provider+update spring2010 +

Clinical News

- 02 Encourage Pregnant Women To Reach 39-week Mark Before Delivery
- 03 Optimizing Glaucoma Eye Drop Application
- 05 'Kids Corner' Debuts
- 06 Living Choice Providers Needed
- 09 Black Women at Higher Risk for Early Breast Cancer
- 10 OHCA Avoids Deeper Provider Rate Reductions

Claims/Systems News

- 04 Children Added to Insure Oklahoma
- 07 MHSAS Explained: New Eligibility Status in MMIS
- 08 Prescription Limit Changes



Research indicates that no other clinical intervention can reduce illness, prevent death or increase quality of life more effectively than tobacco cessation. And, although 25 percent of adult Oklahomans use tobacco, 58 percent of our SoonerCare members are smokers. That is why SoonerCare offers coverage for tobacco cessation counseling for members age 12 and older. SoonerCare will reimburse providers who use the "5As" approach to tobacco cessation developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research and endorsed by the U.S. Public Health Service.

The 5As

Ask the patient to describe his or her tobacco use.

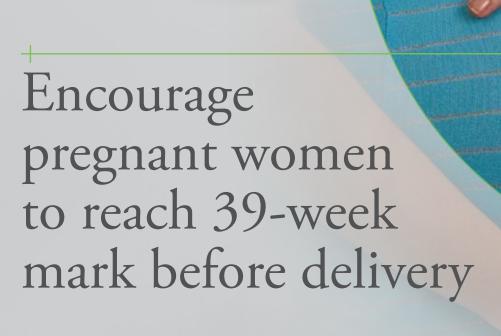
Advise the patient to quit.

Assess the willingness of the patient to quit.

Assist the patient with referrals and plans to quit.

Arrange for follow-up.

continued on page 11



No one knows your patient's needs better than you do, and obviously there are times when an early delivery is medically indicated.

But several organizations have noticed an increased interest by pregnant women in scheduled deliveries by induction of labor or caesarean section for reasons that are not medical in nature and/or are prior to 39 weeks' gestation.

We realize that often this trend is patient-driven. We have a responsibility to educate our members about the benefits of sustaining their pregnancies through the 39th week. SoonerCare has partnered with the March of Dimes to send our pregnant members information on this topic. The brochure, "Why the Last Weeks of Pregnancy Count,"

also is available online at http://www.marchofdimes.com/pnhec/240_48590.asp.

As recently reported at the annual meeting of the Society of Maternal-Fetal Medicine in February 2010, neonatal outcome is optimal at 30-40 weeks' gestation for all types of labor. Some of the studies presented do support prior work that suggested elective delivery at less than 39 weeks (in the absence of fetal lung maturity) is not a good strategy.

For more information about SoonerCare's scheduled delivery policy, see the provider letter OHCA 2010-02 at **www.okhca.org** under "Provider Letters."

Glaucoma is an irreversible, progressive loss of vision, for which treatment only slows the course of the disease. The most common medications used for this condition are the topically administered prostaglandin analogs. Data show that proper administration of these drugs is vital for the patient to get the most benefit from their use. Of most importance for the administration of these drugs is the angle at which the drops are released from the dropper bottle.¹

The available volume needed for administration for these products is 20-23 µL, with data showing that drops as small as 15µL are equivalent in their bioavailability and efficacy. This is because of reflexblinking, tearing and drainage through the nasallacrimal duct. Also, smaller drops are preferred to limit systemic exposure and wasted medication. There are several determining factors of drop size, such as the viscosity and surface tension of the fluid, the shape of the dispensing bottle and the angle at which the medication is administered.² Because the viscosity/surface tension is estimated to vary little for these agents and the size and shape of the dropper bottle is going to remain the same over time, the administration technique of the patient is a significant determining factor for these medications.^{1,2}

For example, when Bimatoprost (Lumigan®) is given at a 90° angle, 111.0 drops can be dispensed vs. 76.1 drops when the bottle is held horizontally per 2.5mL bottle. This translates to a bottle lasting up to 56 days of bilateral treatment vs. 38 days (6.5 vs. 9.6 bottles per year). This still allows for a drop size of 28.7μL, which is well within the optimal range. For another drug in this class, Latanoprost (Xalatan[®]), the same trend is observed (94.3 vs. 67.1 drops per 2.5mL bottle), allowing for a yearly difference of 7.8 vs. 10.9 bottles. Of interest is that Travaprost (Travatan®) has the greatest number of drops dispensed from one 2.5mL bottle when held at a 45° angle, with 101.1 drops vs. 85.3 drops when held horizontally. This allows for a yearly difference of 7.2 vs. 9 total bottles of medication.1

Proper counseling on the administration of these products can help improve compliance for your SoonerCare patients. Reducing brand-name copays from approximately nine or 10 per year to six or seven will not only reduce the total annual cost of these drugs for members but will also allow them to obtain other needed brand-name products and maximize their pharmacy benefit. Additionally, about 25 percent fewer bottles might be dispensed yearly, resulting in a savings to the agency of roughly \$20,000 annually. This benefit to both the patient and the taxpayer underscores the importance of precise counseling.

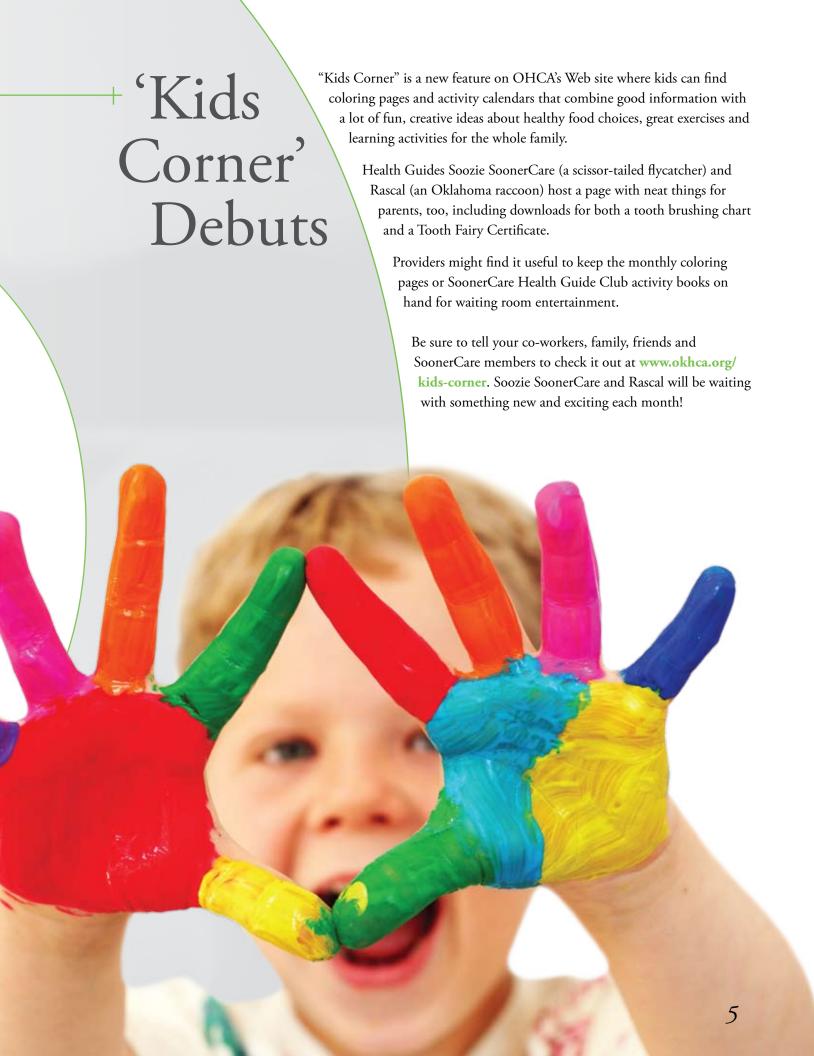


Children Added to Insure Oklahoma

OHCA's requested state plan amendment to add children to the Insure Oklahoma program has been approved by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). The amendment covers children younger than age 19 in families with workers from any size business whose household income is 185 percent to 300 percent of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL).

Children in Insure Oklahoma's Employer-Sponsored Insurance (ESI) will be covered through their family's private insurance plan, and Insure Oklahoma will subsidize a portion of the family's premium costs. Children in Insure Oklahoma's Individual Plan (IP) will be covered through the state-operated Individual Plan network and benefit plan. The family's financial responsibility for coverage will not exceed 5 percent of their household income.

OHCA estimates 20,000 children can be covered under the new authority provided by this amendment. Insure Oklahoma members can request coverage for their children using a change form beginning July 1, 2010. Additionally, OHCA will begin recruiting primary care providers for this new population in the next few months.



Living Choice Providers Needed



The Living Choice project is currently transitioning people out of their nursing homes and back into their communities. Living Choice promotes community living for people of all ages who have disabilities or long-term illnesses. This project gives Oklahomans more options for managing their health care needs and adds more balance to the state's long-term care system.

Living Choice is intended to expand the ongoing use of home and community-based (rather than institutional) services, increase flexibility in use of SoonerCare funds and promote quality assurance.

Living Choice is actively recruiting SoonerCare providers who offer services in the following areas:

- Adult day health care.
- Home-delivered meals.
- Personal care.
- Skilled nursing and therapies in the home.
- Durable medical equipment.
- Case management and transition coordination.

To qualify for the Living Choice project, individuals must:

- Live in a nursing facility for at least six months prior to transition.
- Have SoonerCare for at least one month prior to transition.
- Be interested in moving back into the community.
- Be guaranteed home and community supports after transition.

Any provider who knows of a SoonerCare member who resides in a nursing facility but might like to move back into the community is urged to make a referral. To help a member take steps toward living more independently, providers can call in a referral at 888-287-2443.

We are looking for new providers every day! If you are an ADvantage provider and are interested in working with Living Choice participants, please call us at 888-287-2443. You can learn more about the Living Choice project at www.oklivingchoice.org.

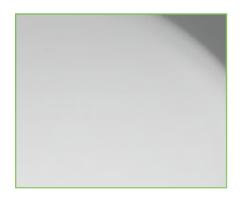


New Eligibility Status in MMIS

There is a new eligibility status in the Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS), which will display as "MHSAS" (Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services). The MHSAS is not a SoonerCare benefit, and this does NOT change the SoonerCare eligibility of the member. For eligibility, providers still need to verify SoonerCare coverage (e.g., Title XIX). TXIX should still be listed on the screen if the member qualifies. The Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services (ODMHSAS) is directly responsible for the funding, policies and regulation of the MHSAS benefit, not the Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA).

In an effort to enhance the state's fiscal efficiency, ODMHSAS and OHCA have joined together to establish a new system called Consolidated Claims Process (CCP). The addition of the MHSAS status is part of the CCP. The MHSAS benefit is only available when the member is receiving services from an ODMHSAS provider and the individual is either indigent, not qualified for SoonerCare, or receiving service from an ODMHSAS contracted provider who is not covered by SoonerCare.

For more information about the Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, visit www.ok.gov/odmhsas or call 800-522-9054.



Prescription Limit Changes



Due to the current state revenue shortfall, SoonerCare pharmacy benefits were revised effective Jan. 1, 2010.

The total number of allowed prescriptions was not changed for any members. Adults age 21 and older are still allowed up to six prescriptions per month, but only two of those prescriptions can be brand-name drugs. The other four prescriptions must be generics. (Previously, up to three prescriptions per month could be brand-name drugs.)

This change does not affect adults who reside in a nursing facility or intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded or those who participate in one of the home and community-based services waivers, such as the ADvantage program.

There is no prescription limit for members under age 21.

The dispensing limit remains as the greater of 100 units or a 34-day supply for most maintenance medications.

Drugs exempt from the prescription limits include:

- Antineoplastics
- Anti-retroviral agents.
- Certain prescriptions that require frequent laboratory monitoring
- Birth control prescriptions.
- Over-the-counter contraceptives
- Hemophilia drugs.
- Compensable smoking cessation products.
- Certain carrier or diluent solutions used in compounds.
- Drugs used for the treatment of tuberculosis.

Your willingness to work with us in this time of change is appreciated. The OHCA Board has taken action to reduce SoonerCare expenditures because of declining state revenues and increased program costs. These changes were made to comply with the Oklahoma Constitution, Article X, Section 23, which prohibits a state agency from spending more money than is allocated.

Black women at higher risk for early breast cancer

Most medical professionals would agree that breast and cervical screenings are important tools in the prevention of cancer. The goal of early detection is to find cancers before symptoms occur. The screenings for breast and cervical cancer assist in identifying precancerous lesions and, in many instances, allow treatment before the conditions become cancerous. Finding these conditions early also means they are often highly treatable. The guidelines of the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) recommend that most women receive a well-woman checkup annually. ACOG suggests that a well-woman visit should consist of a general examination and breast and pelvic exams; a Pap test may be included in the pelvic examination.

The American Cancer Society recommends women begin receiving yearly mammograms at age 40. Clinical breast exams are recommended annually for women 40 and older, and approximately every three years for women in their 20s and 30s. Generally, cervical cancer screenings should begin about three years after becoming sexually active, but no later than age 21. Guidelines advise cervical cancer screenings be completed every year depending upon whether the regular Pap test or the newer liquid-based test is administered.

Some research suggests that black women do not receive screenings as often as other populations. Statistics also show that young black women are disproportionately affected by more aggressive forms of breast cancer and tend to develop cancer at an earlier age than white women. Statistics from the American Cancer Society indicate that black women are more likely to die from breast cancer than

any other racial or ethnic population and are less likely than white women to survive five years after a diagnosis with most forms of cancer. Additionally, about one-third of black women who get breast cancer are younger than age 50. Encouraging black women to participate in appropriate cancer screenings could help lower the mortality statistics among this population.

You play a key role as the forefront contact in providing care for your patients! If you see a patient who has an abnormality with a breast or cervical screening, you can direct her to the Oklahoma Cares program. For women who qualify, this program can provide treatment for breast and cervical cancer and precancerous conditions. Oklahoma Cares offers an opportunity to assist women who are uninsured or have no other insurance covering breast and cervical cancer diagnosis or treatment. A woman is admitted to the program after being screened under the Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program, also known as the Take Charge! program in Oklahoma. You can find a Take Charge! screener in your area by calling the Oklahoma State Department of Health at 866-550-5585.

It is our hope that your commitment to care and knowledge of this program will help more black women lead healthier lives as a result of an earlier awareness of risks and identification of preventive health care measures, as well as opportunity for appropriate treatment.

If you are a licensed health care provider and are interested in becoming a certified screener, call 866-550-5585 or e-mail Okcares@health.ok.gov.

An additional 3.5 percent provider rate reduction was canceled by the Oklahoma Health Care Authority Board of Directors after a formal budget agreement for the balance of State Fiscal Year 2010 was announced by Gov. Brad Henry and the state Legislature on Feb. 18.

A previous 3.25 percent reduction in SoonerCare provider rates that goes into effect April 1 will stand, as OHCA's budget was significantly impacted by the statewide revenue shortage and the requirement for a balanced budget.

At their February meeting, the OHCA board had authorized the agency staff to look at further reducing provider rates in order to balance the budget.

"We are thankful that the cut was minimized and that SoonerCare was identified as a priority. Our board and agency has long held that paying our providers an adequate rate is critical to ensure access to care for our members. We have not changed that position," said Dr. Lynn Mitchell, state Medicaid director.

All the other budget reductions authorized by the board in December, January and February will likely remain in place since the revenue shortfalls continue.

"We are hopeful that our providers can and will stick with us through these tough times until the economy rebounds and we can fully rebound the provider rates," Mitchell said. "We appreciate you for serving some of Oklahoma's most vulnerable populations - children, pregnant women, senior citizens and people with disabilities. Hundreds of thousands of Oklahomans are grateful for your skills, talents and care."



Tobacco Cessation cont'd from page 1

Who can perform the 5As?

- Physicians.
- Physician assistants.
- Nurse practitioners.
- Nurse midwives.
- Oklahoma State Department of Health.
- Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs).
- Dentists.

A compensable service must include:

- A separate progress note with member-specific information addressing the 5As counseling.
- Beginning and ending times performing the service and signature with credentials of the direct service provider.

Payments and coding:

- Services are paid in addition to other appropriate services rendered on the same day.
- Use code 99406 for a three- to 10-minute counseling session.
- Use code 99407 for a counseling session of more than 10 minutes.
- Dental Code is D1320.
- No billing for less than three minutes.
- SoonerCare members are qualified for a total of eight sessions per year.

Help for providers who want to help:

- 5As Documentation Form CH-18, which details the required 5As counseling steps, is available at www.okhca. org/providers/forms (This is an optional form; providers can create their own clinical notes if they prefer).
- Informational fliers, suitable for posting in waiting rooms and hallways, can be ordered at www.okhca.org/help-is-here.
- The Oklahoma Tobacco Helpline is a great referral resource: 1-800-QUIT-NOW (English) or 1-800-793-1552 (Spanish). In addition to referring members, providers can contact the Helpline for educational materials by calling and requesting provider resources from the quit coach. Visit www.ok.gov/tset/Programs/Helpline.html for more information about the Oklahoma Tobacco Helpline.
- The OHCA Call Tree is also available for additional information. Call 800-522-0114.
- Call 211 or your local health department for communityspecific resources and materials.

Did you know?

SoonerCare offers a 90-day prescription coverage for nicotine replacement products (when medically appropriate), such as:

- Nicotine patches, gum, lozenges and inhalers.
- Zyban.
- Chantix.

Coverage beyond 90 days requires prior authorization and proof of enrollment in a behavior modification program. For pharmacy-related questions, please call 800-522-0114 (option 4) or e-mail your questions to: Pharmacy@okhca.org.

11

Chief Executive Officer Mike Fogarty

Medicaid Director Lynn Mitchell, MD, MPH

Lyle Roggow

Managing Editor Meri McManus

Public Information Representative

OHCA Board of Directors

Chairman, Duncan
Anthony Armstrong
Vice Chairman, Muskogee
George A. Miller, Bethany
Sandra Langenkamp, Tulsa

Melvin R. McVay Jr., Oklahoma City

Ed McFall, Lawton/Frederick

Ann Bryant, Enid

Provider Update is published by the Oklahoma Health Care Authority for Oklahoma's medical providers.

This publication is issued by the Oklahoma Health Care Authority in conjunction with ghost, as authorized by 63 O.S. Supp. 1997, Section 5013. Twenty eight thousand pieces have been printed at a cost of .32 cents per copy. Copies have been deposited with the Publications Clearinghouse of the Oklahoma Department of Libraries.

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age or disability in employment or the provision of services.

Please submit any questions or comments to Meri McManus in the Oklahoma Health Care Authority's Public Information Office at (405) 522-7026.

Oklahoma Health Care Authority 4545 N. Lincoln Blvd., Ste. 124, Oklahoma City, OK 73105-9901

OHCA Provider Helpline: 800-522-0114 or 405-522-6205



provider+update spring2010



PRSRT STP

US POSTAGE

OKLA. CITY, OK

PERMIT NO. 324

Oklahoma Health Care Authority 4545 North Lincoln Boulevard, Suite 124 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-9901