental rebated products

+ May be rebated to Tier-2 status only

#### Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis; and
2. A trial of at least one Tier-1 product in the last 90 days that did not yield adequate relief of symptoms or resulted in intolerable adverse effects; or
3. Prior stabilization on the Tier-2 medication documented within the last 100 days.

#### Tier-3 Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis; and
2. Recent trials of one Tier-1 product and all available Tier-2 medications that did not yield adequate relief of symptoms or resulted in intolerable adverse effects; or
3. Prior stabilization on the Tier-3 medication documented within the last 100 days; or
4. A unique FDA-approved indication not covered by Tier-2 products.

## Utilization Details of Biologic Products: Fiscal Year 2014

### Pharmacy Claims

| Product Utilized                    | Total Claims | Total Members | Total Cost             | Cost/Day        | Cost/Claim         |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| <b>Adalimumab Products</b>          |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| HUMIRA PEN KIT 40MG/0.8ML           | 1,415        | 277           | \$4,074,802.38         | \$97.13         | \$2,879.72         |
| HUMIRA PEN KIT 40MG/0.8ML PS        | 67           | 41            | \$341,363.19           | \$169.83        | \$5,094.97         |
| HUMIRA PEN KIT 40MG/0.8ML CD        | 31           | 27            | \$239,646.61           | \$262.20        | \$7,730.54         |
| HUMIRA KIT 40MG/0.8ML               | 369          | 85            | \$1,095,682.50         | \$100.99        | \$2,969.33         |
| HUMIRA KIT 20MG/0.4ML               | 58           | 10            | \$170,209.87           | \$91.86         | \$2,934.65         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>1,940</b> | <b>360</b>    | <b>\$5,921,704.55</b>  | <b>\$102.85</b> | <b>\$3,052.43</b>  |
| <b>Certolizumab Pegol Products</b>  |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| CIMZIA INJ KIT (2) 200MG/ML         | 201          | 57            | \$607,521.92           | \$103.21        | \$3,022.50         |
| CIMZIA INJ KIT (6) STARTER 200MG/ML | 33           | 33            | \$280,164.15           | \$195.37        | \$8,489.82         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>234</b>   | <b>65</b>     | <b>\$887,686.07</b>    | <b>\$121.27</b> | <b>\$3,793.53</b>  |
| <b>Etanercept Products</b>          |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| ENBREL SRCLK INJ 50MG/ML            | 901          | 173           | \$2,530,192.86         | \$98.44         | \$2,808.21         |
| ENBREL INJ 50MG/ML                  | 246          | 60            | \$642,961.42           | \$91.49         | \$2,613.66         |
| ENBREL INJ KIT 25MG                 | 169          | 26            | \$258,912.77           | \$54.72         | \$1,532.03         |
| ENBREL INJ 25mg/0.5ML               | 82           | 14            | \$156,117.24           | \$63.62         | \$1,903.87         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>1,398</b> | <b>251</b>    | <b>\$3,588,184.29</b>  | <b>\$89.89</b>  | <b>\$2,566.66</b>  |
| <b>Tier-2 Subtotal</b>              | <b>3,572</b> | <b>609</b>    | <b>\$10,397,574.91</b> | <b>\$99.20</b>  | <b>\$2,910.86</b>  |
| <b>Abatacept Products</b>           |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| ORENCIA INJ 125MG/ML                | 72           | 9             | \$170,359.18           | \$83.35         | \$2,366.10         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>72</b>    | <b>9</b>      | <b>\$170,359.18</b>    | <b>\$83.35</b>  | <b>\$2,366.10</b>  |
| <b>Anakinra Products</b>            |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| KINERET INJ 100MG/0.67ML            | 34           | 6             | \$87,839.67            | \$110.49        | \$2,583.52         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>34</b>    | <b>6</b>      | <b>\$87,839.67</b>     | <b>\$110.49</b> | <b>\$2,583.52</b>  |
| <b>Infliximab Products</b>          |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| REMICADE INJ 100MG                  | 105          | 24            | \$503,176.23           | \$143.76        | \$4,792.15         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>105</b>   | <b>24</b>     | <b>\$503,176.23</b>    | <b>\$143.76</b> | <b>\$4,792.15</b>  |
| <b>Rituximab Products</b>           |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| RITUXAN INJ 500MG                   | 11           | 4             | \$198,916.52           | \$888.02        | \$18,083.32        |
| RITUXAN INJ 100MG                   | 4            | 2             | \$53,659.92            | \$638.81        | \$13,414.98        |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>15</b>    | <b>5</b>      | <b>\$252,576.44</b>    | <b>\$820.05</b> | <b>\$16,838.43</b> |
| <b>Tocilizumab Products</b>         |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| ACTEMRA INJ 400/20ML                | 10           | 3             | \$35,816.65            | \$161.34        | \$3,581.67         |
| ACTEMRA INJ 200/10ML                | 4            | 1             | \$4,263.11             | \$38.06         | \$1,065.78         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>14</b>    | <b>4</b>      | <b>\$40,079.76</b>     | <b>\$120.00</b> | <b>\$2,862.84</b>  |
| <b>Ustekinumab Products</b>         |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| STELARA 45MG/0.5ML                  | 21           | 8             | \$155,094.92           | \$97.06         | \$7,385.47         |
| STELARA 90 MCG                      | 15           | 6             | \$224,621.27           | \$193.97        | \$14,974.75        |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>36</b>    | <b>13</b>     | <b>\$379,716.19</b>    | <b>\$137.78</b> | <b>\$10,547.67</b> |
| <b>Golimumab Products</b>           |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| SIMPONI INJ 50/0.5ML                | 97           | 19            | \$261,768.31           | \$91.34         | \$2,698.64         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                     | <b>97</b>    | <b>19</b>     | <b>\$261,768.31</b>    | <b>\$91.34</b>  | <b>\$2,698.64</b>  |
| <b>Tier-3 Subtotal</b>              | <b>373</b>   | <b>80</b>     | <b>\$1,695,515.78</b>  | <b>\$134.53</b> | <b>\$4,545.62</b>  |
| <b>Natalizumab Products</b>         |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| TYSABRI INJ 300/15ML                | 11           | 2             | \$45,089.43            | \$145.45        | \$4,099.04         |



| Product Utilized                   | Total Claims | Total Members | Total Cost             | Cost/Day        | Cost/Claim         |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| <b>Subtotal</b>                    | <b>11</b>    | <b>2</b>      | <b>\$45,089.43</b>     | <b>\$145.45</b> | <b>\$4,099.04</b>  |
| <b>Canakinumab Products</b>        |              |               |                        |                 |                    |
| ILARIS 180MG/1.2ML VIAL            | 45           | 7             | \$763,114.95           | \$421.38        | \$16,958.11        |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                    | <b>45</b>    | <b>7</b>      | <b>\$763,114.95</b>    | <b>\$421.38</b> | <b>\$16,958.11</b> |
| <b>Tysabri and Ilaris Subtotal</b> | <b>56</b>    | <b>9</b>      | <b>\$808,204.38</b>    | <b>\$381.05</b> | <b>\$14,432.22</b> |
| <b>Total</b>                       | <b>4,001</b> | <b>685</b>    | <b>\$12,901,295.07</b> | <b>\$107.93</b> | <b>\$3,224.52</b>  |

\*Total number of unduplicated members

## Medical Claims

| Product Utilized                                  | Total Claims | Total Members | Total Cost          | Units         |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| <b>Certolizumab Pegol Products</b>                |              |               |                     |               |
| CIMZIA INJ J0717                                  | 1            | 1             | \$2,372.00          | 400           |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>1</b>     | <b>1</b>      | <b>\$2,372.00</b>   | <b>400</b>    |
| <b>Abatacept Products</b>                         |              |               |                     |               |
| ORENCIA INJ J0129                                 | 17           | 3             | \$32,988.25         | 1,200         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>17</b>    | <b>3</b>      | <b>\$32,988.25</b>  | <b>1,200</b>  |
| <b>Golimumab Products</b>                         |              |               |                     |               |
| SIMPONI ARIA IV INJ J1602                         | 1            | 1             | \$8,863.19          | 371           |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>1</b>     | <b>1</b>      | <b>\$8,863.19</b>   | <b>371</b>    |
| <b>Infliximab Products</b>                        |              |               |                     |               |
| REMICADE INJ J1745                                | 114          | 29            | \$384,228.77        | 5,995         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>114</b>   | <b>29</b>     | <b>\$384,228.77</b> | <b>5,995</b>  |
| <b>Natalizumab Products (For CD/UC Diagnosis)</b> |              |               |                     |               |
| TYSABRI INJ J2323                                 | 6            | 1             | \$23,709.00         | 1,800         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>6</b>     | <b>1</b>      | <b>\$23,709.00</b>  | <b>1,800</b>  |
| <b>Tocilizumab Products</b>                       |              |               |                     |               |
| ACTEMRA INJ J3262                                 | 46           | 8             | \$86,987.82         | 23,486        |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>46</b>    | <b>8</b>      | <b>\$86,987.82</b>  | <b>23,486</b> |
| <b>Rituximab Products (For RA/SJA Diagnosis)</b>  |              |               |                     |               |
| RITUXAN INJ J9310                                 | 28           | 11            | \$158,058.50        | 257           |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                                   | <b>28</b>    | <b>11</b>     | <b>\$158,058.50</b> | <b>257</b>    |
| <b>Total</b>                                      | <b>213</b>   | <b>54</b>     | <b>\$697,207.53</b> | <b>33,509</b> |

<sup>1</sup> US \$67 billion worth of biosimilar patents expiring before 2020." Generics and Biosimilars Initiatives. Available online at: [www.gavionline.net/Biosimilars/General/US-67-billion-worth-of-biosimilar-patents-expiring-before-2020](http://www.gavionline.net/Biosimilars/General/US-67-billion-worth-of-biosimilar-patents-expiring-before-2020). Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>2</sup> FDA Approves Cimzia for Treatment of Adult Patients with Active Psoriatic Arthritis. Available online at: <http://www.drugs.com/newdrugs/fda-approves-cimzia-adult-patients-active-psoriatic-arthritis-3914.html> . Last revised 09/30/13. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>3</sup> FDA Oks Stelara for Psoriatic Arthritis. Available at: <http://www.medpagetoday.com/Rheumatology/Arthritis/41808>. Last revised 09/2013. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>4</sup> FDA News Release: Otezla. FDA. Available at: <http://www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements/ucm390091.htm>. Last revised 03/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>5</sup> FDA News Release: FDA Approves Entyvio to Treat Ulcerative Colitis and Crohn's Disease. FDA. Available online at: <http://www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements/ucm398065.htm>. Last revised 05/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

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<sup>6</sup>Janssen Biotech Inc: Simponi Aria For Infusion Receives FDA Approval For Treatment Of Moderately to Severely Active Rheumatoid Arthritis. Available online at: <http://www.investor.jnj.com/releasedetail.cfm?releaseid=778787>. Last revised 07/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>7</sup>Rosenthal, Mary. New Indication Granted for Otezla to Treat Plaque Psoriasis. Available online at: [http://www.pharmacypracticenews.com/ViewArticle.aspx?d=Clinical&d\\_id=50&i=September+2014&i\\_id=1098&a\\_id=28296](http://www.pharmacypracticenews.com/ViewArticle.aspx?d=Clinical&d_id=50&i=September+2014&i_id=1098&a_id=28296). Last revised 09/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>8</sup>Otezla Product Information. Celgene Corporation. Available online at: <http://www.otezlapro.com/prescribing-information/>. Last revised 09/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.

<sup>9</sup>Entyvio Product Information. Millennium Pharmaceuticals Inc. and under license by Takeda Pharmaceuticals America. Available online at: [http://www.entyvio.com/?gclid=CO33cTR\\_8ACFZKHaQodUWoA9Q](http://www.entyvio.com/?gclid=CO33cTR_8ACFZKHaQodUWoA9Q). Last revised 05/2014. Last accessed 09/2014.



# Appendix H



# Fiscal Year 2014 Annual Review of Bladder Control Medications

Oklahoma Health Care Authority  
October 2014

## Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Tier-1 products are available without a prior authorization for all members. Hyoscyamine is available without prior authorization and can be used as adjunctive therapy, but does not count as a Tier-1 trial.

### Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. Trials of all Tier-1 medications that yielded an inadequate clinical response or adverse effects; or
2. A unique FDA approved indication not covered by Tier-1 medications

### Tier-3 Approval Criteria:

1. Trials of all Tier-2 medications that yielded an inadequate clinical response or adverse effects; or
2. A unique FDA approved indication not covered by lower tiered medications

| Bladder Control Medications |                              |                             |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Tier-1                      | Tier-2                       | Tier-3                      |
| oxybutynin (Ditropan®)      | oxybutynin ER (Ditropan XL®) | darifenacin (Enablex®)      |
| trospium ER (Sanctura XR™)  |                              | fesoterodine (Toviaz™)      |
|                             |                              | flavoxate (Urispas®)        |
|                             |                              | mirabegron (Myrbetriq™)     |
|                             |                              | oxybutynin patch (Oxytrol®) |
|                             |                              | oxybutynin gel (Gelnique™)  |
|                             |                              | solifenacin (Vesicare®)     |
|                             |                              | tolterodine (Detrol®)       |
|                             |                              | tolterodine ER (Detrol LA®) |
|                             |                              | trospium (Sanctura™)        |

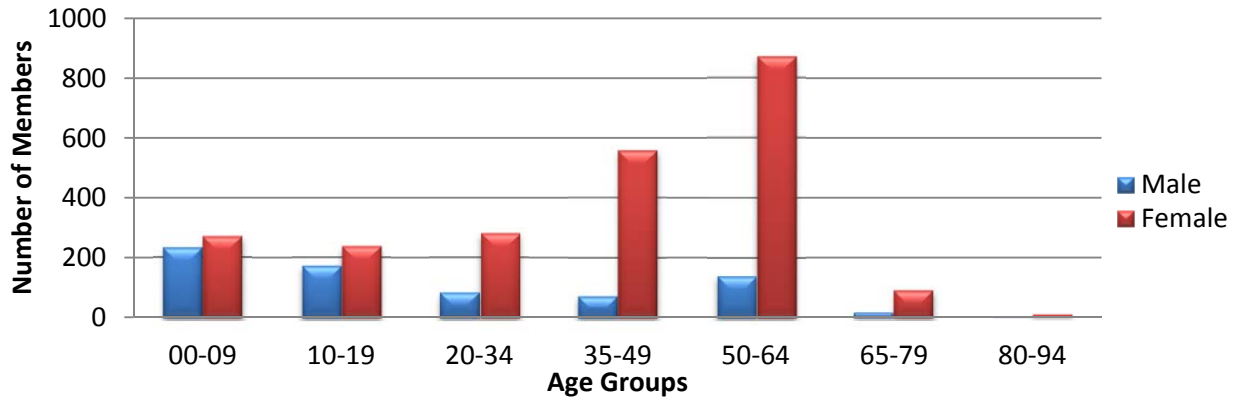
## Utilization of Bladder Control Medications

### Comparison of Fiscal Years

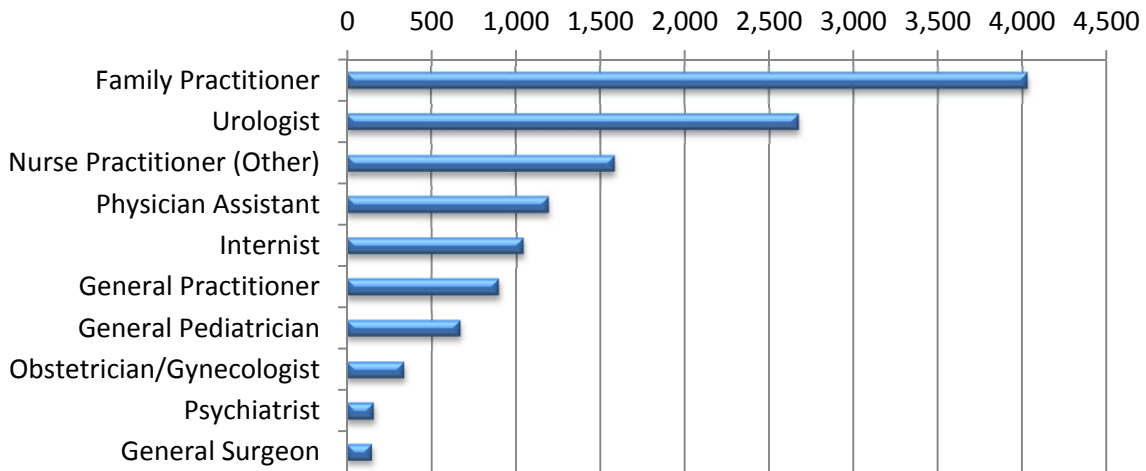
| Fiscal Year | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost   | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| 2013        | 3,012          | 12,892       | \$806,100.83 | \$62.53    | \$2.00   | 980,281     | 402,177    |
| 2014        | 3,069          | 13,277       | \$918,469.49 | \$69.18    | \$2.23   | 990,162     | 412,568    |
| % Change    | 1.90%          | 3.00%        | 13.90%       | 10.60%     | 11.50%   | 1.00%       | 2.60%      |
| Change      | 57             | 385          | \$112,368.66 | \$6.65     | \$0.23   | 9,881       | 10,391     |

\*Total number of unduplicated members.

### Demographics of Members Utilizing Bladder Control Medications



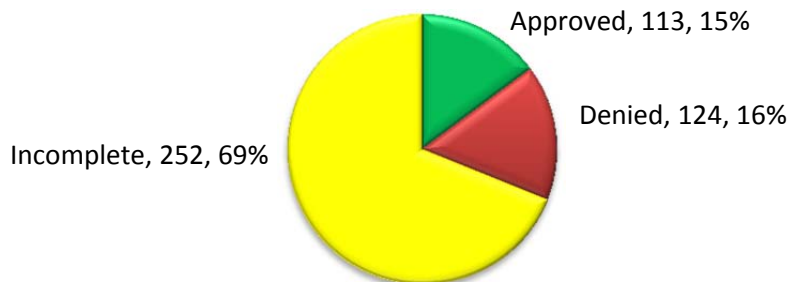
### Top Prescriber Specialties of Bladder Control Medications by Number of Claims



### Prior Authorization of Bladder Control Medications

There was a total of 489 petitions submitted for bladder control medications during fiscal year 2014. Computer edits are in place to detect Tier-1 medication in member’s recent claims history and generate automated prior authorization where possible. The following chart shows the status of the submitted petitions.

Status of Petitions



## Market News and Updates<sup>1, 2</sup>

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### Anticipated Patent Expirations:

- Enablex<sup>®</sup> (darifenacin)-08/2016
- Vesicare<sup>®</sup> (solifenacin)-11/2018
- Gelnique<sup>™</sup> (oxybutynin gel)- 6/2022
- Toviaz<sup>™</sup> (fesoterodine)-06/2027

### Recommendations

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The College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the Bladder Control Medication Prior Authorization category:

1. Move Ditropan XL<sup>®</sup> (oxybutynin extended-release) from Tier-2 to Tier-1 based on generic availability and State Maximum Allowable Cost (SMAC).
2. Move Detrol<sup>®</sup> immediate-release (tolterodine) and Sanctura<sup>™</sup> immediate-release (trospium) from Tier-3 to Tier-2 based on generic availability and State Maximum Allowable Cost (SMAC).
3. Move Sanctura XR<sup>™</sup> (trospium) from Tier-1 to Tier-3.

| Bladder Control Medications               |                                    |  |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Tier-1                                    | Tier-2                             | Tier-3                                   |
| oxybutynin (Ditropan <sup>®</sup> )       | tolterodine (Detrol <sup>®</sup> ) | darifenacin (Enablex <sup>®</sup> )      |
| oxybutynin ER (Ditropan XL <sup>®</sup> ) | trospium (Sanctura <sup>™</sup> )  | fesoterodine (Toviaz <sup>™</sup> )      |
|   |                                    | flavoxate (Urispas <sup>®</sup> )        |
|   |                                    | mirabegron (Myrbetriq <sup>™</sup> )     |
|   |                                    | oxybutynin patch (Oxytrol <sup>®</sup> ) |
|   |                                    | oxybutynin gel (Gelnique <sup>™</sup> )  |
|   |                                    | solifenacin (Vesicare <sup>®</sup> )     |
|   |                                    | tolterodine ER (Detrol LA <sup>®</sup> ) |
|   |                                    | trospium ER (Sanctura XR <sup>™</sup> )  |

## Utilization Details of Bladder Control Medications

| Product Utilized                   | Total Claims  | Total Members | Total Cost          | Units/Day   | Claims/Member | Cost/Claim      | %Cost         |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| <b>Proposed Tier-1 Medications</b> |               |               |                     |             |               |                 |               |
| OXYBUTYNIN SYP 5MG/5ML             | 1,025         | 345           | \$10,558.31         | 9.68        | 2.97          | \$10.30         | 1.15%         |
| OXYBUTYNIN TAB 5MG                 | 7,946         | 2,191         | \$231,335.71        | 2.23        | 3.63          | \$29.11         | 25.19%        |
| OXYBUTYNIN TAB 5 MG ER             | 343           | 65            | \$15,528.69         | 1.32        | 5.28          | \$45.27         | 1.69%         |
| OXYBUTYNIN TAB 10MG ER             | 570           | 112           | \$24,999.78         | 1.33        | 5.09          | \$43.86         | 2.72%         |
| OXYBUTYNIN TAB 15MG ER             | 288           | 49            | \$11,760.31         | 1.15        | 5.88          | \$40.83         | 1.28%         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                    | <b>10,172</b> | <b>2,762</b>  | <b>\$294,182.80</b> | <b>2.79</b> | <b>3.68</b>   | <b>\$28.92</b>  | <b>32.03%</b> |
| <b>Proposed Tier-2 Medications</b> |               |               |                     |             |               |                 |               |
| TOLTERODINE TAB 1MG                | 78            | 11            | \$12,425.98         | 2.11        | 7.09          | \$159.31        | 1.35%         |
| TOLTERODINE TAB 2MG                | 503           | 68            | \$65,687.84         | 1.84        | 7.4           | \$130.59        | 7.15%         |
| TROSPIMUM CL TAB 20MG              | 35            | 6             | \$5,678.13          | 2.46        | 5.83          | \$162.23        | 0.62%         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                    | <b>616</b>    | <b>85</b>     | <b>\$83791.95</b>   | <b>1.91</b> | <b>7.25</b>   | <b>\$136.03</b> | <b>9.12%</b>  |
| <b>Proposed Tier-3 Medications</b> |               |               |                     |             |               |                 |               |
| DETROL LA CAP 2MG                  | 42            | 10            | \$9,779.09          | 1.11        | 4.2           | \$232.84        | 1.06%         |
| DETROL LA CAP 4MG                  | 388           | 75            | \$98,475.33         | 1.06        | 5.17          | \$253.80        | 10.72%        |
| ENABLEX TAB 7.5MG                  | 69            | 11            | \$11,423.42         | 0.91        | 6.27          | \$165.56        | 1.24%         |
| ENABLEX TAB 15MG                   | 159           | 16            | \$29,416.45         | 1.1         | 9.94          | \$185.01        | 3.20%         |
| FLAVOXATE TAB 100MG                | 27            | 6             | \$1,980.90          | 2.82        | 4.5           | \$73.37         | 0.22%         |
| MYRBETRIQ TAB 25MG                 | 28            | 5             | \$6,831.25          | 1           | 5.6           | \$243.97        | 0.74%         |
| MYRBETRIQ TAB 50MG                 | 15            | 4             | \$3,533.70          | 1           | 3.75          | \$235.58        | 0.38%         |
| OXYTROL DIS 3.9MG/24               | 7             | 2             | \$3,929.44          | 0.34        | 3.5           | \$561.35        | 0.43%         |
| SANCTURA XR CAP 60MG               | 116           | 37            | \$29,406.52         | 1.15        | 3.14          | \$253.50        | 3.20%         |
| TOLTERODINE CAP 2MG ER             | 34            | 7             | \$7,223.62          | 1.16        | 4.86          | \$212.46        | 0.79%         |
| TOLTERODINE CAP 4MG ER             | 234           | 61            | \$49,374.87         | 1.05        | 3.84          | \$211.00        | 5.38%         |
| TOVIAZ TAB 4MG                     | 11            | 4             | \$1,912.61          | 1           | 2.75          | \$173.87        | 0.21%         |
| TOVIAZ TAB 8MG                     | 54            | 7             | \$9,857.25          | 1           | 7.71          | \$182.54        | 1.07%         |
| TROSPIMUM CHL CAP 60MG ER          | 974           | 333           | \$183,301.77        | 1.03        | 2.92          | \$188.19        | 19.96%        |
| VESICARE TAB 5MG                   | 182           | 31            | \$54,203.00         | 1.09        | 5.87          | \$297.82        | 5.90%         |
| VESICARE TAB 10MG                  | 149           | 32            | \$39,845.52         | 1.02        | 4.66          | \$267.42        | 4.34%         |
| <b>Subtotal</b>                    | <b>2489</b>   | <b>641</b>    | <b>\$540,494.74</b> | <b>1.06</b> | <b>3.88</b>   | <b>\$217.15</b> | <b>58.84%</b> |
| <b>Total</b>                       | <b>13,277</b> | <b>3,069*</b> | <b>\$918,469.49</b> | <b>2.4</b>  | <b>4.33</b>   | <b>\$69.18</b>  | <b>100%</b>   |

\*Total number of unduplicated members

<sup>1</sup>FDA: Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/default.cfm> Last revised 9/22/14. Last accessed 9/22/14.

<sup>2</sup>FDA: News Release: FDA approves over-the-counter Oxytrol for Women to treat overactive bladder. Available online at: <http://www.fda.gov/newsevents/newsroom/pressannouncements/ucm336815.htm> Last revised 01/25/2013. Last accessed 9/22/14.





# Appendix I



## **FDA & DEA Updates (additional information can be found at <http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/default.htm>)**

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### **FDA NEWS RELEASE**

**For Immediate Release: September 18th, 2014**

**FDA approves Trulicity to treat type 2 diabetes**

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved Trulicity (dulaglutide), a once-weekly subcutaneous injection to improve glycemic control, along with diet and exercise, in adults with type 2 diabetes.

Type 2 diabetes affects about 26 million people and accounts for more than 90 percent of diabetes cases diagnosed in the United States. Over time, high blood sugar levels can increase the risk for serious complications, including heart disease, blindness, and nerve and kidney damage.

Trulicity is a glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist, a hormone that helps normalize blood sugar levels. The drug's safety and effectiveness were evaluated in six clinical trials in which 3,342 patients with type 2 diabetes received Trulicity. Patients receiving Trulicity had an improvement in their blood sugar control as observed with reductions in HbA1c level.

Trulicity has been studied as a stand-alone therapy and in combination with other type 2 diabetes therapies, including metformin, sulfonylurea, thiazolidinedione, and prandial insulin. Trulicity should not be used to treat people with type 1 diabetes; those who have increased ketones in their blood or urine (diabetic ketoacidosis); those with severe stomach or intestinal problems; or as first-line therapy for patients who cannot be managed with diet and exercise.

Trulicity has a boxed warning that tumors of the thyroid gland (thyroid C-cell tumors) have been observed in rodent studies with Trulicity but that it is unknown whether Trulicity causes thyroid C-cell tumors, including a type of thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC), in humans. Trulicity should not be used in patients with a personal or family history of MTC or in patients with multiple endocrine neoplasia syndrome type 2 (a disease in which patients have tumors in more than one gland in their body, which predisposes them to MTC).

The FDA is requiring the following post-marketing studies for Trulicity:

- a clinical trial to evaluate dosing, efficacy, and safety in pediatric patients;
- a study to assess potential effects on sexual maturation, reproduction, and CNS development and function in immature rats;
- a medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) case registry of at least 15 years duration to identify any increase in MTC incidence related to Trulicity;
- a clinical trial comparing Trulicity with insulin glargine on glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes and moderate or severe renal impairment; and
- a cardiovascular outcomes trial to evaluate the cardiovascular risk of Trulicity in patients with high baseline risk of cardiovascular disease.

The FDA approved Trulicity with a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS), which consists of a communication plan to inform health care professionals about the serious risks associated with Trulicity. In clinical trials, the most common side effects observed in patients treated with Trulicity were nausea, diarrhea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and decreased appetite.

Trulicity is manufactured by Indianapolis-based Eli Lilly and Company.

### **FDA NEWS RELEASE**

**For Immediate Release: September 16th, 2014**

**FDA approves Movantik for opioid-induced constipation**

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved Movantik (naloxegol), an oral treatment for opioid-induced constipation in adults with chronic non-cancer pain.

Opioids are a class of drugs that are used to treat and manage pain. A common side effect associated with the use of these drugs are that they reduce the gastrointestinal tract's motility, making bowel movements difficult and causing patients to strain, have hard or lumpy stools or experience a sensation of incomplete

evacuation. Movantik belongs to a class of drugs called peripherally acting opioid receptor antagonists, which are used to decrease the constipating effects of opioids.

Movantik's safety and effectiveness were established in two clinical trials of 1,352 participants who had taken opioids for at least four weeks for non-cancer related pain and had opioid-induced constipation. Participants were randomly assigned to receive 12.5 mg or 25 mg of Movantik or placebo once daily for 12 weeks. The trials were designed to measure the change in the number of bowel movements per week from the start of the study.

Results of the first trial showed that 44 percent of participants receiving 25 mg of Movantik and 41 percent of participants receiving 12.5 mg of Movantik experienced an increase in bowel movements per week, compared to 29 percent of participants receiving placebo. The second trial showed similar results. Common side effects of Movantik include abdominal pain, diarrhea, headache and the experience of excessive gas in the stomach or intestinal area.

The FDA is requiring a postmarketing study to further evaluate the potential risk of cardiovascular adverse events in patients taking Movantik. In June, the FDA held a public meeting to discuss what studies might be required to assess the cardiac safety of peripherally acting opioid receptor antagonists, including Movantik, intended to treat opioid-induced constipation.

Movantik is distributed by AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, based in Wilmington, Delaware.

## **FDA NEWS RELEASE**

**For Immediate Release: September 10th, 2014**

### **FDA approves weight-management drug Contrave**

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved Contrave (naltrexone hydrochloride and bupropion hydrochloride extended-release tablets) as treatment option for chronic weight management in addition to a reduced-calorie diet and physical activity.

The drug is approved for use in adults with a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater (obesity) or adults with a BMI of 27 or greater (overweight) who have at least one weight-related condition such as high blood pressure (hypertension), type 2 diabetes, or high cholesterol (dyslipidemia).

BMI, which measures body fat based on an individual's weight and height, is used to define the obesity and overweight categories. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, more than one-third of adults in the United States are obese.

Contrave is a combination of two FDA-approved drugs, naltrexone and bupropion, in an extended-release formulation. Naltrexone is approved to treat alcohol and opioid dependence. Bupropion is approved to treat depression and seasonal affective disorder and as an aid to smoking cessation treatment.

The effectiveness of Contrave was evaluated in multiple clinical trials that included approximately 4,500 obese and overweight patients with and without significant weight-related conditions treated for one year. All patients received lifestyle modification that consisted of a reduced-calorie diet and regular physical activity. Results from a clinical trial that enrolled patients without diabetes showed that patients had an average weight loss of 4.1 percent over treatment with placebo at one year. In this trial, 42 percent of patients treated with Contrave lost at least 5 percent of their body weight compared with 17 percent of patients treated with placebo. Results from another clinical trial that enrolled patients with type 2 diabetes showed that patients had an average weight loss of 2 percent over treatment with placebo at one year. In this trial, 36 percent of patients treated with Contrave lost at least 5 percent of their body weight compared with 18 percent of patients treated with placebo.

Patients using Contrave at the maintenance dose should be evaluated after 12 weeks to determine if the treatment is working. If a patient has not lost at least 5 percent of baseline body weight, Contrave should be discontinued, as it is unlikely that the patient will achieve and sustain clinically meaningful weight loss with continued treatment.

Because it contains bupropion, Contrave has a boxed warning to alert health care professionals and patients to the increased risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors associated with antidepressant drugs. The warning also notes that serious neuropsychiatric events have been reported in patients taking bupropion for smoking cessation.

Contrave can cause seizures and must not be used in patients who have seizure disorders. The risk of seizure is dose-related. Contrave should be discontinued and not restarted in patients who experience a seizure while being treated with Contrave.

Contrave can also raise blood pressure and heart rate and must not be used in patients with uncontrolled high blood pressure. The clinical significance of the increases in blood pressure and heart rate observed with Contrave treatment is unclear, especially for patients with heart-related and cerebrovascular (blood vessel dysfunction impacting the brain) disease, since patients with a history of heart attack or stroke in the previous six months, life-threatening arrhythmias, or congestive heart failure were excluded from the clinical trials. Blood pressure and pulse should be measured prior to starting the drug and should be monitored at regular intervals, particularly among patients with controlled high blood pressure prior to treatment.

Other products containing bupropion should not be taken along with Contrave. The drug should not be used in patients who have eating disorders (bulimia or anorexia nervosa). Contrave should also not be taken by patients who are using opioids or treatments for opioid dependence, or who are experiencing acute opiate withdrawal. Patients undergoing an abrupt discontinuation of alcohol, benzodiazepines, barbiturates and antiepileptic drugs should not take Contrave. Women who are pregnant or trying to become pregnant should not take Contrave.

The most common adverse reactions reported with Contrave include nausea, constipation, headache, vomiting, dizziness, insomnia, dry mouth, and diarrhea.

The FDA is requiring the following post-marketing requirements:

- a cardiovascular outcomes trial to assess the cardiovascular risk associated with Contrave use;
- two efficacy, safety, and clinical pharmacology studies in pediatric patients (one in patients 12 to 17 years of age, and one in patients 7 to 11 years of age);
- a nonclinical (animal) juvenile toxicity study with a particular focus on growth and development as well as behavior, learning, and memory;
- a study to evaluate the effect of Contrave on cardiac conduction;
- clinical trials to evaluate dosing in patients with hepatic or renal impairment;
- a clinical trial to evaluate the potential for interactions between Contrave and other drugs.

Contrave is distributed by Takeda Pharmaceuticals America Inc. of Deerfield, Illinois for Orexigen Therapeutics, Inc. of La Jolla, California.

## **FDA NEWS RELEASE**

**For Immediate Release: September 4th, 2014**

### **FDA approves Keytruda for advanced melanoma**

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration granted accelerated approval to Keytruda (pembrolizumab) for treatment of patients with advanced or unresectable melanoma who are no longer responding to other drugs.

Melanoma, which accounts for approximately 5 percent of all new cancers in the United States, occurs when cancer cells form in skin cells that make the pigment responsible for color in the skin. According to the National Cancer Institute, an estimated 76,100 Americans will be diagnosed with melanoma and 9,710 will die from the disease this year.

Keytruda is the first approved drug that blocks a cellular pathway known as PD-1, which restricts the body's immune system from attacking melanoma cells. Keytruda is intended for use following treatment with ipilimumab, a type of immunotherapy. For melanoma patients whose tumors express a gene mutation called BRAF V600, Keytruda is intended for use after treatment with ipilimumab and a BRAF inhibitor, a therapy that blocks activity of BRAF gene mutations.

The five prior FDA approvals for melanoma include: ipilimumab (2011), peginterferon alfa-2b (2011), vemurafenib (2011), dabrafenib (2013), and trametinib (2013).

The FDA granted Keytruda breakthrough therapy designation because the sponsor demonstrated through preliminary clinical evidence that the drug may offer a substantial improvement over available therapies. It also received priority review and orphan product designation. Priority review is granted to drugs that have the potential, at the time the application was submitted, to be a significant improvement in safety or effectiveness in the treatment of a serious condition. Orphan product designation is given to drugs intended to treat rare diseases.

The FDA action was taken under the agency's accelerated approval program, which allows approval of a drug to treat a serious or life-threatening disease based on clinical data showing the drug has an effect on a surrogate endpoint reasonably likely to predict clinical benefit to patients. This program provides earlier

patient access to promising new drugs while the company conducts confirmatory clinical trials. An improvement in survival or disease-related symptoms has not yet been established.

Keytruda's efficacy was established in 173 clinical trial participants with advanced melanoma whose disease progressed after prior treatment. All participants were treated with Keytruda, either at the recommended dose of 2 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) or at a higher dose of 10 mg/kg. In the half of the participants who received Keytruda at the recommended dose of 2 mg/kg, approximately 24 percent had their tumors shrink. This effect lasted at least 1.4 to 8.5 months and continued beyond this period in most patients. A similar percentage of patients had their tumor shrink at the 10 mg/kg dose.

Keytruda's safety was established in the trial population of 411 participants with advanced melanoma. The most common side effects of Keytruda were fatigue, cough, nausea, itchy skin (pruritus), rash, decreased appetite, constipation, joint pain (arthralgia) and diarrhea. Keytruda also has the potential for severe immune-mediated side effects. In the 411 participants with advanced melanoma, severe immune-mediated side effects involving healthy organs, including the lung, colon, hormone-producing glands and liver, occurred uncommonly.

Keytruda is marketed by Merck & Co., based in Whitehouse Station, New Jersey.

## **Safety Announcements**

### **FDA Drug Safety Communication: FDA approves label changes for asthma drug Xolair (omalizumab), including describing slightly higher risk of heart and brain adverse events**

**[September 26<sup>th</sup>, 2014]** A U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) review of safety studies suggests a slightly increased risk of problems involving the heart and blood vessels supplying the brain among patients being treated with the asthma drug Xolair (omalizumab) than in those who were not treated with Xolair. As a result, we have added information about these potential risks to the drug label. Patients taking Xolair should continue to take the medication as prescribed and discuss any questions or concerns with their health care professionals.

FDA approved Xolair in 2003 to treat patients 12 years and older with moderate to severe persistent asthma who have a positive skin or blood test to year-round allergens in the air and whose symptoms are not well-controlled by asthma medicines called inhaled corticosteroids. Xolair has been shown to decrease the number of asthma attacks in these patients. Asthma is a chronic disease that affects the airways in the lungs and can cause serious trouble breathing, so it is important to take all asthma medicines exactly as they are prescribed. Xolair is also approved for patients 12 years and older with chronic hives without a known cause—a condition called chronic idiopathic urticaria or CIU—who continue to have hives that are not controlled by H1 antihistamine treatment.

Our review of a 5-year safety study found a slightly higher rate of heart and brain blood vessel problems occurred in patients being treated with Xolair compared to those patients not treated with Xolair. The heart and brain blood vessel problems included mini-strokes known as transient ischemic attacks or TIAs; heart attacks; sudden, unexpected chest pain; high blood pressure in the arteries of the lungs called pulmonary hypertension; and blood clots in the lungs and veins. Although the data are suggestive of a serious safety signal, due to weaknesses in how the safety study was designed and carried out, we are unable to definitively confirm or determine the exact increased level of these risks with Xolair.

To further evaluate the heart and brain risks noted in the 5-year safety study, we reviewed a combined analysis of 25 randomized double-blind clinical trials comparing Xolair to a placebo. An increased risk of heart- and brain-related problems in patients treated with Xolair was not noted in this combined analysis, but the low number of these events, the young patient population, and the short duration of follow-up prevent us from making any definite conclusions about the absence of a risk. As a result of our review of the safety study and the combined clinical trials, we have added information about the potential risks of heart- and brain-related problems to the Adverse Reactions section of the drug label.

Some previous clinical trials have shown slightly higher rates of various cancers in patients treated with Xolair compared with non-Xolair-treated patients. Our review of the 5-year safety study found no difference in the rates of cancer between those patients being treated with Xolair and those who were not being treated with Xolair. However, due to limitations in the 5-year study, we cannot rule out a potential risk of

cancer with Xolair, so we have added this information to the Warnings and Precautions section of the drug label.

## **Safety Announcements**

### **Potassium Chloride Injection (Baxter): Recall - Shipping Carton Mislabeling**

**[September 17<sup>th</sup>, 2014]** Baxter International Inc. announced a voluntary recall of one lot of Potassium Chloride Injection 10mEq per 100mL, product code 2B0826 (Lot # P318220, NDC # 0338-0709-48) to the hospital/pharmacy/nurse level. The recall is being initiated due to a labeling error on the shipping cartons in a single lot. Shipping cartons labeled for this specific lot number of Potassium Chloride Injection may contain units of Gentamicin Sulfate Injection, 80 mg in 100 mL, product code 2B0862.

As both products are packaged in 100mL containers, have similar code numbers and red labeling on the front panel, there is a potential risk of medication error or delay in therapy for patients that require high concentration potassium chloride.

The affected lot of Potassium Chloride Injection was distributed to customers in the United States between May 26, 2014, and August 8, 2014. There have been no reported adverse events associated with this situation to date.

**BACKGROUND:** Potassium Chloride is indicated for treatment of potassium deficiency and administered intravenously. Gentamicin Sulfate is an antibacterial drug for intravenous administration.

**RECOMMENDATION:** It is recommended that healthcare professionals carefully review the product label before administering.

Consumers with questions regarding this recall can call Baxter at 1-800-422-9837, Monday through Friday, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Central Time, or e-mail Baxter at [onebaxter@baxter.com](mailto:onebaxter@baxter.com). Consumers should contact their physician or healthcare provider if they have experienced any problems that may be related to using this drug product.

Healthcare professionals and patients are encouraged to report adverse events or side effects related to the use of these products to the FDA's MedWatch Safety Information and Adverse Event Reporting Program:

## **Current Drug Shortages Index (as of October 1, 2014):**

The information provided in this section is provided voluntarily by manufacturers.

[Acetohydroxamic Acid \(Lithostat\) Tablets](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Amikacin Injection](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Ammonium Chloride Injection](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Atropine Sulfate Injection](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Barium Sulfate for Suspension](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Bupivacaine Hydrochloride \(Marcaine, Sensorcaine\) Injection](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Caffeine Anhydrous \(125mg/mL\); Sodium Benzoate \(125mg/mL\) Injection](#)<sup>12</sup>

*Currently in Shortage*

[Calcium Gluconate Injection](#)

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[Cefazolin Injection](#)

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[Cefotetan Disodium Injection](#)

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[Clindamycin Phosphate \(Cleocin\) Injection](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Clonidine HCL Injection \(Duraclon\)](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

[Cyanocobalamin \(Vitamin B12\) Injection](#)

*Currently in Shortage*

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|--|------------------------------|
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| <a href="#">Dexamethasone Sodium Phosphate Injection</a>   | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| <a href="#">Dexmethylphenidate Hydrochloride (Focalin) Tablet</a>                                    | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| <a href="#">Dextrose 5% Injection Bags</a>   | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| <a href="#">Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Injection</a>   | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
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