

OKLAHOMA EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT UTILIZATION: JULY 2012 THROUGH JUNE 2015

AUGUST 24, 2016

Government Human Services Consulting

CONTENTS

| | |
|---|-----|
| 1. Introduction | 1 |
| • Approach | 2 |
| • Study Limitations | 3 |
| 2. Oklahoma Medicaid Program | 4 |
| • Oklahoma Medicaid Program Background | 4 |
| • Delivery Models | 4 |
| • SoonerCare Initiatives | 6 |
| 3. Emergency Department Utilization | 10 |
| • Statistical Analysis Introduction | 10 |
| • Statistical Analyses | 10 |
| • LANE Analysis Introduction | 18 |
| 4. Conclusion | 28 |
| Appendix A: Statistical Analysis Tables | 30 |
| Appendix B: LANE Analysis | 109 |

1

Introduction

In 2014 The Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA) contracted with Mercer Government Human Services Consulting (Mercer), a part of Mercer Health & Benefits LLC, to conduct a multi-year analysis of one of the key drivers of health care cost, emergency department (ED) utilization. In November, 2015 Mercer submitted the report “Oklahoma Emergency Department Utilization.” The report included a description of the OHCA program, development of an OHCA definition of “inappropriate” ED utilization, statistical analysis of ED utilization, summary of low-acuity non-emergent (LANE) ED utilization, geospatial analysis of ED utilization and LANE for July 2012 through December 2013, and analysis of eight state approaches to managing ED utilization.

As described in the 2015 report, EDs have become the front door to health care for many Americans, and often, ED visits are for non-urgent — and even routine — health care problems. According to Cheung et al., the probability that an individual will seek care at the ED increases if there are barriers to timely care in other settings.¹ The Medicaid and Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Payment and Access Commission (MACPAC) states that “...approximately one third of adult and 13 percent of child enrollees have reported barriers to finding a doctor or delays in getting needed care.”² The costs of these low-acuity ED visits can be more than triple the cost of treatment in a primary or urgent care setting. Nationally the estimates of waste in the health care system related to unnecessary ED visits totaled approximately \$14 billion in 2010, not including replacement costs had services been delivered in a more appropriate setting. However, to put spending for ED visits in perspective, the MACPAC estimated that spending on ED visits represented only about 4% of the overall Medicaid spend in 2011.³ In Oklahoma’s SoonerCare program ED services accounted for approximately \$144 million for state fiscal year 2013 (SFY13), \$148 million for state fiscal year 2014 (SFY14) and \$150 million for state fiscal year 2015 (SFY15), approximately 5% each year of the State’s total Medicaid spend.

State legislatures, Medicaid program directors, hospitals and other stakeholders are keenly interested in “avoidable” ED visits because they are often representative of other challenges in the health care delivery system. As noted in the landmark 2001 report by the Institute of

¹ Chueng, P.T., Wiler, W.L., and Ginde, A.A. “Changes in Barriers to Primary Care and Emergency Department Utilization”. 2011 Archives of Internal Medicine 171, no. 15: 1319 – 1320.

² Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission, *MACStats*, Tables 24 – 27, March 2014, available at <https://www.macpac.gov/publication/macstats-archive/>, accessed 28 June 2015.

³ Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission, *MACFacts*, “Revisiting Emergency Department Use in Medicaid,” July 2014, available at <https://www.macpac.gov/publication/mac-facts-revisiting-emergency-department-use-in-medicaid/>, accessed 29 July 2015.

Medicine, *Crossing the Quality Chasm*⁴, health care should be safe, timely, efficient, equitable, effective and patient centered. In many ways inappropriate ED utilization has become the “face” for what is wrong with the health care system: mainly that it represents a fragmented delivery model that is problem focused and volume driven with little concern for quality and value.

It has been, and continues to be, the OHCA’s mission “...to responsibly purchase state and federally funded health care in the most efficient and comprehensive manner possible; and to analyze and recommend strategies for optimizing the accessibility and quality of health care; and to cultivate relationships to improve the health outcomes of Oklahomans”. To that end the OHCA is seeking to fully understand a critical component of their SoonerCare program expense. They are committed to engaging data analytic models to quantify the issues, identify drivers, implement refinements to existing initiatives, identify new strategies to more appropriately manage inappropriate ED utilization, and to develop member-centric, coordinated, efficient, and effective systems of care for the most vulnerable Oklahomans.

Approach

As part of the year one project, Mercer was asked to help the OHCA document a definition of “inappropriate” ED utilization and identify how the definition may differ from the provider’s perspective. Mercer’s approach to this task included conducting telephonic interviews with various stakeholders including OHCA staff members, community primary care physicians, hospital representatives, and ED physicians. The result was development and use of the term Primary Care Treatable/Low-Acuity Non Emergent (PCT/LANE) ED utilization.⁵ This term will be used in the discussion of the OHCA population analysis results.

During year one of the project, the Mercer team gained a strong foundational knowledge of the OHCA Medicaid program. This included gaining a comprehensive understanding of the SoonerCare program including the populations covered under each of the different delivery models, the various population health management programs and the specific activities and interventions developed to address inappropriate ED utilization. Based on direction from the OHCA, during year two of the project Mercer was able to refine the analytic approach to provide a picture of ED utilization for those populations and topics of most interest to the OHCA over SFY13 (July 1, 2012–June 30, 2013), SFY14 (July 1, 2013–June 30, 2014) and SFY15 (July 1, 2014–June 30, 2015). As noted in year one of the project, as part of the data validation process several data anomalies, described in the Study Limitations section below, were

⁴ Institute of Medicine, “Crossing the Quality Chasm,” March 1, 2001, available at <https://iom.nationalacademies.org/Reports/2001/Crossing-the-Quality-Chasm-A-New-Health-System-for-the-21st-Century.aspx> accessed 29 July 2015.

⁵ Primary Care Treatable/Low-Acuity Non Emergent: SoonerCare member ED visits for low-acuity conditions, as well as primary care treatable and/or low-acuity non-emergent conditions that, with evidence based and consistent outpatient management may not have deteriorated to the point of necessitating a SoonerCare member ED visit. Examples of low-acuity conditions include cough, diaper rash, urinary tract infections, and sore throat. Examples of primary care treatable ambulatory care sensitive conditions include asthma, diabetes, and hypertension.

discovered, which resulted in the inability to address certain components of the proposed ED study.

Mercer's team of health care informatics specialists worked closely with the OHCA's information systems program staff to obtain the requisite health care claim data and member eligibility information for the period January 2014 through June 2015 which was merged with the data used as part of year one of the project (July 2012 – December 2013). As part of the data intake process for the additional data, Mercer completed extensive data validation and linked member demographic and utilization data with provider and hospital information. This intensive process resulted in the creation of hierarchies to assign members to either the SoonerCare Traditional or SoonerCare Choice programs. Members were assigned to the appropriate aid category within the SoonerCare Traditional or SoonerCare Choice program based on the aid category in which they spent the majority of that SFY. In year two of the project, the OHCA was particularly interested in analyzing data for members of the aged, blind, and disabled (ABD) population so this aid category was analyzed as a total aid category as well as by specific ABD waiver group. These program and aid category groupings were used to complete the statistical analysis of ED utilization and apply Mercer's low-acuity non-emergent (LANE) methodology. Mercer's LANE algorithm is used in other Medicaid programs across the country to quantify the component of ED utilization that is low-acuity non-emergent and will be used to understand the component of SoonerCare ED utilization considered PCT/LANE.

Mercer has been actively engaged in evaluation of Medicaid ED utilization on a national level for almost ten years. Our LANE algorithm not only quantifies the potential avoidable costs it also recognizes and adjusts for the service to be provided in a lower, more appropriate level of care. Mercer has developed dashboards to present analysis results so that our state partners can use the information to further refine and adjust their programs based on the unique nature of each state and population served.

Study Limitations

As noted earlier there were data issues that prevented certain proposed data analyses. In part, some of the data issues were related to the historical nature of the review period such as information pertaining to the tracking of a SoonerCare member's enrollment in a particular population health management program or engagement in multiple programs over the course of the study period. Thus, Mercer was not able to draw conclusions about the effectiveness of one type of ED diversionary tactic over another or the efficacy on one population health program intervention over another. For the topics that Mercer was not able to analyze both the OHCA and Mercer have agreed to continue to work towards data enhancement processes in an effort to more fully evaluate these particular areas of the evaluation in subsequent data analysis periods.

2

Oklahoma Medicaid Program

Oklahoma Medicaid Program Background

Since its inception under legislative mandate in 1993, the OHCA has sought to improve access to and decrease costs of the State's Medicaid program, known as SoonerCare. In the past twenty-two years the SoonerCare program has expanded and matured to provide statewide coverage through a wide variety of health care benefits and innovative programs to a diverse population of adults and children, often considered to be the most vulnerable citizens in the State. To accomplish its goal the OHCA utilizes two different health care delivery models through which it administers the various benefit packages.

Understanding the two different health care delivery models, the unique "faces" of the people served under those models, as well as the benefits and care coordination interventions offered to those populations is critical to understanding the results contained within this analysis of ED utilization.

Delivery Models

SoonerCare Traditional

In this "traditional" fee-for-service (FFS) payment model SoonerCare Traditional enrollees receive a comprehensive medical benefit plan and can access services from contracted SoonerCare providers; enrollees are not required to select a primary care provider (PCP). In turn, the OHCA pays the provider on a FFS basis according to a predetermined fee schedule. SoonerCare Traditional provides coverage for members who are institutionalized, in state or tribal custody, covered under a commercial health maintenance organization (HMO), enrolled under one of the home-and community-based services (HCBS) waivers or are dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid. Dually eligible individuals receive both Medicare and Medicaid services; approximately one third of SoonerCare Traditional enrollees are dually eligible. According to the Kaiser Commission on Medicaid Facts, "Dual eligibles often have multiple chronic conditions and are more likely to be hospitalized, use emergency rooms and require long-term care".⁶ When an individual is dually eligible it is Medicare that typically pays for the ED visit and Medicaid may pay only the co-pay (if applicable). Other demographic characteristics of the SoonerCare Traditional population over the three SFYs of analysis include, a higher percentage of females, more than 60%, and individuals 65 years of age and older (approximately 16%). Additionally, just over 50% of SoonerCare Traditional enrollees live in rural areas where access to primary care may be more limited than in more urban areas. While additional demographic

⁶ Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, "Dual Eligibles: Medicaid's Role for Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries," May 2011, available at <http://kff.org/medicaid/fact-sheet/dual-eligibles-medicoids-role-for-low-income-2/> accessed 29 July 2015.

information can be found in Section 3 of this report, this information helps to illustrate the “faces” of SoonerCare Traditional enrollees.

SoonerCare Choice

Unlike the “traditional” FFS model, SoonerCare Choice provides a type of managed care option typically referred to as “enhanced” Primary Care Case Management (ePCCM), more commonly known as the patient-centered medical home (PCMH) model. The PCMH model is centered on enrollees selecting a PCP who is responsible for providing a medical home for the member. Medical home providers are expected to engage members in care through proactive outreach, delivery of care coordination services and/or linking them to community programs and services in an effort to assist the member in navigating the health care system. The OHCA contracts directly with PCPs throughout the state to provide medical home/care coordination services and in turn the PCPs receive a monthly care coordination payment. Monthly payments vary depending on the level of medical home/care coordination services provided and the mix of adults and children the PCP’s practice accepts. Additionally, PCPs may be eligible to receive performance incentive payments after certain quality improvement goals, as defined under the Sooner Excel program, are met. Similar to the traditional FFS model all other services are reimbursed on a FFS basis. The SoonerCare Choice model provides Medicaid benefits to approximately 60% of all SoonerCare enrollees. Other populations covered under the SoonerCare Choice program include pregnant women, individuals in need of breast and/or cervical cancer treatment, disabled children and people classified as ABD. Unlike their SoonerCare Traditional counterparts, SoonerCare Choice enrollees are more evenly distributed across gender with females comprising approximately 55% of the population and they represent a much younger group with 50% of the population less than 11 years of age (nearly 80% are less than 21 years of age). Additionally, SoonerCare Choice members are more likely to live in urban areas with 50% clustered in areas such as Oklahoma City, and Tulsa.

Other SoonerCare Programs

The OHCA operates a number of other programs that offer either limited benefits or premium assistance to qualifying individuals. Not all of the enrollees in these programs may qualify for standard SoonerCare benefits but are able to receive additional assistance. During the analysis phase review of eligibility files submitted by the OHCA indicated that some individuals demonstrated eligibility across different programs throughout the study period. The majority of individuals who demonstrated eligibility in one of the programs below were attributed to the SoonerCare Traditional bucket for the purposes of this analysis.

- *Long-Term Care Services:* Long-Term Care Services offer additional benefits to certain members who are enrolled in SoonerCare Traditional or SoonerCare Supplemental plans. These benefits could include long-term care facility services, in-home personal care services and/or home and community-based services. The HCBS benefit provides medical and other supportive services as an alternative to a member entering a nursing home or hospital setting.

- *Sooner Plan:* SoonerPlan is a benefit plan covering limited services related to family planning. SoonerPlan provides family planning services and contraceptive products to women and men age 19 and older who do not choose or typically qualify for full SoonerCare benefits.
- *Soon-to-be-Sooners:* Soon-to-be-Sooners is a limited benefit plan providing pregnancy-related medical services to women who do not qualify for full scope benefits due to their immigration status.
- *SoonerCare Supplemental:* SoonerCare Supplemental is a benefit plan for dually eligible members enrolled in both Medicare and Medicaid. SoonerCare Supplemental pays the Medicare coinsurance and deductible and provides medical benefits that supplement those services covered by Medicare.
- *Insure Oklahoma Employer-Sponsored Insurance (ESI):* ESI is a benefit plan providing premium assistance to qualified employees and spouses of Oklahoma small businesses employing 99 or fewer workers. With ESI, the cost of health insurance premiums is shared by the employer, the employee, and OHCA. Children of the ESI members with income higher than SoonerCare income standards are covered through their family's private insurance plan, and Insure Oklahoma subsidizes a portion of the family's premium costs.
- *Insure Oklahoma Individual Plan (IP):* IP is a health insurance option for qualified Oklahomans. This benefit plan offers some basic health services to uninsured adults up to age 64, whose household income meets income requirements, and who are not receiving Medicaid or Medicare. The IP is available to people who meet the definition in one of the following groups: 1) Working adults who do not qualify for ESI and work for an Oklahoma business with 99 or fewer employees, 2) Temporarily unemployed adults who qualify to receive unemployment benefits, 3) Working adults with a disability who work for any size employer and have a ticket to work, or 4) Adults who are self-employed. College students age 19 through 22 who meet financial requirements may also receive benefits under Insure Oklahoma.

SoonerCare Initiatives

While the SoonerCare Choice program has undergone significant evolution since its early years, the program's overarching goals have remained constant: to provide accessible, high quality, and cost effective care to the Oklahoma Medicaid population. To this end, over the past seven years, the OHCA has consistently looked for opportunities to implement innovative initiatives to continue movement toward goal attainment. The OHCA's activities can be classified into two categories: population care management and PCP practice transformation. The work accomplished under each of these initiatives serves many purposes including engagement of SoonerCare enrollees to be more active in making decisions about where to receive their health care, as well as developing self-management skills to support each individual's ongoing effort to manage their chronic conditions — all of which can serve to manage ED utilization.

Population Care Management Care Management

The care management unit focuses on the episodic health care needs of several groups including the following:

- Obstetric case management for at-risk or high-risk maternity events including targeting interventions at specific counties with high infant mortality rates.
- Pediatric case management for the first year of life for infants determined to be high-risk based on their residence in a county with high incidence of infant mortality. Infants who are screened to be at-risk secondary to an adverse birth outcome or chronic condition may also be case managed, along with children who are receiving private duty nursing.
- Other programs such as coordination of out-of-state services, support services for individuals undergoing breast or cervical cancer treatment, clinical reviews of individuals enrolled in a long-term care waiver (many of whom are enrolled in SoonerCare Traditional), medically complex adults and individuals who have a history of consistent ED usage.

Services provided under this group of programs include telephonic based outreach and dissemination of educational materials and linkages to community programs.

The Health Management Program and the Chronic Care Unit

These two programs are similar in nature but provide differing levels of engagement to targeted members. While the Chronic Care Unit (CCU) provides telephonic based support to identified members, the Health Management Program (HMP) supports the primary care practice transformation efforts through synergistic activities such as embedding health coaches and practice facilitators in larger volume primary care practices.

As part of the ED analysis, the OHCA requested evaluation of ED utilization outcomes between these two programs. Unfortunately existing member eligibility and program specific enrollment data did not support the necessary linking of members to each program during the study period.

Although the OHCA's HMP has evolved since its inception in 2008 the primary objective of the OHCA HMP is to provide holistic person-centered care management to members identified as having chronic conditions and being at high risk for both adverse outcomes and increased health care expenditures. The OHCA HMP emphasizes development of member self-management skills and provider adherence to evidence-based guidelines and best practices. As it exists today the OHCA HMP provides practice based health coaches, nurses who provide evidence based care to individuals with chronic conditions, and practice facilitators; specially trained individuals that assist primary care practices in the development of processes and infrastructure to support the ongoing management and engagement of individuals with chronic illness. While embedding health coaches/case managers directly in provider offices is a relatively new development in health care, early evidence suggests these activities can lead to

significant reduction in “inappropriate” service utilization including decreases in readmissions and management of ED utilization.

Similar to the OHCA’s HMP the OHCA’s CCU provides telephonic based health coaching to members who have same or similar conditions as those enrolled in OHCA’s HMP but who have not chosen a primary care practice that receives HMP support. While some telephonic disease management programs have enjoyed moderate success, in general, telephonic based programs, especially those targeted at Medicaid enrollees have typically experienced limited success. In part this is due to the transient nature of Medicaid enrollees and difficulty in maintaining viable contact information, as well as the difficulty in establishing therapeutic relationships in the absence of face-to-face encounters. During the next review phase Mercer will continue to work with the OHCA to try and identify members enrolled in each of these programs in an effort to more fully understand how these two models of care management may or may not have impacted ED utilization.

Delivery System Initiatives

Much of health services research focused on ED utilization hypothesizes that individuals use the ED for low-acuity non-emergent conditions because access to their PCP and/or availability of timely appointments is severely limited. In part this is due to the fact that primary care has moved away from a health and wellness model to a more volume driven, reactive, acute episodic based care delivery system. This also reflects the unique health care provider landscape within the state which results in Oklahoma ranking only 45th in the nation for total physicians per capita. In fact, according to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Health Resources and Services Administration, 64 of the State's 77 counties area classified as having a primary medical care provider shortage. Due to a number of factors, over the past several years efforts to re-invigorate or “transform” primary care have surfaced. More importantly these efforts have shown early positive returns in their attempts to align payment with quality outcomes and to place the member back at the center of care. In fact, recent research indicates that medical home models can curb “inappropriate” ED utilization between 5–8%.⁷

Patient-Centered Medical Home

OHCA introduced their PCMH model in 2009. In this model members are aligned with a PCP who is responsible for meeting strict access and quality of care standards. PCMH providers are arrayed into three levels, or tiers, depending on the number of standards they meet. OHCA pays monthly care management fees (in addition to regular fee-for-service payments) based on the tier achieved (higher reimbursement rates for higher tiers). Providers can also earn “SoonerExcel” quality incentives for meeting performance targets, such as member preventive care, appropriate member use of the ED and generic drug prescription practices.

⁷ David, G., Gunnarsson, C., Saynisch, P.A., Chawla, R., Nigam, S. “Do Patient-Centered Medical Homes Reduce Emergency Department Visits?” Health Services Research, April, 2015; 50(2):418-39.

Health Access Network

In 2010, OHCA expanded upon their PCMH model by contracting with three health access network (HAN) provider systems. The HANs are community-based, integrated networks intended to advance program access, quality and cost-effectiveness goals by offering greater care coordination support to affiliated PCMH providers. In part, the HANs endeavor to provide a more vertically integrated health services delivery model. However, based on their structure, HANs provide a foundational element for future population health management activities and potential to pilot alternative payment mechanisms that can help the transition away from volume to value.

3

Emergency Department Utilization

Statistical Analysis Introduction

The OHCA shared member eligibility, provider, and member claims data files with Mercer for the three years under review (2012–2015). The data were parsed, analyzed and are presented by SFY: SFYs begin July 1 of each year and end on June 30 of the following calendar year. The OHCA eligibility system allows member assignment in multiple aid categories in one month. For purposes of analysis, a hierarchy was provided by the OHCA to assign one aid category for each month of eligibility. For each month of eligibility with a PCMH selection, a member was categorized as SoonerCare Choice, otherwise the member was categorized as SoonerCare Traditional. Given that a member could change membership in SoonerCare programs during the SFY, each member was placed into a single combination of the eligibility fields based on the program in which they were enrolled during the majority of their enrollment for that SFY. For example, if a member was in SoonerCare Traditional for eight months, but SoonerCare Choice for three months, they were categorized as a SoonerCare Traditional member for that SFY for purposes of statistical analysis.

From the member claims files, ED visits were counted per member, and paid claims were summed to calculate total visits and ED per member per month (PMPM) dollars paid during the study period. The primary diagnosis code for each ED visit was captured from the member claims file. Members were categorized as “frequent ED users” if they had four or more ED visits in the SFY being analyzed. An ED visit was defined as someone who was treated and released; or an individual who had an ED visit but was not subsequently admitted to the hospital.

Statistical Analyses

Mercer conducted descriptive statistical analyses and data were summarized for the entire SoonerCare population, SoonerCare Choice, and SoonerCare Traditional programs. The ED utilization descriptive analysis included only members with at least one ED visit during the study period. ED utilization rates per 1,000 member months were calculated as the number of ED visits divided by the number of member months, multiplied by 1,000. Complete tables of statistical analyses are presented in Appendix A.

It is important at this point to note limitations in the analysis conducted. The first is that crossover claims for members who are dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid were not available. Because Medicaid is the payer of last resort there may be ED visits by a portion of the population for which claims data were not analyzed. Second, incomplete data for day and time of ED visit made analysis based on these variables unreliable. Finally, analysis of ED utilization, relative cost and return on investment by initiative is limited due to the movement between the OHCA population health programs noted above and the absence of historical files indicating

which program or programs a member may have received interventions from during the study period.

SoonerCare Population Demographics

Over the course of the three years of data Mercer analyzed, the demographic characteristics of the SoonerCare population, which is just over one million members, remained fairly stable. As of SFY15, more than 61% of the SoonerCare population was under the age of 21, female and Caucasian; across the three years of data there was some variance in the racial distribution of the population and an increase in the number of individuals who declined to select a racial category (see Exhibit 1, Exhibit 2, Exhibit 3, Exhibit 4). The percentage of pregnant members remained consistent at 5% across all three SFYs analyzed. (See Appendix A Table 1: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 2: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 3: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 for comprehensive descriptive analyses of the SoonerCare Population)

Exhibit 1: SoonerCare Member Demographics by Age

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–December 2015

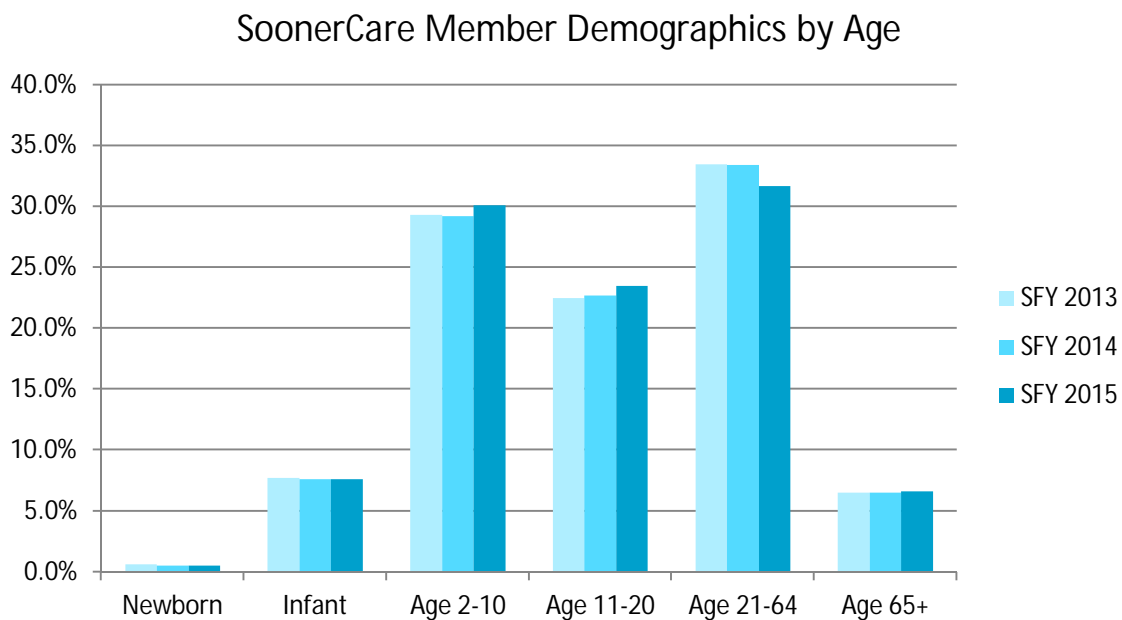


Exhibit 2: SoonerCare Member Demographics by Gender

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–December 2015

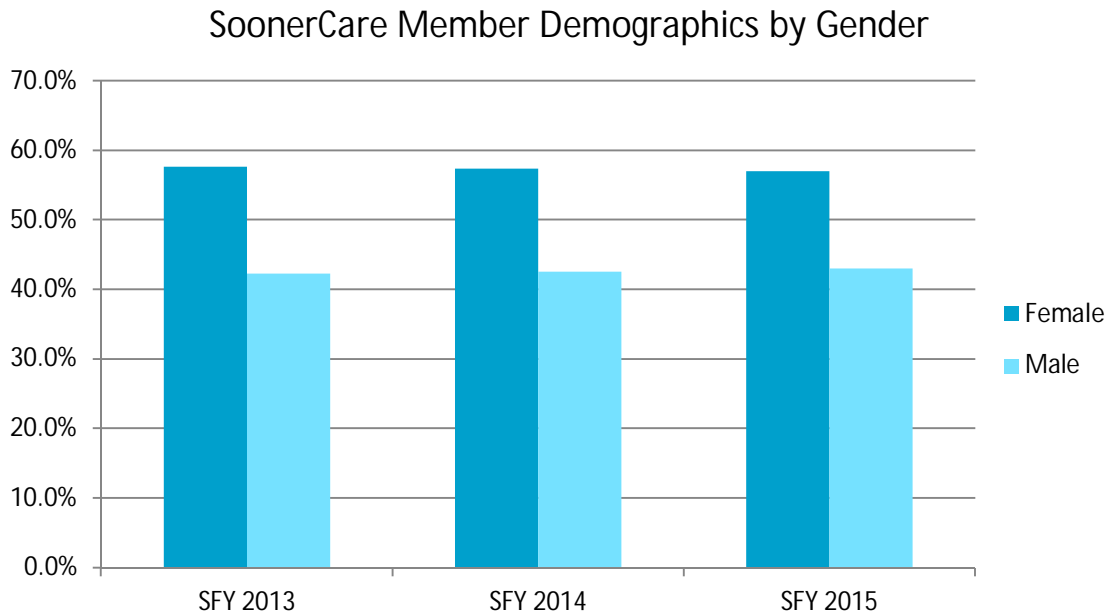


Exhibit 3: SoonerCare Member Demographics by Race

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–December 2015

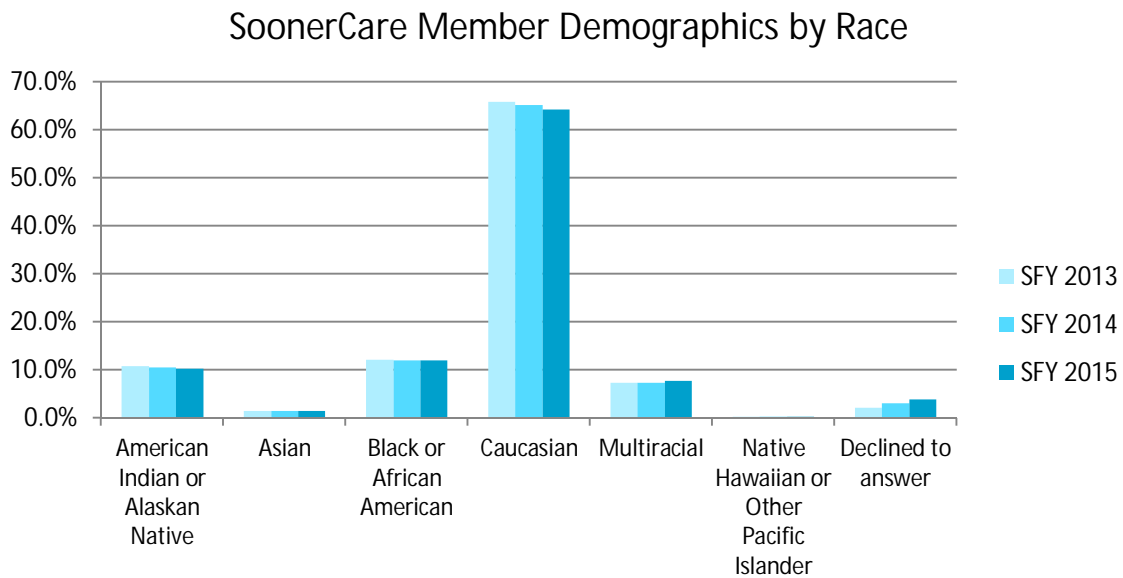
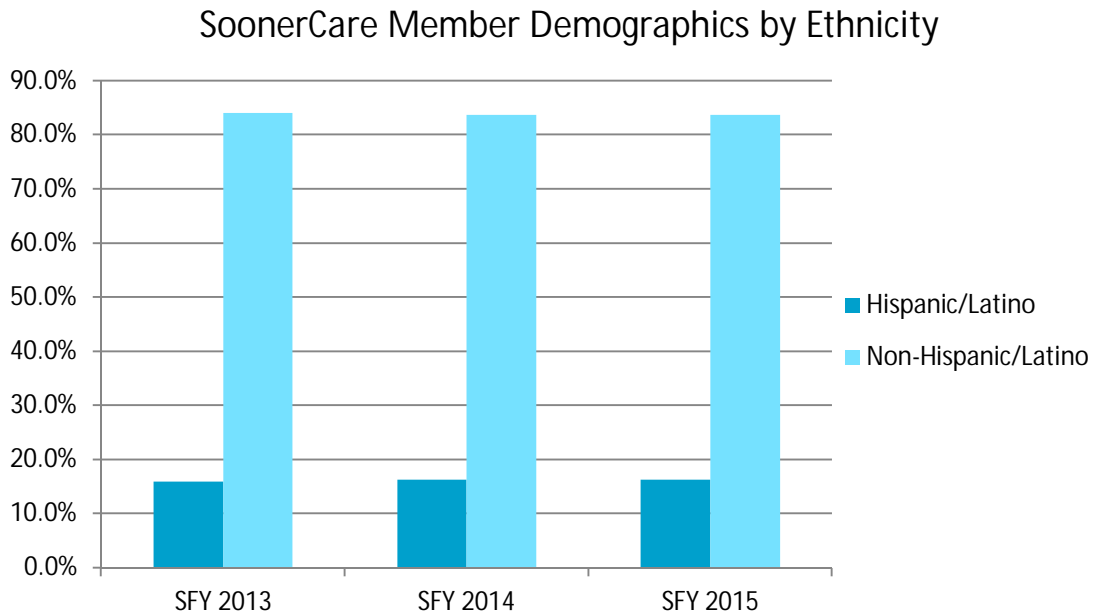


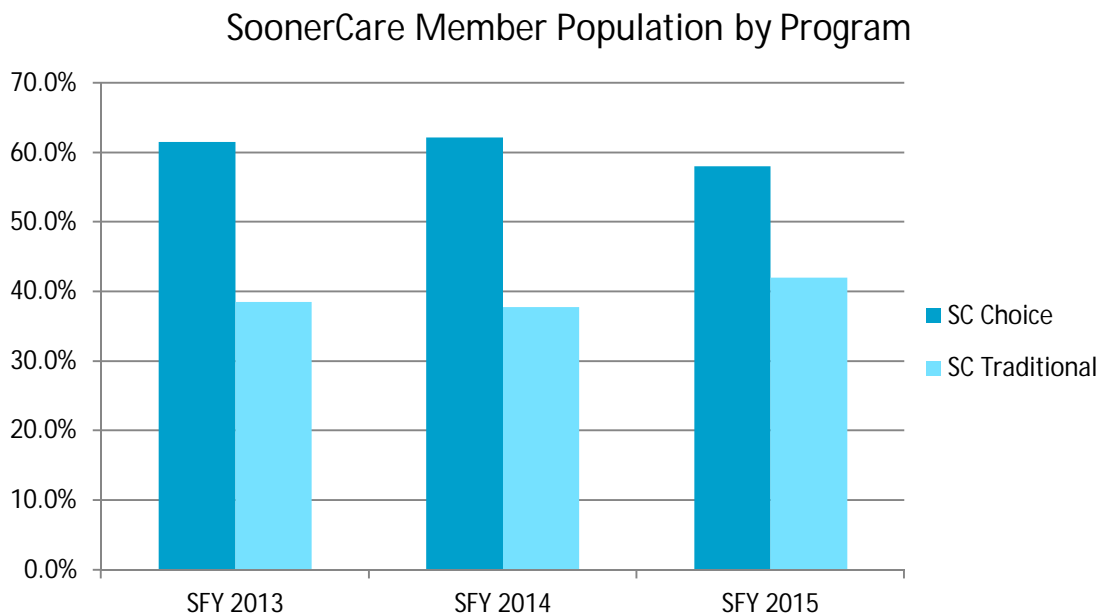
Exhibit 4: SoonerCare Member Demographics by Ethnicity
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System,
July 2012–December 2015



In SFY15 there was a decrease in the total SoonerCare population and there was a slight shift in the distribution of membership between the SoonerCare Choice and SoonerCare Traditional populations. One key item when considering this decrease in total SoonerCare population was the change in approach to passive enrollment. Historically SoonerCare enrollment was passively renewed when their income and other criteria were met. For example, in December 2013 approximately 25,355 applications were renewed via the passive renewal process. As of July 2014 the passive renewal process was suspended. This may account for some of the decrease in the total enrollment for SFY15.

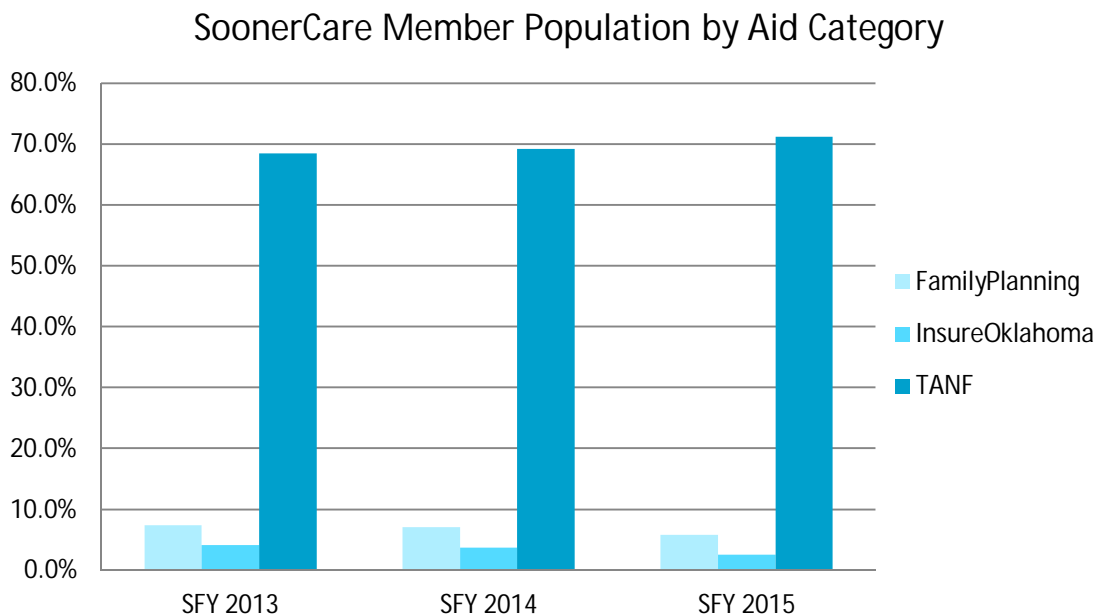
In SFY13 the population was split with 61.5% in SoonerCare Choice and 38.5% in SoonerCare Traditional. In SFY14 the percentage in SoonerCare Choice increased to 62.2% but in SFY15 the percentage of the population in SoonerCare Choice decreased to 58.0% (see Exhibit 5). There were 38,495 more people in the SoonerCare Traditional population in SFY15 than in SFY14, a shift of more than four percentage points. This shift is interesting in that the largest shift in the distribution by age in the SoonerCare population was a 1.3 percentage point decrease in the number of members age 21–64.

Exhibit 5: SoonerCare Member Population by Program
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–December 2015



The population in the majority of the aid categories that were analyzed was very stable across the three SFYs. The exceptions were the Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma and TANF aid categories. Over the three years Family Planning decreased from 7.4% in SFY13 of the SoonerCare population to 5.9% in SFY15, Insure Oklahoma also decreased from 4.2% in SFY13 to 2.6% in SFY15. In contrast the TANF population increased from 68.5% in SFY13 to 69.3% in SFY14, up to 71.3% in SFY15 (see Exhibit 6). The SoonerCare population has been geographically stable and fairly evenly split, between rural (approximately 46%) and urban (approximately 53%) areas across the three SFYs.

Exhibit 6: SoonerCare Member Population by Aid Category
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System,
 July 2012–December 2015



SoonerCare Choice Population Demographics

Although there was some shift in the number of individuals in the SoonerCare Choice program, a decrease of 3.4% from SFY13 to SFY15, the demographic characteristics of the SoonerCare Choice population as a subset of the total SoonerCare population remained fairly stable across the three years of data analyzed by Mercer. For example, in all three SFYs more than 50% of the population was under 10 years and almost 80% of the population was under age 21. A slightly smaller percentage of the SoonerCare Choice population was female compared to the full SoonerCare population in all three SFYs. Across all three SFYs, the most marked distinction in the SoonerCare Choice population was that more than 92% were part of the TANF aid category.

While a slight change, it is worth noting that there seems to be a shift to more of the SoonerCare Choice population being in an urban (54.5% SFY13 and 55.8% SFY15) as opposed to rural (44.5% SFY13 and 43.2% SFY15) location. As shown in last year's report, the rate of PCT/LANE ED utilization is higher in the urban locations, so this geographic movement in the SoonerCare Choice population may be of interest to the OHCA (see Appendix A Table 4: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 5: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 6: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015).

SoonerCare Traditional Population Demographics

There was a slight decrease (6,319 members) in the SoonerCare Traditional population from SFY13 to SFY14. However, as noted above, there was an increase of more than 38,000 in the SoonerCare Traditional program from SFY14 to SFY15; the population reaching nearly 430,000 members. This represents a shift of nearly 4% from SFY13 to SFY15. As previously described, this shift may be attributed, at least in part, to suspension of the passive enrollment process in SFY 14.

Due to this population shift the demographics of the SoonerCare Traditional population from SFY14 to SFY15 have greater differences than a comparison of SFY13 to SFY14. Notably, there is a shift in the age of the SoonerCare Traditional population in SFY15. In SFY13 27.4% of the population was under age 21, in SFY14 26.8% was under age 21 but in SFY15 36.8% of the population was under age 21. Although there is some shift in the gender composition of the SoonerCare Traditional population, a higher percentage male, the shift is not as dramatic as the shift in age.

In SFY15 Nearly 25% of the SoonerCare Traditional population was in the ABD aid category, a percentage that was fairly consistent across all three SFYs. In SFY15, 14% of the SoonerCare Traditional population was in the Family Planning aid category, a change from SFY13 which was 19.3% and SFY14 which was 18.7%. There was also a notable change in the percentage of the SoonerCare Population in the Insure Oklahoma aid category. In SFY15 only 6.3% of the SoonerCare Population was in this aid category, a decrease from the 9.8% in SFY14 and 11.0% in SFY13. Approximately 30% of the SoonerCare Traditional population is dually eligible (see Appendix A Table 7: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 8: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 9: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015).

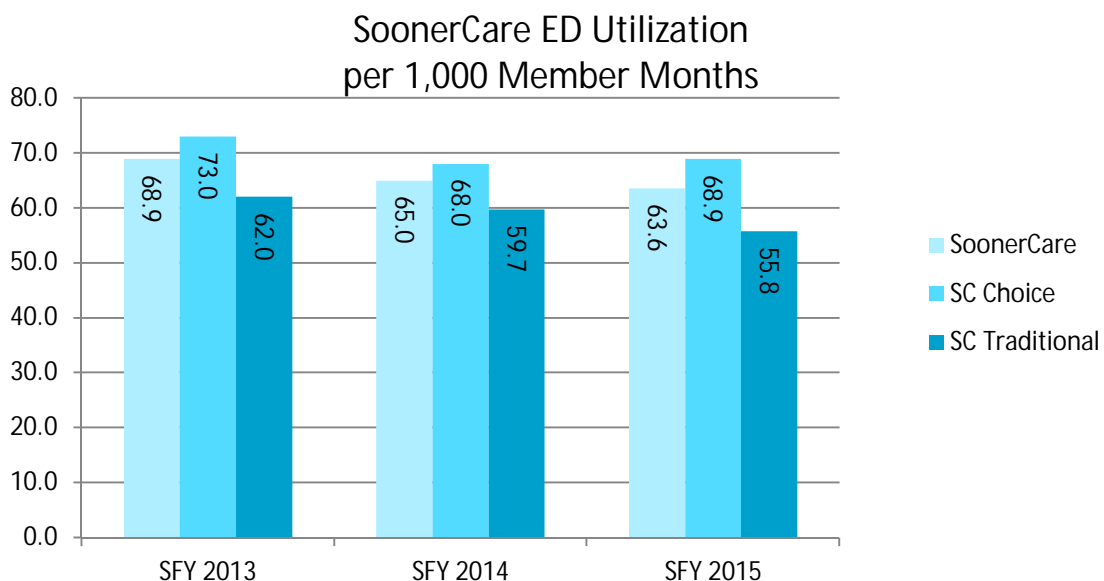
ED Utilization Descriptive Analyses

Consistent with previous ED utilization analysis conducted for the SoonerCare population, members with higher rates of ED utilization were female and infants or those over 21 years of age. As could be anticipated, those in the ABD aid category and several of the ABD waivers had far higher ED utilization rates than any other aid category. It should be noted that the ABD waiver populations are small relative to the general population, so these rates should be considered with that caveat in mind (see Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare

Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015). The six most frequent ED diagnoses were consistent across all three SFYs for the SoonerCare population, the top four were consistent for the SoonerCare Choice population and the top five were consistent for the SoonerCare Traditional population (see Appendix A Table 22: Top 20 Diagnoses of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 23: Top 20 Diagnoses of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 24: Top 20 Diagnoses of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015).

Across the three SFYs analyzed for the SoonerCare population the rate of ED utilization per 1,000 member months (MM) decreased each year. In SFY13 the rate was 68.9/1,000 MM, in SFY14 the rate was 65.0/1,000 MM, and in SFY15 the rate was 63.6/1,000 MM. While there was a decrease from SFY13 to SFY14 in the rate of ED utilization for the SoonerCare Choice population, there was a slight increase from SFY14 (68.0/1,000 MM) to SFY15 (68.9/1,000 MM). The rate of ED utilization per 1,000 MM decreased each SFY for the SoonerCare Traditional population from 62.0/1,000 MM in SFY13 to 59.7/1,000 MM in SFY14 to 55.8/1,000 MM in SFY15. Based on the decreases described it was not surprising to find an overall decrease in ED utilization per 1,000 MM for all age categories except those age 65+ in the SoonerCare population. The rate of ED utilization per 1,000 MM increased slightly each year for this age group (from 73.6/1,000 MM in SFY13 to 74.2/1,000 MM in SFY15) (see Exhibit 7). The rate also decreased each year for members in both the rural and urban locations (see Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015).

Exhibit 7: SoonerCare Emergency Department Utilization per 1,000 Member Months
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–December 2015



The SoonerCare population on the whole had decreased ED utilization per 1,000 MMs across all three SFYs. The rates of ED utilization per 1,000 MM in the SoonerCare Choice population showed variability across time and demographic groups. The exception to this is that the rate decreased each SFY for those members in the age group 21–64, from 139.6/1,000 MM in SFY13 to 129.9/1,000 MM in SFY14 to 127.2/1,000 MM in SFY15. The SoonerCare Traditional population demographic groups across time showed consistent decreases in the rate of ED utilization per 1,000 MMs. The exception being some variability across the three years in the rate for those ages 21–64 and 65+ (see Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013, Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014, Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015).

In the previous evaluation of ED utilization, after the initial descriptive analyses were completed, additional analyses were conducted with those members who were considered frequent ED utilizers (those with 6+ ED visits between July 1, 2012 and December 31, 2013). The majority of the results mirrored those in the overall descriptive analysis, meaning the population of frequent ED utilizers, in terms of gender, age, pregnancy and aid category, was similar to ED utilization overall. While the group of those considered frequent ED utilizers was adjusted in this year's report to 4+ ED visits for a twelve month period as opposed to 6+ over and eighteen month period, given the limited additional information gathered from these additional analyses in the previous report, descriptive analyses of frequent ED utilizers were not conducted for this year's report.

LANE Analysis Introduction

Mercer's low-acuity non-emergent (LANE) analysis provides a systematic and evidenced-based approach for evaluating trends and patterns of ED utilization. The LANE analysis was built specifically to identify and quantify the impact of low-acuity non-emergent ED usage. The analysis is underpinned by extensive health services research with additional input from an expert panel including ED physicians, state Medicaid chief medical officers, and other clinical providers with Medicaid and managed care organizations (MCO) experience.

There are two components of an ED visit that factor into consideration of a low-acuity non-emergent visit. The first is the diagnosis code. The International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision (ICD-9) is a coding method based on the World Health Organization's system for classification of diseases. Mercer has identified 701 ICD-9 codes that have the potential to be low-acuity non-emergent conditions.

The second component of an ED visit that factors into consideration of a LANE visit is the evaluation and management (E&M) code. E&M coding is the process by which physician-patient encounters are translated into five digit codes to facilitate billing. These are the numeric codes, which are submitted to insurers for payment. Visits to the ED are coded 99281, 99282, 99283, 99284, and 99285. For purposes of Mercer's LANE analysis ED visits that are coded 99281, 99282, or 99283 (lower level of clinical complexity) are considered "potentially preventable". Visits with an evaluation and management procedure code of 99284 or 99285 (higher level of

clinical complexity) are not included in the analysis of ED visits considered “potentially preventable”. These conditions are of high severity, may pose an immediate significant threat to life or physiologic function and require urgent evaluation by the physician or other health care professional. Conditions meeting these criteria are not considered a potentially preventable ED visit.

The following is a description of LANE results parsed into the SoonerCare Choice and SoonerCare Traditional populations. All tables and graphs prepared for the LANE analysis are presented in Appendix B.

Identification and Stratification of ED Visits

Mercer’s LANE analysis began with the identification of all ED visits within the study period. For this project, Mercer reviewed records of SoonerCare members’ ED visits for each SFY being analyzed (SFY13, SFY14, and SFY15). In order to quantify the comprehensive cost of an ED visit, Mercer aggregated all claims for the same member, at the same facility with the same date of service. The total ED visits and total ED dollars for each SFY are as follows (see Table 1 below):

Table 1: Total ED visits and total ED dollars

| Program | SFY13 Total ED Visits | SFY14 Total ED Visits | SFY15 Total ED Visits | SFY13 Total ED Dollars | SFY14 Total ED Dollars | SFY15 Total ED Dollars |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SoonerCare Choice | 429,745 | 439,574 | 432,494 | \$105,905,674 | \$115,512,357 | \$118,106,328 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | 240,468 | 211,646 | 216,515 | \$ 38,572,877 | \$ 32,314,511 | \$ 31,743,703 |

After all ED visits were identified and claims for an individual visit were aggregated, the medical diagnoses available on the visit record were compared to Mercer’s list of LANE diagnoses. The LANE diagnoses were categorized as “low-acuity, non-emergent” based on the clinical severity of the condition that drove the member to the ED. Mercer reviewed all available diagnosis information for a single ED claim and identified the subset of visits with a diagnosis on the list.

Mercer recognizes the significant challenges of influencing member behavior in a Medicaid population, as well as variation in clinical interpretations of the term “preventable”. As a result, each diagnosis in the LANE analysis is assigned a unique percentage, which represents the portion of visits with that diagnosis code that could be redirected to a more appropriate setting, or avoided entirely. These percentages are applied to the observed utilization by diagnosis code to quantify the “potentially preventable” ED utilization. Mercer also considers the input of the attending physician through the procedure code information attached to the claim. Cases that are indicated as having the highest level of medical complexity (99284 or 99285) are not included in the analysis of ED visits considered “potentially preventable”. These conditions are of high severity, may pose an immediate significant threat to life or physiologic function and require urgent evaluation by the physician or other health care professional. ED visits with conditions meeting these criteria are not considered as potentially preventable ED visits.

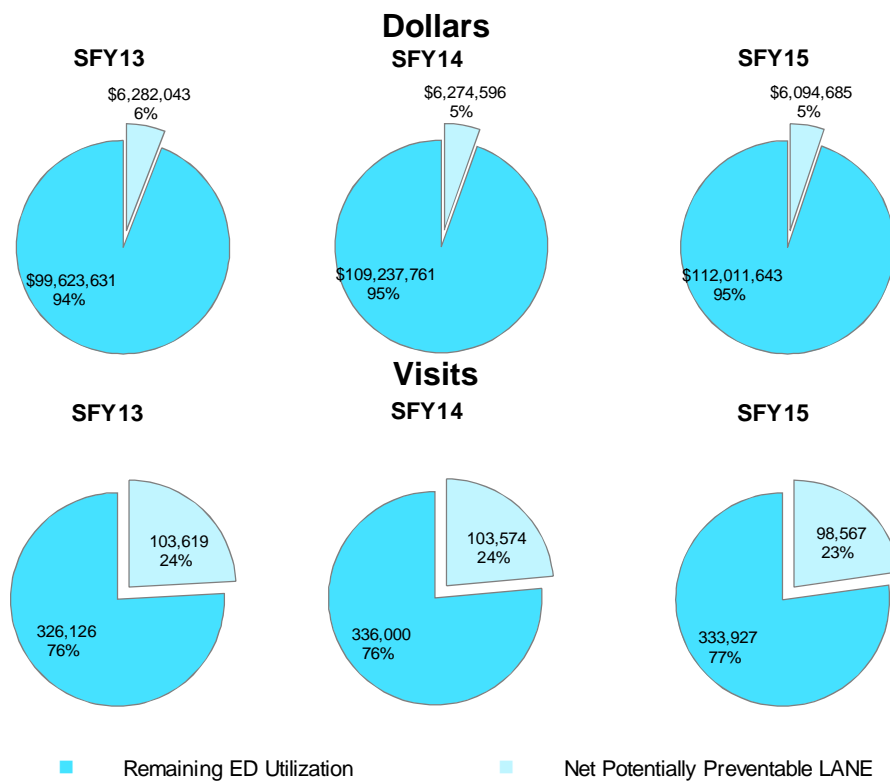
There was an increase in total ED dollars each SFY for the SoonerCare Choice population, from nearly \$106 million in SFY13 to more than \$115 million in SFY14 and finally \$118 million in SFY15. However, the total potentially preventable dollars as a percentage of total ED dollars decreased each year (see Table 2 below). This indicates a positive direction in ED utilization management for the SoonerCare Choice population in that while total ED utilization may be higher there is a decrease in the percentage of visits that are PCT/LANE. There was a decrease in total ED dollars each SFY for the SoonerCare Traditional population, from \$38.5 million in SFY13 to \$32.3 million in SFY14 and finally \$31.7 million in SFY15. As with the SoonerCare Choice population, the total potentially preventable dollars as a percentage of the total ED dollars decreased each SFY for the SoonerCare Traditional population. The SoonerCare ED utilization quantified as potentially preventable for overall ED utilization for each SFY follows (see Table 2 below).

Table 2: Potentially Preventable ED visits and Potentially Preventable Dollars

| | SFY13 Total Potentially Preventable ED Visits | SFY14 Total Potentially Preventable ED Visits | SFY15 Total Potentially Preventable ED Visits |
|------------------------|---|---|---|
| SoonerCare Choice | 103,619 | 103,574 | 98,567 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | 39,313 | 31,285 | 30,785 |
| | SFY13 Total Potentially Preventable Visits as % of Total ED Visits | SFY14 Total Potentially Preventable Visits as % of Total ED Visits | SFY15 Total Potentially Preventable Visits as % of Total ED Visits |
| SoonerCare Choice | 24.1% | 23.6% | 22.8% |
| SoonerCare Traditional | 16.3% | 14.8% | 14.2% |
| | SFY13 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars | SFY14 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars | SFY15 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars |
| SoonerCare Choice | \$15,049,008 | \$15,543,084 | \$14,867,864 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | \$ 4,085,503 | \$ 3,031,739 | \$ 2,886,767 |
| | SFY13 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars as % of Total ED Dollars | SFY14 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars as % of Total ED Dollars | SFY15 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars as % of Total ED Dollars |
| SoonerCare Choice | 14.2% | 13.5% | 12.6% |
| SoonerCare Traditional | 10.6% | 9.4% | 9.1% |

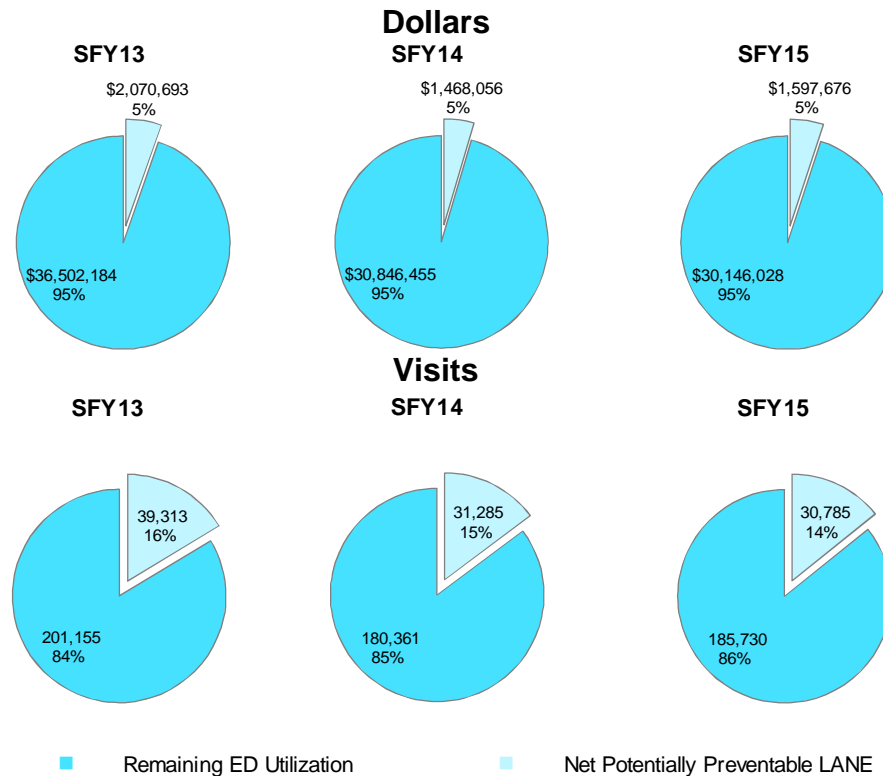
Finally, Mercer quantified ED utilization that was low-acuity non-emergent, potentially preventable as a percentage of overall ED utilization for the SoonerCare Choice and the SoonerCare Traditional populations. These results are presented in Exhibit 8 and Exhibit 9. As shown, the net percent of dollars associated with potentially preventable LANE ED utilization is consistent between the SoonerCare Choice and SoonerCare Traditional populations. However the percent of visits considered LANE is much higher in the SoonerCare Choice population.

Exhibit 8: SoonerCare Choice Low-Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System,
 July 1, 2012–June 30, 2015



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE. Mercer applies a specific percentage to each diagnosis code to adjust the LANE dollars and visits to the "Potentially Preventable LANE" subset of ED visits.

Exhibit 9: SoonerCare Traditional Low-Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System,
 July 1, 2012–June 30, 2015



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE. Mercer applies a specific percentage to each diagnosis code to adjust the LANE dollars and visits to the "Potentially Preventable LANE" subset of ED visits.

While many ED visits could have been avoided entirely, the final step of Mercer’s LANE analysis was to consider the costs of providing care in a more clinically appropriate and financially efficient setting. Mercer summarized the cost of physician office visits during the study period to quantify the cost of comparable visits to a primary care office, clinic, or specialist. The average cost per office visit for SoonerCare Traditional and SoonerCare Choice are included below (see Table 3 below). The difference in average costs appeared to be based on underlying fees, rather than variation in the severity of cases. These unit costs were counted for each of the visits shown above as “potentially preventable”, which reduced the potential savings. For those individuals that incurred more than four LANE visits during the study period, Mercer only provided for four physician cost off-sets in the calculation. The net potentially preventable ED utilization after physician unit cost off-sets were considered follows.

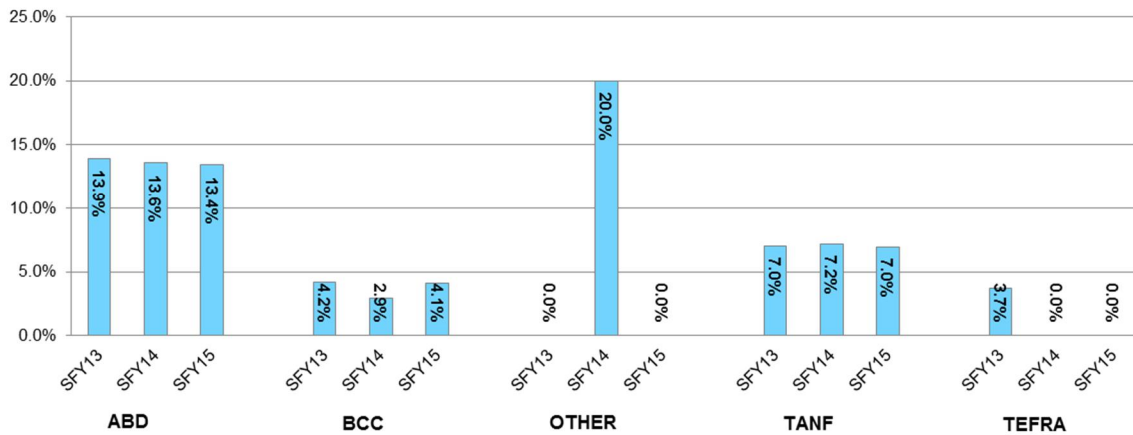
Table 3: Low-Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results

| | SFY13 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars | SFY14 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars | SFY15 Total Potentially Preventable Dollars |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
| SoonerCare Choice | \$15,049,008 | \$15,543,084 | \$14,867,864 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | \$ 243,201 | \$ 236,122 | \$ 208,366 |
| | SFY13 Net Potentially Preventable LANE Dollars | SFY14 Net Potentially Preventable LANE Dollars | SFY15 Net Potentially Preventable LANE Dollars |
| SoonerCare Choice | \$6,282,043 | \$6,274,596 | \$6,094,685 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | \$ 72,018 | \$ 73,087 | \$ 77,314 |
| | SFY13 Total Equivalent Provider Office Costs | SFY14 Total Equivalent Provider Office Costs | SFY15 Total Equivalent Provider Office Costs |
| SoonerCare Choice | \$8,766,965 | \$9,268,488 | \$8,773,179 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | \$ 171,183 | \$ 163,035 | \$ 131,052 |
| | SFY13 Average Provider Office Visit Cost | SFY14 Average Provider Office Visit Cost | SFY15 Average Provider Office Visit Cost |
| SoonerCare Choice | \$91.39 | \$96.66 | \$95.78 |
| SoonerCare Traditional | \$55.64 | \$54.76 | \$45.64 |
| | SFY13 Net Potentially Preventable Percent of LANE Dollars | SFY14 Net Potentially Preventable Percent of LANE Dollars | SFY15 Net Potentially Preventable Percent of LANE Dollars |
| SoonerCare Choice | 5.9% | 5.4% | 5.2% |
| SoonerCare Traditional | 1.7% | 1.6% | 1.8% |

The following graphs display the percent of the population that has four or more LANE visits in a SFY by aid category. As expected the ABD population in the SoonerCare Choice program has the highest percent of members, approximately 13.5% across the three SFYs, who were in the ED for a LANE visit four or more times in a twelve month period. While it appears in SFY14 that there was a spike in frequent LANE utilizers in the “Other” category of aid, the denominator for this population was so small that frequent utilization by a small number of individuals could cause this particular result (Exhibit 10). The ABD and ABD waiver populations in the SoonerCare Traditional program had the highest percent of individuals with four or more LANE visits in a SFY at approximately 10% and 9% respectively (Exhibit 11).

Exhibit 10: SoonerCare Choice Frequent Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Utilizers
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–June 2015

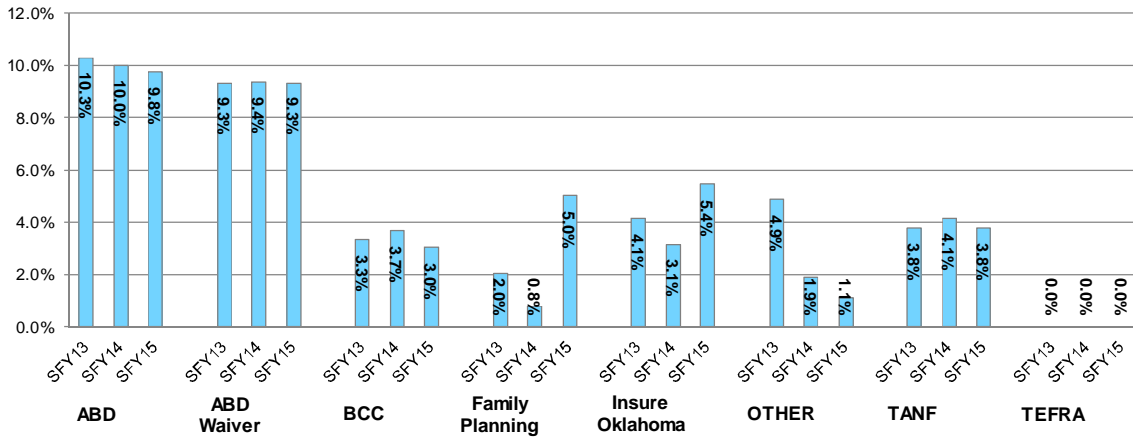
Percent of Population with Minimum 4 LANE Visits



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE.
2. Grouping criteria established by OHCA. Members with multiple aid categories were assigned to only one grouping for each SFY period based on the most frequently observed aid category. "ABD" (Aged, Blind, and Disabled), "BCC" (Breast and Cervical Cancer), Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma, "TANF" (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) and "TEFRA" (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982). "Other" includes individuals whose aid category information did not meet the criteria for inclusion in one of the six aid categories, based on criteria from OHCA.
3. BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Exhibit 11: SoonerCare Traditional Frequent Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Utilizers
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–June 2015

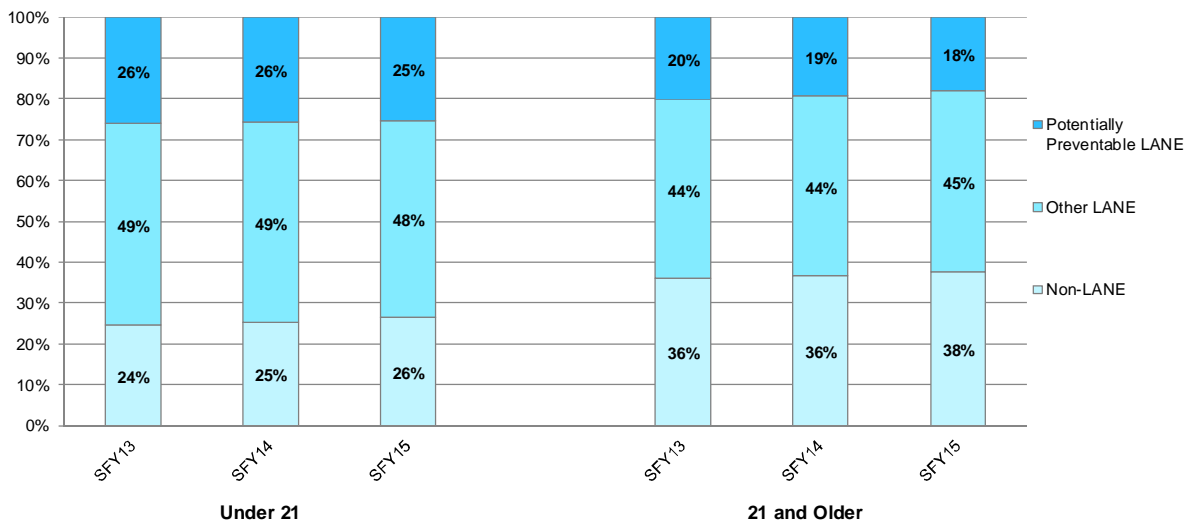
Percent of Population with Minimum 4 LANE Visits



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE.
2. Grouping criteria established by OHCA. Members with multiple aid categories were assigned to only one grouping for each SFY period based on the most frequently observed aid category. "ABD" (Aged, Blind, and Disabled), "BCC" (Breast and Cervical Cancer), Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma, "TANF" (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) and "TEFRA" (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982). "Other" includes individuals whose aid category information did not meet the criteria for inclusion in one of the six aid categories, based on criteria from OHCA.
3. BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

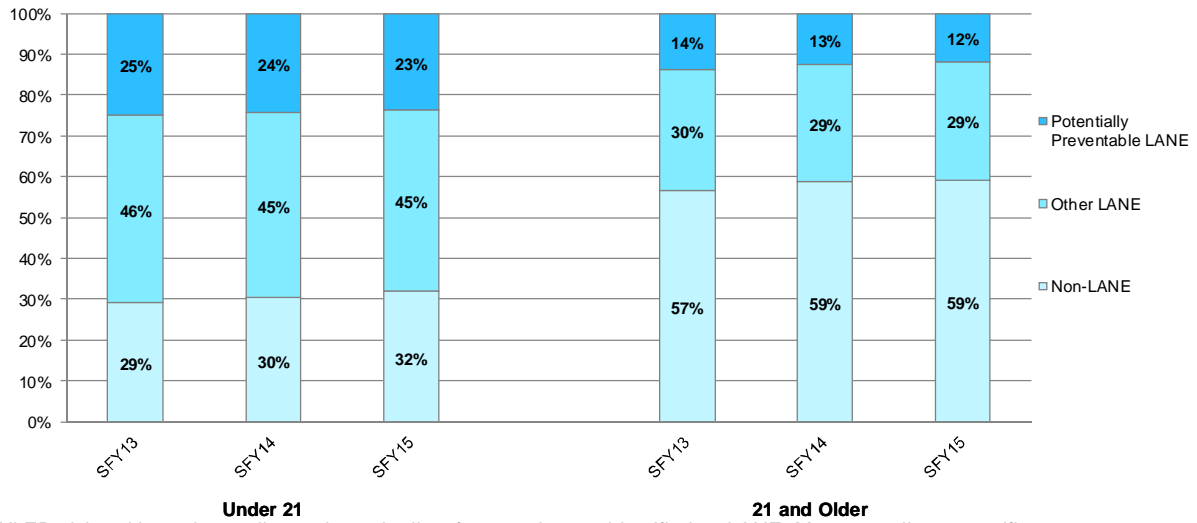
As noted earlier, more than 60% of the total Medicaid population is under 21 years of age. In the SoonerCare Choice population under 21 the percentage is even higher at 75%. In the SoonerCare Traditional population, approximately 33% of the population is under the age of 21. The graphs below (Exhibit 12 and Exhibit 13) show a comparison of LANE utilization for members who are under 21 years of age and those 21 and older for the SoonerCare Choice and the SoonerCare Traditional populations.

Exhibit 12: SoonerCare Choice Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Visit Statistics by Age Group
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–June 2015



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE. Mercer applies a specific percentage to each diagnosis code to adjust the LANE dollars and visits to the "Potentially Preventable LANE" subset of ED visits.

Exhibit 13: SoonerCare Traditional Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Visit Statistics by Age Group
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–June 2015



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE. Mercer applies a specific percentage to each diagnosis code to adjust the LANE dollars and visits to the "Potentially Preventable LANE" subset of ED visits.

4

Conclusion

With the mission "...to responsibly purchase state and federally funded health care in the most efficient and comprehensive manner possible; and to analyze and recommend strategies for optimizing the accessibility and quality of health care; and to cultivate relationships to improve the health outcomes of Oklahomans," the OHCA is looking to fully understand ED utilization in the state and employ strategies for most appropriately managing utilization in the best manner for their SoonerCare population.

Social determinants of health, that is the conditions in which people are born, grow, live, work and age, are significant contributing factors to ED utilization. For example, some health services research indicates that individuals with limited english proficiency engage less frequently with primary care and utilize the ED more frequently.⁸ Other factors that influence ED utilization patterns may include access to transportation, habituation, convenience, and direct to consumer marketing (re: advertising ED wait times). Innovative models such as accountable care organizations that meet both ambulatory and inpatient care needs are designed in part to serve those with the most challenging social determinants of health. One of the keys is making ambulatory care more convenient and coordinating access to care. By design, accountable care organizations should also enhance communication between ambulatory care and ED providers to facilitate consistent care plans across various healthcare settings.

As the data analysis in the preceding section has shown, PCT/LANE ED utilization, while consuming more dollars than desired, has decreased since July 2012. Whether this finding is a trend or a result of other external factors, remains to be seen in subsequent evaluation years. Appropriate caution should be taken given that this evaluation focuses on only one component of the delivery system, ED utilization, and does not provide a more global view of how all the OHCA services are fitting together, for example primary and preventive care or case management. Additional statistical analysis of ED utilization trends and intervention implementation may provide insight.

Lower PCT/LANE utilization may be a positive outcome, but should be viewed in the context of whether primary care services have increased and whether evidenced based care and prevention outcomes have improved. Given the current physician shortage in rural, underserved areas it raises questions when fewer people are accessing the ED for less severe needs (PCT/LANE visits). Consideration for the possibility that individuals are either not seeking or not receiving adequate prevention and wellness services resulting in, what appears to be more

⁸ Njeru, J.W., St. Sauver, J.L., Jacobson, D.J., Ebbert, J.O., Takahashi, P.Y., Fan, C., and Wieland, M.L. "Emergency Department and Inpatient Health Care Utilization Among Patients Who Require Interpreter Services". *BMC Health Services Research* (2015) 15:214

appropriate ED utilization, only because the severity of the condition is such that it warrants more significant treatment, up to and including an inpatient admission.

The state of Oklahoma is not alone in the challenges it faces managing ED utilization. This is a multifaceted issue facing all states and delivery systems including fee-for-service (FFS) and capitated managed care. There are multiple stakeholders, sometimes with competing interests and needs. As evidenced in Oklahoma's health management and care management programs, there is no one technique that works for all members. There is not one approach that fits all, no silver bullet.

APPENDIX A

Statistical Analysis Tables

| Appendix A Table 1: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | Overall | 1,033,386 | 100.0% | 315,798 | 100.0% |
| Program | SC Choice | 635,813 | 61.5% | 221,500 | 70.1% |
| Program | SC Traditional | 397,573 | 38.5% | 94,298 | 29.9% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 5,884 | 0.6% | 467 | 0.1% |
| Age Group | Infant | 79,387 | 7.7% | 34,660 | 11.0% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 302,866 | 29.3% | 93,705 | 29.7% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 232,077 | 22.5% | 62,533 | 19.8% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 345,845 | 33.5% | 101,986 | 32.3% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,327 | 6.5% | 22,447 | 7.1% |
| Gender | Female | 596,446 | 57.7% | 186,291 | 59.0% |
| Gender | Male | 436,940 | 42.3% | 129,507 | 41.0% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 111,593 | 10.8% | 31,547 | 10.0% |
| Race | Asian | 15,359 | 1.5% | 2,357 | 0.7% |
| Race | Black or African American | 125,362 | 12.1% | 42,951 | 13.6% |
| Race | Caucasian | 679,854 | 65.8% | 205,951 | 65.2% |
| Race | Multiracial | 75,311 | 7.3% | 24,540 | 7.8% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,842 | 0.3% | 786 | 0.2% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 23,065 | 2.2% | 7,666 | 2.4% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 164,557 | 15.9% | 43,850 | 13.9% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 868,829 | 84.1% | 271,948 | 86.1% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 153,534 | 14.9% | 68,392 | 21.7% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,275 | 1.9% | 10,721 | 3.4% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 705 | 0.1% | 251 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,422 | 0.1% | 296 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 1: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 277 | 0.0% | 44 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 0.0% | 21 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,759 | 0.3% | 972 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 26 | 0.0% | 15 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 16 | 0.0% | 11 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 53 | 0.0% | 33 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 62 | 0.0% | 34 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 32 | 0.0% | 20 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | BCC | 1,359 | 0.1% | 350 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 76,771 | 7.4% | 3,575 | 1.1% |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 43,537 | 4.2% | 4,098 | 1.3% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 707,673 | 68.5% | 226,500 | 71.7% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 457 | 0.0% | 58 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 25,385 | 2.5% | 407 | 0.1% |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,670 | 2.4% | 12,418 | 3.9% |
| County Type | Rural | 482,671 | 46.7% | 149,974 | 47.5% |
| County Type | Urban | 537,910 | 52.1% | 162,524 | 51.5% |
| County Type | OTHER | 12,805 | 1.2% | 3,300 | 1.0% |
| County | ADAIR | 10,136 | 1.0% | 3,407 | 1.1% |
| County | ALFALFA | 1,052 | 0.1% | 265 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 4,419 | 0.4% | 1,224 | 0.4% |
| County | BEAVER | 920 | 0.1% | 196 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 6,088 | 0.6% | 1,992 | 0.6% |
| County | BLAINE | 3,237 | 0.3% | 1,060 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 14,953 | 1.4% | 5,102 | 1.6% |
| County | CADDO | 10,226 | 1.0% | 2,857 | 0.9% |
| County | CANADIAN | 20,233 | 2.0% | 5,503 | 1.7% |
| County | CARTER | 16,272 | 1.6% | 5,449 | 1.7% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 14,746 | 1.4% | 4,344 | 1.4% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 6,507 | 0.6% | 2,083 | 0.7% |
| County | CIMARRON | 649 | 0.1% | 174 | 0.1% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 44,973 | 4.4% | 14,715 | 4.7% |

| Appendix A Table 1: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | COAL | 1,981 | 0.2% | 640 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 29,873 | 2.9% | 9,210 | 2.9% |
| County | COTTON | 1,647 | 0.2% | 470 | 0.1% |
| County | CRAIG | 4,924 | 0.5% | 1,681 | 0.5% |
| County | CREEK | 20,879 | 2.0% | 6,589 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 6,966 | 0.7% | 2,013 | 0.6% |
| County | DELAWARE | 12,337 | 1.2% | 3,588 | 1.1% |
| County | DEWEY | 981 | 0.1% | 249 | 0.1% |
| County | ELLIS | 674 | 0.1% | 167 | 0.1% |
| County | GARFIELD | 16,577 | 1.6% | 5,145 | 1.6% |
| County | GARVIN | 8,525 | 0.8% | 2,724 | 0.9% |
| County | GRADY | 11,606 | 1.1% | 3,651 | 1.2% |
| County | GRANT | 933 | 0.1% | 263 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 1,836 | 0.2% | 650 | 0.2% |
| County | HARMON | 1,068 | 0.1% | 431 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 742 | 0.1% | 156 | 0.0% |
| County | HASKELL | 4,884 | 0.5% | 1,432 | 0.5% |
| County | HUGHES | 4,508 | 0.4% | 1,479 | 0.5% |
| County | JACKSON | 7,516 | 0.7% | 2,700 | 0.9% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 2,463 | 0.2% | 837 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 3,958 | 0.4% | 1,271 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 15,632 | 1.5% | 5,212 | 1.7% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 3,438 | 0.3% | 853 | 0.3% |
| County | KIOWA | 3,067 | 0.3% | 1,008 | 0.3% |
| County | LATIMER | 3,597 | 0.3% | 787 | 0.2% |
| County | LEFLORE | 16,962 | 1.6% | 5,218 | 1.7% |
| County | LINCOLN | 8,995 | 0.9% | 2,761 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 8,746 | 0.8% | 2,619 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 2,889 | 0.3% | 928 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 1,626 | 0.2% | 408 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 5,144 | 0.5% | 1,880 | 0.6% |
| County | MAYES | 13,093 | 1.3% | 3,989 | 1.3% |

| Appendix A Table 1: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | MCCLAIN | 7,992 | 0.8% | 2,623 | 0.8% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 14,028 | 1.4% | 3,986 | 1.3% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 6,520 | 0.6% | 1,982 | 0.6% |
| County | MURRAY | 3,803 | 0.4% | 1,334 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 24,826 | 2.4% | 7,423 | 2.4% |
| County | NOBLE | 2,800 | 0.3% | 855 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 2,999 | 0.3% | 866 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 4,476 | 0.4% | 1,016 | 0.3% |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 203,485 | 19.7% | 66,592 | 21.1% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 13,494 | 1.3% | 4,340 | 1.4% |
| County | OSAGE | 7,101 | 0.7% | 2,295 | 0.7% |
| County | OTTAWA | 12,799 | 1.2% | 4,415 | 1.4% |
| County | PAWNEE | 5,055 | 0.5% | 1,537 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 15,562 | 1.5% | 4,311 | 1.4% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 12,830 | 1.2% | 3,697 | 1.2% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 11,391 | 1.1% | 3,025 | 1.0% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 23,045 | 2.2% | 7,431 | 2.4% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 4,045 | 0.4% | 1,045 | 0.3% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 689 | 0.1% | 185 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 18,212 | 1.8% | 4,821 | 1.5% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 9,379 | 0.9% | 3,196 | 1.0% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 15,891 | 1.5% | 5,640 | 1.8% |
| County | STEPHENS | 11,938 | 1.2% | 4,198 | 1.3% |
| County | TEXAS | 5,661 | 0.5% | 1,057 | 0.3% |
| County | TILLMAN | 2,707 | 0.3% | 849 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 161,599 | 15.6% | 43,843 | 13.9% |
| County | WAGONER | 14,817 | 1.4% | 3,714 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 12,005 | 1.2% | 3,908 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHITA | 2,663 | 0.3% | 801 | 0.3% |
| County | WOODS | 1,689 | 0.2% | 479 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODWARD | 4,602 | 0.4% | 1,654 | 0.5% |
| County | OTHER | 12,805 | 1.2% | 3,300 | 1.0% |
| Dual | No | 905,909 | 87.7% | 268,588 | 85.1% |
| Dual | Yes | 127,477 | 12.3% | 47,210 | 14.9% |

| Appendix A Table 1: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Part A | Yes | 127,204 | 12.3% | 47,112 | 14.9% |
| Part B | Yes | 125,263 | 12.1% | 46,393 | 14.7% |
| Pregnant | No | 980,953 | 94.9% | 296,450 | 93.9% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 52,433 | 5.1% | 19,348 | 6.1% |

| Appendix A Table 2: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | Overall | 1,035,232 | 100.0% | 308,768 | 100.0% |
| Program | SC Choice | 643,978 | 62.2% | 217,738 | 70.5% |
| Program | SC Traditional | 391,254 | 37.8% | 91,030 | 29.5% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 5,615 | 0.5% | 449 | 0.1% |
| Age Group | Infant | 78,523 | 7.6% | 33,632 | 10.9% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 302,769 | 29.2% | 89,718 | 29.1% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 234,535 | 22.7% | 60,627 | 19.6% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 346,164 | 33.4% | 101,911 | 33.0% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,626 | 6.5% | 22,431 | 7.3% |
| Gender | Female | 594,678 | 57.4% | 181,474 | 58.8% |
| Gender | Male | 440,554 | 42.6% | 127,294 | 41.2% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 108,674 | 10.5% | 30,264 | 9.8% |
| Race | Asian | 15,882 | 1.5% | 2,260 | 0.7% |
| Race | Black or African American | 124,330 | 12.0% | 41,650 | 13.5% |
| Race | Caucasian | 674,562 | 65.2% | 200,080 | 64.8% |
| Race | Multiracial | 76,796 | 7.4% | 24,579 | 8.0% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,997 | 0.3% | 779 | 0.3% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 31,991 | 3.1% | 9,156 | 3.0% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 168,313 | 16.3% | 42,746 | 13.8% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 866,919 | 83.7% | 266,022 | 86.2% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 154,092 | 14.9% | 67,789 | 22.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,100 | 1.8% | 10,637 | 3.4% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 687 | 0.1% | 247 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,521 | 0.1% | 327 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 289 | 0.0% | 42 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 0.0% | 14 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,794 | 0.3% | 1,028 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 12 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 112 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 43 | 0.0% | 25 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 2: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 74 | 0.0% | 43 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 41 | 0.0% | 29 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | BCC | 966 | 0.1% | 241 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 73,219 | 7.1% | 2,417 | 0.8% |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 38,225 | 3.7% | 2,659 | 0.9% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 716,945 | 69.3% | 222,687 | 72.1% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 520 | 0.1% | 62 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 26,549 | 2.6% | 441 | 0.1% |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,716 | 2.4% | 12,472 | 4.0% |
| County Type | Rural | 479,558 | 46.3% | 146,741 | 47.5% |
| County Type | Urban | 542,147 | 52.4% | 158,704 | 51.4% |
| County Type | OTHER | 13,527 | 1.3% | 3,323 | 1.1% |
| County | ADAIR | 10,209 | 1.0% | 3,216 | 1.0% |
| County | ALFALFA | 1,033 | 0.1% | 253 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 4,306 | 0.4% | 1,154 | 0.4% |
| County | BEAVER | 893 | 0.1% | 191 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 5,968 | 0.6% | 1,939 | 0.6% |
| County | BLAINE | 3,113 | 0.3% | 1,039 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 14,877 | 1.4% | 5,038 | 1.6% |
| County | CADDO | 10,157 | 1.0% | 2,797 | 0.9% |
| County | CANADIAN | 20,202 | 2.0% | 5,355 | 1.7% |
| County | CARTER | 15,843 | 1.5% | 5,350 | 1.7% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 14,704 | 1.4% | 4,062 | 1.3% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 6,382 | 0.6% | 1,876 | 0.6% |
| County | CIMARRON | 653 | 0.1% | 141 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 45,145 | 4.4% | 13,881 | 4.5% |
| County | COAL | 1,924 | 0.2% | 560 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 30,355 | 2.9% | 9,143 | 3.0% |
| County | COTTON | 1,694 | 0.2% | 462 | 0.1% |
| County | CRAIG | 4,843 | 0.5% | 1,582 | 0.5% |
| County | CREEK | 20,941 | 2.0% | 6,429 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 6,975 | 0.7% | 2,058 | 0.7% |

| Appendix A Table 2: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | DELAWARE | 12,160 | 1.2% | 3,425 | 1.1% |
| County | DEWEY | 983 | 0.1% | 241 | 0.1% |
| County | ELLIS | 647 | 0.1% | 181 | 0.1% |
| County | GARFIELD | 16,594 | 1.6% | 5,218 | 1.7% |
| County | GARVIN | 8,533 | 0.8% | 2,572 | 0.8% |
| County | GRADY | 11,525 | 1.1% | 3,576 | 1.2% |
| County | GRANT | 949 | 0.1% | 285 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 1,809 | 0.2% | 649 | 0.2% |
| County | HARMON | 1,020 | 0.1% | 384 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 761 | 0.1% | 162 | 0.1% |
| County | HASKELL | 4,901 | 0.5% | 1,353 | 0.4% |
| County | HUGHES | 4,478 | 0.4% | 1,497 | 0.5% |
| County | JACKSON | 7,234 | 0.7% | 2,349 | 0.8% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 2,452 | 0.2% | 872 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 3,970 | 0.4% | 1,328 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 15,714 | 1.5% | 5,339 | 1.7% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 3,387 | 0.3% | 790 | 0.3% |
| County | KIOWA | 3,073 | 0.3% | 1,021 | 0.3% |
| County | LATIMER | 3,616 | 0.3% | 798 | 0.3% |
| County | LEFLORE | 17,293 | 1.7% | 5,265 | 1.7% |
| County | LINCOLN | 9,026 | 0.9% | 2,758 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 8,546 | 0.8% | 2,431 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 2,844 | 0.3% | 947 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 1,532 | 0.1% | 397 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 5,167 | 0.5% | 1,863 | 0.6% |
| County | MAYES | 12,926 | 1.2% | 4,006 | 1.3% |
| County | MCCLAIN | 8,058 | 0.8% | 2,580 | 0.8% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 13,864 | 1.3% | 3,982 | 1.3% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 6,462 | 0.6% | 1,873 | 0.6% |
| County | MURRAY | 3,714 | 0.4% | 1,213 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 24,546 | 2.4% | 6,696 | 2.2% |
| County | NOBLE | 2,797 | 0.3% | 897 | 0.3% |

| Appendix A Table 2: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | NOWATA | 2,927 | 0.3% | 879 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 4,411 | 0.4% | 1,018 | 0.3% |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 205,644 | 19.9% | 66,107 | 21.4% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 13,400 | 1.3% | 4,229 | 1.4% |
| County | OSAGE | 6,990 | 0.7% | 2,360 | 0.8% |
| County | OTTAWA | 12,677 | 1.2% | 4,235 | 1.4% |
| County | PAWNEE | 4,984 | 0.5% | 1,515 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 15,374 | 1.5% | 4,443 | 1.4% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 12,967 | 1.3% | 3,760 | 1.2% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 11,176 | 1.1% | 2,832 | 0.9% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 22,939 | 2.2% | 7,694 | 2.5% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 4,023 | 0.4% | 1,072 | 0.3% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 663 | 0.1% | 189 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 18,065 | 1.7% | 4,664 | 1.5% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 9,470 | 0.9% | 3,167 | 1.0% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 15,763 | 1.5% | 5,471 | 1.8% |
| County | STEPHENS | 11,993 | 1.2% | 3,980 | 1.3% |
| County | TEXAS | 5,775 | 0.6% | 962 | 0.3% |
| County | TILLMAN | 2,654 | 0.3% | 884 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 163,587 | 15.8% | 42,186 | 13.7% |
| County | WAGONER | 14,614 | 1.4% | 3,568 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 11,972 | 1.2% | 3,877 | 1.3% |
| County | WASHITA | 2,618 | 0.3% | 825 | 0.3% |
| County | WOODS | 1,678 | 0.2% | 477 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODWARD | 4,543 | 0.4% | 1,577 | 0.5% |
| County | OTHER | 13,527 | 1.3% | 3,323 | 1.1% |
| Dual | No | 906,851 | 87.6% | 261,345 | 84.6% |
| Dual | Yes | 128,381 | 12.4% | 47,423 | 15.4% |
| Part A | Yes | 128,172 | 12.4% | 47,361 | 15.3% |
| Part B | Yes | 126,323 | 12.2% | 46,644 | 15.1% |
| Pregnant | No | 981,313 | 94.8% | 289,042 | 93.6% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 53,919 | 5.2% | 19,726 | 6.4% |

| Appendix A Table 3: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | Overall | 1,023,760 | 100.0% | 309,149 | 100.0% |
| Program | SC Choice | 594,011 | 58.0% | 208,655 | 67.5% |
| Program | SC Traditional | 429,749 | 42.0% | 100,494 | 32.5% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 5,527 | 0.5% | 427 | 0.1% |
| Age Group | Infant | 78,051 | 7.6% | 32,605 | 10.5% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 307,956 | 30.1% | 92,976 | 30.1% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 240,321 | 23.5% | 62,761 | 20.3% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 324,052 | 31.7% | 97,377 | 31.5% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,853 | 6.6% | 23,003 | 7.4% |
| Gender | Female | 583,092 | 57.0% | 180,629 | 58.4% |
| Gender | Male | 440,668 | 43.0% | 128,520 | 41.6% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 105,425 | 10.3% | 30,132 | 9.7% |
| Race | Asian | 15,747 | 1.5% | 2,246 | 0.7% |
| Race | Black or African American | 122,664 | 12.0% | 41,472 | 13.4% |
| Race | Caucasian | 658,707 | 64.3% | 198,253 | 64.1% |
| Race | Multiracial | 78,613 | 7.7% | 25,294 | 8.2% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 3,158 | 0.3% | 853 | 0.3% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 39,446 | 3.9% | 10,899 | 3.5% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 167,321 | 16.3% | 44,064 | 14.3% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 856,439 | 83.7% | 265,085 | 85.7% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 152,112 | 14.9% | 66,767 | 21.6% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 18,965 | 1.9% | 10,742 | 3.5% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 666 | 0.1% | 269 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,588 | 0.2% | 320 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 283 | 0.0% | 64 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 65 | 0.0% | 27 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,946 | 0.3% | 1,137 | 0.4% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 10 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 78 | 0.0% | 52 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 26 | 0.0% | 17 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 3: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 80 | 0.0% | 47 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 37 | 0.0% | 25 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | BCC | 754 | 0.1% | 230 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 60,510 | 5.9% | 1,698 | 0.5% |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 27,081 | 2.6% | 1,488 | 0.5% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 729,770 | 71.3% | 225,784 | 73.0% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 577 | 0.1% | 66 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 28,212 | 2.8% | 409 | 0.1% |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,744 | 2.4% | 12,707 | 4.1% |
| County Type | Rural | 471,964 | 46.1% | 146,945 | 47.5% |
| County Type | Urban | 539,128 | 52.7% | 159,508 | 51.6% |
| County Type | OTHER | 12,668 | 1.2% | 2,696 | 0.9% |
| County | ADAIR | 10,309 | 1.0% | 3,300 | 1.1% |
| County | ALFALFA | 1,043 | 0.1% | 233 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 4,222 | 0.4% | 1,176 | 0.4% |
| County | BEAVER | 870 | 0.1% | 194 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 5,866 | 0.6% | 1,811 | 0.6% |
| County | BLAINE | 3,105 | 0.3% | 1,118 | 0.4% |
| County | BRYAN | 14,327 | 1.4% | 5,012 | 1.6% |
| County | CADDO | 9,977 | 1.0% | 2,867 | 0.9% |
| County | CANADIAN | 20,099 | 2.0% | 5,554 | 1.8% |
| County | CARTER | 15,441 | 1.5% | 5,533 | 1.8% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 14,314 | 1.4% | 3,824 | 1.2% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 6,379 | 0.6% | 1,884 | 0.6% |
| County | CIMARRON | 617 | 0.1% | 131 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 44,677 | 4.4% | 14,123 | 4.6% |
| County | COAL | 1,857 | 0.2% | 538 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 29,941 | 2.9% | 9,395 | 3.0% |
| County | COTTON | 1,643 | 0.2% | 442 | 0.1% |
| County | CRAIG | 4,747 | 0.5% | 1,654 | 0.5% |
| County | CREEK | 20,399 | 2.0% | 6,426 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 6,920 | 0.7% | 2,096 | 0.7% |

| Appendix A Table 3: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | DELAWARE | 11,934 | 1.2% | 3,372 | 1.1% |
| County | DEWEY | 953 | 0.1% | 269 | 0.1% |
| County | ELLIS | 685 | 0.1% | 188 | 0.1% |
| County | GARFIELD | 16,724 | 1.6% | 5,098 | 1.6% |
| County | GARVIN | 8,508 | 0.8% | 2,683 | 0.9% |
| County | GRADY | 11,397 | 1.1% | 3,500 | 1.1% |
| County | GRANT | 935 | 0.1% | 277 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 1,810 | 0.2% | 617 | 0.2% |
| County | HARMON | 922 | 0.1% | 357 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 742 | 0.1% | 172 | 0.1% |
| County | HASKELL | 4,777 | 0.5% | 1,386 | 0.4% |
| County | HUGHES | 4,398 | 0.4% | 1,540 | 0.5% |
| County | JACKSON | 6,920 | 0.7% | 2,302 | 0.7% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 2,374 | 0.2% | 815 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 3,798 | 0.4% | 1,351 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 15,397 | 1.5% | 5,253 | 1.7% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 3,308 | 0.3% | 880 | 0.3% |
| County | KIOWA | 3,041 | 0.3% | 1,076 | 0.3% |
| County | LATIMER | 3,609 | 0.4% | 854 | 0.3% |
| County | LEFLORE | 17,296 | 1.7% | 5,292 | 1.7% |
| County | LINCOLN | 9,029 | 0.9% | 2,891 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 8,193 | 0.8% | 2,393 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 2,741 | 0.3% | 897 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 1,586 | 0.2% | 403 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 5,019 | 0.5% | 1,919 | 0.6% |
| County | MAYES | 12,437 | 1.2% | 3,846 | 1.2% |
| County | MCCLAIN | 8,022 | 0.8% | 2,605 | 0.8% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 13,773 | 1.3% | 3,994 | 1.3% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 6,341 | 0.6% | 1,833 | 0.6% |
| County | MURRAY | 3,657 | 0.4% | 1,233 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 24,198 | 2.4% | 6,654 | 2.2% |
| County | NOBLE | 2,773 | 0.3% | 828 | 0.3% |

| Appendix A Table 3: Demographics of SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | NOWATA | 2,958 | 0.3% | 877 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 4,249 | 0.4% | 998 | 0.3% |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 205,973 | 20.1% | 66,788 | 21.6% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 13,247 | 1.3% | 4,086 | 1.3% |
| County | OSAGE | 6,683 | 0.7% | 2,315 | 0.7% |
| County | OTTAWA | 12,588 | 1.2% | 4,303 | 1.4% |
| County | PAWNEE | 4,739 | 0.5% | 1,577 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 15,088 | 1.5% | 4,452 | 1.4% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 12,983 | 1.3% | 3,872 | 1.3% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 10,723 | 1.0% | 2,840 | 0.9% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 22,331 | 2.2% | 7,580 | 2.5% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 4,024 | 0.4% | 1,077 | 0.3% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 667 | 0.1% | 203 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 17,388 | 1.7% | 4,589 | 1.5% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 9,325 | 0.9% | 3,264 | 1.1% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 15,528 | 1.5% | 5,545 | 1.8% |
| County | STEPHENS | 11,876 | 1.2% | 4,046 | 1.3% |
| County | TEXAS | 5,610 | 0.5% | 1,045 | 0.3% |
| County | TILLMAN | 2,590 | 0.3% | 901 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 163,470 | 16.0% | 41,692 | 13.5% |
| County | WAGONER | 14,283 | 1.4% | 3,628 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 11,754 | 1.1% | 3,778 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHITA | 2,721 | 0.3% | 827 | 0.3% |
| County | WOODS | 1,674 | 0.2% | 449 | 0.1% |
| County | WOODWARD | 4,570 | 0.4% | 1,632 | 0.5% |
| County | OTHER | 12,668 | 1.2% | 2,696 | 0.9% |
| Dual | No | 894,432 | 87.4% | 260,912 | 84.4% |
| Dual | Yes | 129,328 | 12.6% | 48,237 | 15.6% |
| Part A | Yes | 129,128 | 12.6% | 48,159 | 15.6% |
| Part B | Yes | 127,660 | 12.5% | 47,619 | 15.4% |
| Pregnant | No | 972,617 | 95.0% | 291,221 | 94.2% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 51,143 | 5.0% | 17,928 | 5.8% |

| Appendix A Table 4: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | SC Choice | 635,813 | 100.0% | 221,500 | 100.0% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 4,632 | 0.7% | 410 | 0.2% |
| Age Group | Infant | 69,467 | 10.9% | 31,043 | 14.0% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 256,962 | 40.4% | 82,840 | 37.4% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 179,942 | 28.3% | 51,786 | 23.4% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 124,782 | 19.6% | 55,415 | 25.0% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 28 | 0.0% | 6 | 0.0% |
| Gender | Female | 348,179 | 54.8% | 126,674 | 57.2% |
| Gender | Male | 287,634 | 45.2% | 94,826 | 42.8% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 57,560 | 9.1% | 19,513 | 8.8% |
| Race | Asian | 8,555 | 1.3% | 1,534 | 0.7% |
| Race | Black or African American | 80,564 | 12.7% | 30,649 | 13.8% |
| Race | Caucasian | 417,023 | 65.6% | 143,860 | 64.9% |
| Race | Multiracial | 51,276 | 8.1% | 18,483 | 8.3% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,149 | 0.3% | 685 | 0.3% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 18,686 | 2.9% | 6,776 | 3.1% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 118,628 | 18.7% | 36,972 | 16.7% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 517,185 | 81.3% | 184,528 | 83.3% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 50,188 | 7.9% | 24,325 | 11.0% |
| Aid Category | BCC | 420 | 0.1% | 139 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 584,828 | 92.0% | 196,985 | 88.9% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 255 | 0.0% | 38 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 122 | 0.0% | 13 | 0.0% |
| County Type | Rural | 282,741 | 44.5% | 99,898 | 45.1% |
| County Type | Urban | 346,427 | 54.5% | 119,452 | 53.9% |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,645 | 1.0% | 2,150 | 1.0% |
| County | ADAIR | 5,498 | 0.9% | 2,172 | 1.0% |
| County | ALFALFA | 738 | 0.1% | 198 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 4: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | ATOKA | 2,657 | 0.4% | 775 | 0.3% |
| County | BEAVER | 642 | 0.1% | 148 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 3,447 | 0.5% | 1,281 | 0.6% |
| County | BLAINE | 2,030 | 0.3% | 743 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 9,419 | 1.5% | 3,669 | 1.7% |
| County | CADDO | 5,420 | 0.9% | 1,786 | 0.8% |
| County | CANADIAN | 13,148 | 2.1% | 4,053 | 1.8% |
| County | CARTER | 10,220 | 1.6% | 3,936 | 1.8% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 8,042 | 1.3% | 2,787 | 1.3% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 3,953 | 0.6% | 1,293 | 0.6% |
| County | CIMARRON | 488 | 0.1% | 140 | 0.1% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 28,750 | 4.5% | 11,051 | 5.0% |
| County | COAL | 1,115 | 0.2% | 418 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 17,120 | 2.7% | 6,374 | 2.9% |
| County | COTTON | 812 | 0.1% | 294 | 0.1% |
| County | CRAIG | 2,614 | 0.4% | 1,075 | 0.5% |
| County | CREEK | 12,653 | 2.0% | 4,648 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 4,219 | 0.7% | 1,365 | 0.6% |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,306 | 1.0% | 2,031 | 0.9% |
| County | DEWEY | 570 | 0.1% | 160 | 0.1% |
| County | ELLIS | 443 | 0.1% | 128 | 0.1% |
| County | GARFIELD | 10,566 | 1.7% | 3,748 | 1.7% |
| County | GARVIN | 5,172 | 0.8% | 1,882 | 0.8% |
| County | GRADY | 6,993 | 1.1% | 2,527 | 1.1% |
| County | GRANT | 603 | 0.1% | 189 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 1,048 | 0.2% | 411 | 0.2% |
| County | HARMON | 701 | 0.1% | 307 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 496 | 0.1% | 109 | 0.0% |
| County | HASKELL | 2,881 | 0.5% | 944 | 0.4% |
| County | HUGHES | 2,483 | 0.4% | 921 | 0.4% |
| County | JACKSON | 4,707 | 0.7% | 1,906 | 0.9% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 1,563 | 0.2% | 600 | 0.3% |

| Appendix A Table 4: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | JOHNSTON | 2,390 | 0.4% | 859 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 9,972 | 1.6% | 3,790 | 1.7% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 2,339 | 0.4% | 675 | 0.3% |
| County | KIOWA | 1,798 | 0.3% | 660 | 0.3% |
| County | LATIMER | 1,768 | 0.3% | 511 | 0.2% |
| County | LEFLORE | 9,648 | 1.5% | 3,363 | 1.5% |
| County | LINCOLN | 5,416 | 0.9% | 1,936 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 5,198 | 0.8% | 1,856 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 1,927 | 0.3% | 677 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 1,092 | 0.2% | 320 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 3,313 | 0.5% | 1,366 | 0.6% |
| County | MAYES | 7,513 | 1.2% | 2,605 | 1.2% |
| County | MCCLAIN | 5,163 | 0.8% | 1,918 | 0.9% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 8,236 | 1.3% | 2,465 | 1.1% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,373 | 0.5% | 1,179 | 0.5% |
| County | MURRAY | 2,176 | 0.3% | 943 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 14,363 | 2.3% | 4,738 | 2.1% |
| County | NOBLE | 1,757 | 0.3% | 608 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 1,641 | 0.3% | 526 | 0.2% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,209 | 0.3% | 492 | 0.2% |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 134,434 | 21.1% | 49,556 | 22.4% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 7,364 | 1.2% | 2,682 | 1.2% |
| County | OSAGE | 3,773 | 0.6% | 1,387 | 0.6% |
| County | OTTAWA | 7,671 | 1.2% | 3,025 | 1.4% |
| County | PAWNEE | 3,087 | 0.5% | 1,046 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 9,475 | 1.5% | 2,978 | 1.3% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 7,401 | 1.2% | 2,395 | 1.1% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,712 | 0.9% | 1,790 | 0.8% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 12,464 | 2.0% | 4,657 | 2.1% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 2,222 | 0.3% | 643 | 0.3% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 457 | 0.1% | 131 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 10,698 | 1.7% | 3,274 | 1.5% |

| Appendix A Table 4: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | SEMINOLE | 5,204 | 0.8% | 2,010 | 0.9% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 8,715 | 1.4% | 3,549 | 1.6% |
| County | STEPHENS | 7,516 | 1.2% | 3,028 | 1.4% |
| County | TEXAS | 4,056 | 0.6% | 837 | 0.4% |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,789 | 0.3% | 627 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 106,226 | 16.7% | 32,607 | 14.7% |
| County | WAGONER | 9,264 | 1.5% | 2,728 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 7,041 | 1.1% | 2,706 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHITA | 1,752 | 0.3% | 579 | 0.3% |
| County | WOODS | 873 | 0.1% | 282 | 0.1% |
| County | WOODWARD | 3,165 | 0.5% | 1,277 | 0.6% |
| County | OTHER | 6,645 | 1.0% | 2,150 | 1.0% |
| Dual | No | 635,549 | 100.0% | 221,353 | 99.9% |
| Dual | Yes | 264 | 0.0% | 147 | 0.1% |
| Part A | Yes | 264 | 0.0% | 147 | 0.1% |
| Part B | Yes | 50 | 0.0% | 25 | 0.0% |
| Pregnant | No | 599,474 | 94.3% | 205,422 | 92.7% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 36,339 | 5.7% | 16,078 | 7.3% |

| Appendix A Table 5: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | SC Choice | 643,978 | 100.0% | 217,738 | 100.0% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 4,649 | 0.7% | 410 | 0.2% |
| Age Group | Infant | 68,093 | 10.6% | 29,961 | 13.8% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 255,918 | 39.7% | 78,826 | 36.2% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 183,482 | 28.5% | 50,576 | 23.2% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 131,810 | 20.5% | 57,958 | 26.6% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 26 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.0% |
| Gender | Female | 352,924 | 54.8% | 124,765 | 57.3% |
| Gender | Male | 291,054 | 45.2% | 92,973 | 42.7% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 56,278 | 8.7% | 18,739 | 8.6% |
| Race | Asian | 8,886 | 1.4% | 1,489 | 0.7% |
| Race | Black or African American | 80,297 | 12.5% | 29,624 | 13.6% |
| Race | Caucasian | 418,560 | 65.0% | 140,649 | 64.6% |
| Race | Multiracial | 52,396 | 8.1% | 18,396 | 8.4% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,185 | 0.3% | 687 | 0.3% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 25,376 | 3.9% | 8,154 | 3.7% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 123,273 | 19.1% | 36,548 | 16.8% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 520,705 | 80.9% | 181,190 | 83.2% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 50,221 | 7.8% | 23,674 | 10.9% |
| Aid Category | BCC | 356 | 0.1% | 114 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 592,974 | 92.1% | 193,906 | 89.1% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 290 | 0.0% | 33 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 137 | 0.0% | 11 | 0.0% |
| County Type | Rural | 283,372 | 44.0% | 98,176 | 45.1% |
| County Type | Urban | 353,687 | 54.9% | 117,483 | 54.0% |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,919 | 1.1% | 2,079 | 1.0% |
| County | ADAIR | 5,643 | 0.9% | 2,100 | 1.0% |
| County | ALFALFA | 707 | 0.1% | 189 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 5: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | ATOKA | 2,614 | 0.4% | 719 | 0.3% |
| County | BEAVER | 638 | 0.1% | 148 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 3,664 | 0.6% | 1,309 | 0.6% |
| County | BLAINE | 1,954 | 0.3% | 727 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 9,399 | 1.5% | 3,573 | 1.6% |
| County | CADDO | 5,286 | 0.8% | 1,770 | 0.8% |
| County | CANADIAN | 13,241 | 2.1% | 3,973 | 1.8% |
| County | CARTER | 10,104 | 1.6% | 3,906 | 1.8% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 7,993 | 1.2% | 2,629 | 1.2% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 3,998 | 0.6% | 1,198 | 0.6% |
| County | CIMARRON | 482 | 0.1% | 108 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 29,053 | 4.5% | 10,404 | 4.8% |
| County | COAL | 1,082 | 0.2% | 360 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 17,534 | 2.7% | 6,406 | 2.9% |
| County | COTTON | 863 | 0.1% | 284 | 0.1% |
| County | CRAIG | 2,562 | 0.4% | 1,043 | 0.5% |
| County | CREEK | 12,832 | 2.0% | 4,570 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 4,326 | 0.7% | 1,397 | 0.6% |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,460 | 1.0% | 2,003 | 0.9% |
| County | DEWEY | 677 | 0.1% | 182 | 0.1% |
| County | ELLIS | 430 | 0.1% | 143 | 0.1% |
| County | GARFIELD | 10,424 | 1.6% | 3,755 | 1.7% |
| County | GARVIN | 5,217 | 0.8% | 1,741 | 0.8% |
| County | GRADY | 7,156 | 1.1% | 2,538 | 1.2% |
| County | GRANT | 629 | 0.1% | 206 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 1,053 | 0.2% | 417 | 0.2% |
| County | HARMON | 678 | 0.1% | 282 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 541 | 0.1% | 115 | 0.1% |
| County | HASKELL | 2,972 | 0.5% | 874 | 0.4% |
| County | HUGHES | 2,560 | 0.4% | 928 | 0.4% |
| County | JACKSON | 4,358 | 0.7% | 1,559 | 0.7% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 1,582 | 0.2% | 623 | 0.3% |

| Appendix A Table 5: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | JOHNSTON | 2,391 | 0.4% | 895 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 9,755 | 1.5% | 3,714 | 1.7% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 2,345 | 0.4% | 605 | 0.3% |
| County | KIOWA | 1,841 | 0.3% | 697 | 0.3% |
| County | LATIMER | 1,721 | 0.3% | 502 | 0.2% |
| County | LEFLORE | 10,135 | 1.6% | 3,445 | 1.6% |
| County | LINCOLN | 5,413 | 0.8% | 1,958 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 5,125 | 0.8% | 1,708 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 1,909 | 0.3% | 711 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 1,053 | 0.2% | 300 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 3,300 | 0.5% | 1,376 | 0.6% |
| County | MAYES | 7,596 | 1.2% | 2,673 | 1.2% |
| County | MCCLAIN | 5,289 | 0.8% | 1,901 | 0.9% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 8,506 | 1.3% | 2,585 | 1.2% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,399 | 0.5% | 1,090 | 0.5% |
| County | MURRAY | 2,157 | 0.3% | 797 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 14,026 | 2.2% | 4,213 | 1.9% |
| County | NOBLE | 1,765 | 0.3% | 616 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 1,646 | 0.3% | 568 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,148 | 0.3% | 510 | 0.2% |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 138,748 | 21.5% | 49,981 | 23.0% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 7,337 | 1.1% | 2,685 | 1.2% |
| County | OSAGE | 3,655 | 0.6% | 1,426 | 0.7% |
| County | OTTAWA | 7,675 | 1.2% | 2,885 | 1.3% |
| County | PAWNEE | 2,985 | 0.5% | 1,007 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 9,245 | 1.4% | 3,028 | 1.4% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 7,541 | 1.2% | 2,431 | 1.1% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,429 | 0.8% | 1,661 | 0.8% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 12,286 | 1.9% | 4,834 | 2.2% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 2,249 | 0.3% | 680 | 0.3% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 486 | 0.1% | 145 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 10,799 | 1.7% | 3,173 | 1.5% |

| Appendix A Table 5: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | SEMINOLE | 5,261 | 0.8% | 2,031 | 0.9% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 8,910 | 1.4% | 3,477 | 1.6% |
| County | STEPHENS | 7,669 | 1.2% | 2,891 | 1.3% |
| County | TEXAS | 4,176 | 0.6% | 762 | 0.3% |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,762 | 0.3% | 663 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 108,176 | 16.8% | 31,356 | 14.4% |
| County | WAGONER | 9,235 | 1.4% | 2,585 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 7,273 | 1.1% | 2,735 | 1.3% |
| County | WASHITA | 1,792 | 0.3% | 621 | 0.3% |
| County | WOODS | 939 | 0.1% | 329 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODWARD | 3,199 | 0.5% | 1,230 | 0.6% |
| County | OTHER | 6,919 | 1.1% | 2,079 | 1.0% |
| Dual | No | 643,799 | 100.0% | 217,638 | 100.0% |
| Dual | Yes | 179 | 0.0% | 100 | 0.0% |
| Part A | Yes | 177 | 0.0% | 99 | 0.0% |
| Part B | Yes | 38 | 0.0% | 21 | 0.0% |
| Pregnant | No | 606,507 | 94.2% | 201,281 | 92.4% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 37,471 | 5.8% | 16,457 | 7.6% |

| Appendix A Table 6: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | SC Choice | 594,011 | 100.0% | 208,655 | 100.0% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 4,566 | 0.8% | 395 | 0.2% |
| Age Group | Infant | 65,613 | 11.0% | 28,777 | 13.8% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 237,214 | 39.9% | 78,130 | 37.4% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 166,402 | 28.0% | 48,736 | 23.4% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 120,187 | 20.2% | 52,613 | 25.2% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 29 | 0.0% | 4 | 0.0% |
| Gender | Female | 323,850 | 54.5% | 118,726 | 56.9% |
| Gender | Male | 270,161 | 45.5% | 89,929 | 43.1% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 50,170 | 8.4% | 17,719 | 8.5% |
| Race | Asian | 8,795 | 1.5% | 1,422 | 0.7% |
| Race | Black or African American | 73,720 | 12.4% | 28,208 | 13.5% |
| Race | Caucasian | 380,656 | 64.1% | 132,967 | 63.7% |
| Race | Multiracial | 48,991 | 8.2% | 18,149 | 8.7% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,163 | 0.4% | 713 | 0.3% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 29,516 | 5.0% | 9,477 | 4.5% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 120,781 | 20.3% | 37,086 | 17.8% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 473,230 | 79.7% | 171,569 | 82.2% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 45,239 | 7.6% | 21,538 | 10.3% |
| Aid Category | BCC | 264 | 0.0% | 102 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 548,275 | 92.3% | 186,982 | 89.6% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 60 | 0.0% | 16 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 173 | 0.0% | 17 | 0.0% |
| County Type | Rural | 256,535 | 43.2% | 93,413 | 44.8% |
| County Type | Urban | 331,497 | 55.8% | 113,787 | 54.5% |
| County Type | OTHER | 5,979 | 1.0% | 1,455 | 0.7% |
| County | ADAIR | 5,426 | 0.9% | 2,075 | 1.0% |
| County | ALFALFA | 653 | 0.1% | 165 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 2,413 | 0.4% | 732 | 0.4% |
| County | BEAVER | 585 | 0.1% | 141 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 6: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | BECKHAM | 3,253 | 0.5% | 1,131 | 0.5% |
| County | BLAINE | 1,719 | 0.3% | 701 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 8,568 | 1.4% | 3,532 | 1.7% |
| County | CADDO | 4,915 | 0.8% | 1,756 | 0.8% |
| County | CANADIAN | 11,872 | 2.0% | 3,804 | 1.8% |
| County | CARTER | 9,024 | 1.5% | 3,810 | 1.8% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 7,361 | 1.2% | 2,415 | 1.2% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 3,756 | 0.6% | 1,189 | 0.6% |
| County | CIMARRON | 420 | 0.1% | 91 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 26,268 | 4.4% | 9,934 | 4.8% |
| County | COAL | 981 | 0.2% | 311 | 0.1% |
| County | COMANCHE | 16,010 | 2.7% | 6,398 | 3.1% |
| County | COTTON | 812 | 0.1% | 282 | 0.1% |
| County | CRAIG | 2,265 | 0.4% | 961 | 0.5% |
| County | CREEK | 11,818 | 2.0% | 4,447 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 3,971 | 0.7% | 1,355 | 0.6% |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,076 | 1.0% | 1,908 | 0.9% |
| County | DEWEY | 563 | 0.1% | 190 | 0.1% |
| County | ELLIS | 409 | 0.1% | 139 | 0.1% |
| County | GARFIELD | 9,553 | 1.6% | 3,448 | 1.7% |
| County | GARVIN | 4,812 | 0.8% | 1,766 | 0.8% |
| County | GRADY | 6,474 | 1.1% | 2,368 | 1.1% |
| County | GRANT | 550 | 0.1% | 179 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 911 | 0.2% | 359 | 0.2% |
| County | HARMON | 584 | 0.1% | 250 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 467 | 0.1% | 118 | 0.1% |
| County | HASKELL | 2,696 | 0.5% | 852 | 0.4% |
| County | HUGHES | 2,324 | 0.4% | 950 | 0.5% |
| County | JACKSON | 3,474 | 0.6% | 1,312 | 0.6% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 1,383 | 0.2% | 548 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 2,118 | 0.4% | 915 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 8,927 | 1.5% | 3,480 | 1.7% |

| Appendix A Table 6: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | KINGFISHER | 2,116 | 0.4% | 662 | 0.3% |
| County | KIOWA | 1,675 | 0.3% | 679 | 0.3% |
| County | LATIMER | 1,616 | 0.3% | 518 | 0.2% |
| County | LEFLORE | 8,988 | 1.5% | 3,167 | 1.5% |
| County | LINCOLN | 5,073 | 0.9% | 1,966 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 4,576 | 0.8% | 1,591 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 1,602 | 0.3% | 609 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 924 | 0.2% | 279 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 3,011 | 0.5% | 1,372 | 0.7% |
| County | MAYES | 6,873 | 1.2% | 2,481 | 1.2% |
| County | MCCLAIN | 4,695 | 0.8% | 1,814 | 0.9% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 7,818 | 1.3% | 2,429 | 1.2% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,136 | 0.5% | 1,010 | 0.5% |
| County | MURRAY | 1,872 | 0.3% | 781 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 12,879 | 2.2% | 4,071 | 2.0% |
| County | NOBLE | 1,502 | 0.3% | 523 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 1,598 | 0.3% | 544 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 1,959 | 0.3% | 501 | 0.2% |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 131,432 | 22.1% | 48,887 | 23.4% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,688 | 1.1% | 2,436 | 1.2% |
| County | OSAGE | 3,207 | 0.5% | 1,319 | 0.6% |
| County | OTTAWA | 7,088 | 1.2% | 2,813 | 1.3% |
| County | PAWNEE | 2,637 | 0.4% | 1,021 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 8,507 | 1.4% | 2,866 | 1.4% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 6,958 | 1.2% | 2,419 | 1.2% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 4,809 | 0.8% | 1,611 | 0.8% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 10,670 | 1.8% | 4,445 | 2.1% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 2,195 | 0.4% | 671 | 0.3% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 438 | 0.1% | 147 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 9,502 | 1.6% | 2,959 | 1.4% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,789 | 0.8% | 1,965 | 0.9% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 8,049 | 1.4% | 3,326 | 1.6% |

| Appendix A Table 6: Demographics of SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | STEPHENS | 6,904 | 1.2% | 2,786 | 1.3% |
| County | TEXAS | 3,451 | 0.6% | 764 | 0.4% |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,466 | 0.2% | 614 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 103,653 | 17.4% | 30,048 | 14.4% |
| County | WAGONER | 8,464 | 1.4% | 2,586 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 6,435 | 1.1% | 2,474 | 1.2% |
| County | WASHITA | 1,649 | 0.3% | 583 | 0.3% |
| County | WOODS | 805 | 0.1% | 251 | 0.1% |
| County | WOODWARD | 2,912 | 0.5% | 1,200 | 0.6% |
| County | OTHER | 5,979 | 1.0% | 1,455 | 0.7% |
| Dual | No | 593,928 | 100.0% | 208,609 | 100.0% |
| Dual | Yes | 83 | 0.0% | 46 | 0.0% |
| Part A | Yes | 81 | 0.0% | 45 | 0.0% |
| Part B | Yes | 46 | 0.0% | 27 | 0.0% |
| Pregnant | No | 563,355 | 94.8% | 194,694 | 93.3% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 30,656 | 5.2% | 13,961 | 6.7% |

| Appendix A Table 7: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | SC Traditional | 397,573 | 100.0% | 94,298 | 100.0% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 1,252 | 0.3% | 57 | 0.1% |
| Age Group | Infant | 9,920 | 2.5% | 3,617 | 3.8% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 45,904 | 11.5% | 10,865 | 11.5% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 52,135 | 13.1% | 10,747 | 11.4% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 221,063 | 55.6% | 46,571 | 49.4% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,299 | 16.9% | 22,441 | 23.8% |
| Gender | Female | 248,267 | 62.4% | 59,617 | 63.2% |
| Gender | Male | 149,306 | 37.6% | 34,681 | 36.8% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 54,033 | 13.6% | 12,034 | 12.8% |
| Race | Asian | 6,804 | 1.7% | 823 | 0.9% |
| Race | Black or African American | 44,798 | 11.3% | 12,302 | 13.0% |
| Race | Caucasian | 262,831 | 66.1% | 62,091 | 65.8% |
| Race | Multiracial | 24,035 | 6.0% | 6,057 | 6.4% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 693 | 0.2% | 101 | 0.1% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 4,379 | 1.1% | 890 | 0.9% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 45,929 | 11.6% | 6,878 | 7.3% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 351,644 | 88.4% | 87,420 | 92.7% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 103,346 | 26.0% | 44,067 | 46.7% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,275 | 4.8% | 10,721 | 11.4% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 705 | 0.2% | 251 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,422 | 0.4% | 296 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 277 | 0.1% | 44 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 0.0% | 21 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,759 | 0.7% | 972 | 1.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 26 | 0.0% | 15 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 16 | 0.0% | 11 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 53 | 0.0% | 33 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 62 | 0.0% | 34 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 32 | 0.0% | 20 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 7: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Aid Category | BCC | 939 | 0.2% | 211 | 0.2% |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 76,771 | 19.3% | 3,575 | 3.8% |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 43,537 | 11.0% | 4,098 | 4.3% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 122,845 | 30.9% | 29,515 | 31.3% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 202 | 0.1% | 20 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 25,263 | 6.4% | 394 | 0.4% |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,670 | 6.2% | 12,418 | 13.2% |
| County Type | Rural | 199,930 | 50.3% | 50,076 | 53.1% |
| County Type | Urban | 191,483 | 48.2% | 43,072 | 45.7% |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,160 | 1.5% | 1,150 | 1.2% |
| County | ADAIR | 4,638 | 1.2% | 1,235 | 1.3% |
| County | ALFALFA | 314 | 0.1% | 67 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 1,762 | 0.4% | 449 | 0.5% |
| County | BEAVER | 278 | 0.1% | 48 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 2,641 | 0.7% | 711 | 0.8% |
| County | BLAINE | 1,207 | 0.3% | 317 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 5,534 | 1.4% | 1,433 | 1.5% |
| County | CADDO | 4,806 | 1.2% | 1,071 | 1.1% |
| County | CANADIAN | 7,085 | 1.8% | 1,450 | 1.5% |
| County | CARTER | 6,052 | 1.5% | 1,513 | 1.6% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 6,704 | 1.7% | 1,557 | 1.7% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 2,554 | 0.6% | 790 | 0.8% |
| County | CIMARRON | 161 | 0.0% | 34 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 16,223 | 4.1% | 3,664 | 3.9% |
| County | COAL | 866 | 0.2% | 222 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 12,753 | 3.2% | 2,836 | 3.0% |
| County | COTTON | 835 | 0.2% | 176 | 0.2% |
| County | CRAIG | 2,310 | 0.6% | 606 | 0.6% |
| County | CREEK | 8,226 | 2.1% | 1,941 | 2.1% |
| County | CUSTER | 2,747 | 0.7% | 648 | 0.7% |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,031 | 1.5% | 1,557 | 1.7% |
| County | DEWEY | 411 | 0.1% | 89 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 7: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | ELLIS | 231 | 0.1% | 39 | 0.0% |
| County | GARFIELD | 6,011 | 1.5% | 1,397 | 1.5% |
| County | GARVIN | 3,353 | 0.8% | 842 | 0.9% |
| County | GRADY | 4,613 | 1.2% | 1,124 | 1.2% |
| County | GRANT | 330 | 0.1% | 74 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 788 | 0.2% | 239 | 0.3% |
| County | HARMON | 367 | 0.1% | 124 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 246 | 0.1% | 47 | 0.0% |
| County | HASKELL | 2,003 | 0.5% | 488 | 0.5% |
| County | HUGHES | 2,025 | 0.5% | 558 | 0.6% |
| County | JACKSON | 2,809 | 0.7% | 794 | 0.8% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 900 | 0.2% | 237 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 1,568 | 0.4% | 412 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 5,660 | 1.4% | 1,422 | 1.5% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 1,099 | 0.3% | 178 | 0.2% |
| County | KIOWA | 1,269 | 0.3% | 348 | 0.4% |
| County | LATIMER | 1,829 | 0.5% | 276 | 0.3% |
| County | LEFLORE | 7,314 | 1.8% | 1,855 | 2.0% |
| County | LINCOLN | 3,579 | 0.9% | 825 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 3,548 | 0.9% | 763 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 962 | 0.2% | 251 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 534 | 0.1% | 88 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 1,831 | 0.5% | 514 | 0.5% |
| County | MAYES | 5,580 | 1.4% | 1,384 | 1.5% |
| County | MCCCLAIN | 2,829 | 0.7% | 705 | 0.7% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 5,792 | 1.5% | 1,521 | 1.6% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,147 | 0.8% | 803 | 0.9% |
| County | MURRAY | 1,627 | 0.4% | 391 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 10,463 | 2.6% | 2,685 | 2.8% |
| County | NOBLE | 1,043 | 0.3% | 247 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 1,358 | 0.3% | 340 | 0.4% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,267 | 0.6% | 524 | 0.6% |

| Appendix A Table 7: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 69,051 | 17.4% | 17,036 | 18.1% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,130 | 1.5% | 1,658 | 1.8% |
| County | OSAGE | 3,328 | 0.8% | 908 | 1.0% |
| County | OTTAWA | 5,128 | 1.3% | 1,390 | 1.5% |
| County | PAWNEE | 1,968 | 0.5% | 491 | 0.5% |
| County | PAYNE | 6,087 | 1.5% | 1,333 | 1.4% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 5,429 | 1.4% | 1,302 | 1.4% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,679 | 1.4% | 1,235 | 1.3% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 10,581 | 2.7% | 2,774 | 2.9% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 1,823 | 0.5% | 402 | 0.4% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 232 | 0.1% | 54 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 7,514 | 1.9% | 1,547 | 1.6% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,175 | 1.1% | 1,186 | 1.3% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 7,176 | 1.8% | 2,091 | 2.2% |
| County | STEPHENS | 4,422 | 1.1% | 1,170 | 1.2% |
| County | TEXAS | 1,605 | 0.4% | 220 | 0.2% |
| County | TILLMAN | 918 | 0.2% | 222 | 0.2% |
| County | TULSA | 55,373 | 13.9% | 11,236 | 11.9% |
| County | WAGONER | 5,553 | 1.4% | 986 | 1.0% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 4,964 | 1.2% | 1,202 | 1.3% |
| County | WASHITA | 911 | 0.2% | 222 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODS | 816 | 0.2% | 197 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODWARD | 1,437 | 0.4% | 377 | 0.4% |
| County | OTHER | 6,160 | 1.5% | 1,150 | 1.2% |
| Dual | No | 270,360 | 68.0% | 47,235 | 50.1% |
| Dual | Yes | 127,213 | 32.0% | 47,063 | 49.9% |
| Part A | Yes | 126,940 | 31.9% | 46,965 | 49.8% |
| Part B | Yes | 125,213 | 31.5% | 46,368 | 49.2% |
| Pregnant | No | 381,479 | 96.0% | 91,028 | 96.5% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 16,094 | 4.0% | 3,270 | 3.5% |

| Appendix A Table 8: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | SC Traditional | 391,254 | 100.0% | 91,030 | 100.0% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 966 | 0.2% | 39 | 0.0% |
| Age Group | Infant | 10,430 | 2.7% | 3,671 | 4.0% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 46,851 | 12.0% | 10,892 | 12.0% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 51,053 | 13.0% | 10,051 | 11.0% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 214,354 | 54.8% | 43,953 | 48.3% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,600 | 17.3% | 22,424 | 24.6% |
| Gender | Female | 241,754 | 61.8% | 56,709 | 62.3% |
| Gender | Male | 149,500 | 38.2% | 34,321 | 37.7% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 52,396 | 13.4% | 11,525 | 12.7% |
| Race | Asian | 6,996 | 1.8% | 771 | 0.8% |
| Race | Black or African American | 44,033 | 11.3% | 12,026 | 13.2% |
| Race | Caucasian | 256,002 | 65.4% | 59,431 | 65.3% |
| Race | Multiracial | 24,400 | 6.2% | 6,183 | 6.8% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 812 | 0.2% | 92 | 0.1% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 6,615 | 1.7% | 1,002 | 1.1% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 45,040 | 11.5% | 6,198 | 6.8% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 346,214 | 88.5% | 84,832 | 93.2% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 103,871 | 26.5% | 44,115 | 48.5% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,100 | 4.9% | 10,637 | 11.7% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 687 | 0.2% | 247 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,521 | 0.4% | 327 | 0.4% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 289 | 0.1% | 42 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 0.0% | 14 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,794 | 0.7% | 1,028 | 1.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 12 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 112 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 43 | 0.0% | 25 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 74 | 0.0% | 43 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 41 | 0.0% | 29 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 8: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Aid Category | BCC | 610 | 0.2% | 127 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 73,219 | 18.7% | 2,417 | 2.7% |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 38,225 | 9.8% | 2,659 | 2.9% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 123,971 | 31.7% | 28,781 | 31.6% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 230 | 0.1% | 29 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 26,412 | 6.8% | 430 | 0.5% |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,716 | 6.3% | 12,472 | 13.7% |
| County Type | Rural | 196,186 | 50.1% | 48,565 | 53.4% |
| County Type | Urban | 188,460 | 48.2% | 41,221 | 45.3% |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,608 | 1.7% | 1,244 | 1.4% |
| County | ADAIR | 4,566 | 1.2% | 1,116 | 1.2% |
| County | ALFALFA | 326 | 0.1% | 64 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 1,692 | 0.4% | 435 | 0.5% |
| County | BEAVER | 255 | 0.1% | 43 | 0.0% |
| County | BECKHAM | 2,304 | 0.6% | 630 | 0.7% |
| County | BLAINE | 1,159 | 0.3% | 312 | 0.3% |
| County | BRYAN | 5,478 | 1.4% | 1,465 | 1.6% |
| County | CADDO | 4,871 | 1.2% | 1,027 | 1.1% |
| County | CANADIAN | 6,961 | 1.8% | 1,382 | 1.5% |
| County | CARTER | 5,739 | 1.5% | 1,444 | 1.6% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 6,711 | 1.7% | 1,433 | 1.6% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 2,384 | 0.6% | 678 | 0.7% |
| County | CIMARRON | 171 | 0.0% | 33 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 16,092 | 4.1% | 3,477 | 3.8% |
| County | COAL | 842 | 0.2% | 200 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 12,821 | 3.3% | 2,737 | 3.0% |
| County | COTTON | 831 | 0.2% | 178 | 0.2% |
| County | CRAIG | 2,281 | 0.6% | 539 | 0.6% |
| County | CREEK | 8,109 | 2.1% | 1,859 | 2.0% |
| County | CUSTER | 2,649 | 0.7% | 661 | 0.7% |
| County | DELAWARE | 5,700 | 1.5% | 1,422 | 1.6% |
| County | DEWEY | 306 | 0.1% | 59 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 8: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | ELLIS | 217 | 0.1% | 38 | 0.0% |
| County | GARFIELD | 6,170 | 1.6% | 1,463 | 1.6% |
| County | GARVIN | 3,316 | 0.8% | 831 | 0.9% |
| County | GRADY | 4,369 | 1.1% | 1,038 | 1.1% |
| County | GRANT | 320 | 0.1% | 79 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 756 | 0.2% | 232 | 0.3% |
| County | HARMON | 342 | 0.1% | 102 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 220 | 0.1% | 47 | 0.1% |
| County | HASKELL | 1,929 | 0.5% | 479 | 0.5% |
| County | HUGHES | 1,918 | 0.5% | 569 | 0.6% |
| County | JACKSON | 2,876 | 0.7% | 790 | 0.9% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 870 | 0.2% | 249 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 1,579 | 0.4% | 433 | 0.5% |
| County | KAY | 5,959 | 1.5% | 1,625 | 1.8% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 1,042 | 0.3% | 185 | 0.2% |
| County | KIOWA | 1,232 | 0.3% | 324 | 0.4% |
| County | LATIMER | 1,895 | 0.5% | 296 | 0.3% |
| County | LEFLORE | 7,158 | 1.8% | 1,820 | 2.0% |
| County | LINCOLN | 3,613 | 0.9% | 800 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 3,421 | 0.9% | 723 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 935 | 0.2% | 236 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 479 | 0.1% | 97 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 1,867 | 0.5% | 487 | 0.5% |
| County | MAYES | 5,330 | 1.4% | 1,333 | 1.5% |
| County | MCCCLAIN | 2,769 | 0.7% | 679 | 0.7% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 5,358 | 1.4% | 1,397 | 1.5% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,063 | 0.8% | 783 | 0.9% |
| County | MURRAY | 1,557 | 0.4% | 416 | 0.5% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 10,520 | 2.7% | 2,483 | 2.7% |
| County | NOBLE | 1,032 | 0.3% | 281 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 1,281 | 0.3% | 311 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,263 | 0.6% | 508 | 0.6% |

| Appendix A Table 8: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 66,896 | 17.1% | 16,126 | 17.7% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,063 | 1.5% | 1,544 | 1.7% |
| County | OSAGE | 3,335 | 0.9% | 934 | 1.0% |
| County | OTTAWA | 5,002 | 1.3% | 1,350 | 1.5% |
| County | PAWNEE | 1,999 | 0.5% | 508 | 0.6% |
| County | PAYNE | 6,129 | 1.6% | 1,415 | 1.6% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 5,426 | 1.4% | 1,329 | 1.5% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,747 | 1.5% | 1,171 | 1.3% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 10,653 | 2.7% | 2,860 | 3.1% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 1,774 | 0.5% | 392 | 0.4% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 177 | 0.0% | 44 | 0.0% |
| County | ROGERS | 7,266 | 1.9% | 1,491 | 1.6% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,209 | 1.1% | 1,136 | 1.2% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 6,853 | 1.8% | 1,994 | 2.2% |
| County | STEPHENS | 4,324 | 1.1% | 1,089 | 1.2% |
| County | TEXAS | 1,599 | 0.4% | 200 | 0.2% |
| County | TILLMAN | 892 | 0.2% | 221 | 0.2% |
| County | TULSA | 55,411 | 14.2% | 10,830 | 11.9% |
| County | WAGONER | 5,379 | 1.4% | 983 | 1.1% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 4,699 | 1.2% | 1,142 | 1.3% |
| County | WASHITA | 826 | 0.2% | 204 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODS | 739 | 0.2% | 148 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODWARD | 1,344 | 0.3% | 347 | 0.4% |
| County | OTHER | 6,608 | 1.7% | 1,244 | 1.4% |
| Dual | No | 263,052 | 67.2% | 43,707 | 48.0% |
| Dual | Yes | 128,202 | 32.8% | 47,323 | 52.0% |
| Part A | Yes | 127,995 | 32.7% | 47,262 | 51.9% |
| Part B | Yes | 126,285 | 32.3% | 46,623 | 51.2% |
| Pregnant | No | 374,806 | 95.8% | 87,761 | 96.4% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 16,448 | 4.2% | 3,269 | 3.6% |

| Appendix A Table 9: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Program | SC Traditional | 429,749 | 100.0% | 100,494 | 100.0% |
| Age Group | Newborn | 961 | 0.2% | 32 | 0.0% |
| Age Group | Infant | 12,438 | 2.9% | 3,828 | 3.8% |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 70,742 | 16.5% | 14,846 | 14.8% |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 73,919 | 17.2% | 14,025 | 14.0% |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 203,865 | 47.4% | 44,764 | 44.5% |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,824 | 15.8% | 22,999 | 22.9% |
| Gender | Female | 259,242 | 60.3% | 61,903 | 61.6% |
| Gender | Male | 170,507 | 39.7% | 38,591 | 38.4% |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 55,255 | 12.9% | 12,413 | 12.4% |
| Race | Asian | 6,952 | 1.6% | 824 | 0.8% |
| Race | Black or African American | 48,944 | 11.4% | 13,264 | 13.2% |
| Race | Caucasian | 278,051 | 64.7% | 65,286 | 65.0% |
| Race | Multiracial | 29,622 | 6.9% | 7,145 | 7.1% |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 995 | 0.2% | 140 | 0.1% |
| Race | Declined to answer | 9,930 | 2.3% | 1,422 | 1.4% |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 46,540 | 10.8% | 6,978 | 6.9% |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 383,209 | 89.2% | 93,516 | 93.1% |
| Aid Category | ABD | 106,873 | 24.9% | 45,229 | 45.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 18,965 | 4.4% | 10,742 | 10.7% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 666 | 0.2% | 269 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,588 | 0.4% | 320 | 0.3% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 283 | 0.1% | 64 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 65 | 0.0% | 27 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,946 | 0.7% | 1,137 | 1.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 10 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 78 | 0.0% | 52 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 26 | 0.0% | 17 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 80 | 0.0% | 47 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 37 | 0.0% | 25 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 9: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Aid Category | BCC | 490 | 0.1% | 128 | 0.1% |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 60,510 | 14.1% | 1,698 | 1.7% |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 27,081 | 6.3% | 1,488 | 1.5% |
| Aid Category | TANF | 181,495 | 42.2% | 38,802 | 38.6% |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 517 | 0.1% | 50 | 0.0% |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 28,039 | 6.5% | 392 | 0.4% |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,744 | 5.8% | 12,707 | 12.6% |
| County Type | Rural | 215,429 | 50.1% | 53,532 | 53.3% |
| County Type | Urban | 207,631 | 48.3% | 45,721 | 45.5% |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,689 | 1.6% | 1,241 | 1.2% |
| County | ADAIR | 4,883 | 1.1% | 1,225 | 1.2% |
| County | ALFALFA | 390 | 0.1% | 68 | 0.1% |
| County | ATOKA | 1,809 | 0.4% | 444 | 0.4% |
| County | BEAVER | 285 | 0.1% | 53 | 0.1% |
| County | BECKHAM | 2,613 | 0.6% | 680 | 0.7% |
| County | BLAINE | 1,386 | 0.3% | 417 | 0.4% |
| County | BRYAN | 5,759 | 1.3% | 1,480 | 1.5% |
| County | CADDO | 5,062 | 1.2% | 1,111 | 1.1% |
| County | CANADIAN | 8,227 | 1.9% | 1,750 | 1.7% |
| County | CARTER | 6,417 | 1.5% | 1,723 | 1.7% |
| County | CHEROKEE | 6,953 | 1.6% | 1,409 | 1.4% |
| County | CHOCTAW | 2,623 | 0.6% | 695 | 0.7% |
| County | CIMARRON | 197 | 0.0% | 40 | 0.0% |
| County | CLEVELAND | 18,409 | 4.3% | 4,189 | 4.2% |
| County | COAL | 876 | 0.2% | 227 | 0.2% |
| County | COMANCHE | 13,931 | 3.2% | 2,997 | 3.0% |
| County | COTTON | 831 | 0.2% | 160 | 0.2% |
| County | CRAIG | 2,482 | 0.6% | 693 | 0.7% |
| County | CREEK | 8,581 | 2.0% | 1,979 | 2.0% |
| County | CUSTER | 2,949 | 0.7% | 741 | 0.7% |
| County | DELAWARE | 5,858 | 1.4% | 1,464 | 1.5% |
| County | DEWEY | 390 | 0.1% | 79 | 0.1% |

| Appendix A Table 9: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | ELLIS | 276 | 0.1% | 49 | 0.0% |
| County | GARFIELD | 7,171 | 1.7% | 1,650 | 1.6% |
| County | GARVIN | 3,696 | 0.9% | 917 | 0.9% |
| County | GRADY | 4,923 | 1.1% | 1,132 | 1.1% |
| County | GRANT | 385 | 0.1% | 98 | 0.1% |
| County | GREER | 899 | 0.2% | 258 | 0.3% |
| County | HARMON | 338 | 0.1% | 107 | 0.1% |
| County | HARPER | 275 | 0.1% | 54 | 0.1% |
| County | HASKELL | 2,081 | 0.5% | 534 | 0.5% |
| County | HUGHES | 2,074 | 0.5% | 590 | 0.6% |
| County | JACKSON | 3,446 | 0.8% | 990 | 1.0% |
| County | JEFFERSON | 991 | 0.2% | 267 | 0.3% |
| County | JOHNSTON | 1,680 | 0.4% | 436 | 0.4% |
| County | KAY | 6,470 | 1.5% | 1,773 | 1.8% |
| County | KINGFISHER | 1,192 | 0.3% | 218 | 0.2% |
| County | KIOWA | 1,366 | 0.3% | 397 | 0.4% |
| County | LATIMER | 1,993 | 0.5% | 336 | 0.3% |
| County | LEFLORE | 8,308 | 1.9% | 2,125 | 2.1% |
| County | LINCOLN | 3,956 | 0.9% | 925 | 0.9% |
| County | LOGAN | 3,617 | 0.8% | 802 | 0.8% |
| County | LOVE | 1,139 | 0.3% | 288 | 0.3% |
| County | MAJOR | 662 | 0.2% | 124 | 0.1% |
| County | MARSHALL | 2,008 | 0.5% | 547 | 0.5% |
| County | MAYES | 5,564 | 1.3% | 1,365 | 1.4% |
| County | MCCCLAIN | 3,327 | 0.8% | 791 | 0.8% |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 5,955 | 1.4% | 1,565 | 1.6% |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,205 | 0.7% | 823 | 0.8% |
| County | MURRAY | 1,785 | 0.4% | 452 | 0.4% |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 11,319 | 2.6% | 2,583 | 2.6% |
| County | NOBLE | 1,271 | 0.3% | 305 | 0.3% |
| County | NOWATA | 1,360 | 0.3% | 333 | 0.3% |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,290 | 0.5% | 497 | 0.5% |

| Appendix A Table 9: Demographics of SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | All Members | | Members with at least one ED Visit | |
| Demographic Group | | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 74,541 | 17.3% | 17,901 | 17.8% |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,559 | 1.5% | 1,650 | 1.6% |
| County | OSAGE | 3,476 | 0.8% | 996 | 1.0% |
| County | OTTAWA | 5,500 | 1.3% | 1,490 | 1.5% |
| County | PAWNEE | 2,102 | 0.5% | 556 | 0.6% |
| County | PAYNE | 6,581 | 1.5% | 1,586 | 1.6% |
| County | PITTSBURG | 6,025 | 1.4% | 1,453 | 1.4% |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,914 | 1.4% | 1,229 | 1.2% |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 11,661 | 2.7% | 3,135 | 3.1% |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 1,829 | 0.4% | 406 | 0.4% |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 229 | 0.1% | 56 | 0.1% |
| County | ROGERS | 7,886 | 1.8% | 1,630 | 1.6% |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,536 | 1.1% | 1,299 | 1.3% |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 7,479 | 1.7% | 2,219 | 2.2% |
| County | STEPHENS | 4,972 | 1.2% | 1,260 | 1.3% |
| County | TEXAS | 2,159 | 0.5% | 281 | 0.3% |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,124 | 0.3% | 287 | 0.3% |
| County | TULSA | 59,817 | 13.9% | 11,644 | 11.6% |
| County | WAGONER | 5,819 | 1.4% | 1,042 | 1.0% |
| County | WASHINGTON | 5,319 | 1.2% | 1,304 | 1.3% |
| County | WASHITA | 1,072 | 0.2% | 244 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODS | 869 | 0.2% | 198 | 0.2% |
| County | WOODWARD | 1,658 | 0.4% | 432 | 0.4% |
| County | OTHER | 6,689 | 1.6% | 1,241 | 1.2% |
| Dual | No | 300,504 | 69.9% | 52,303 | 52.0% |
| Dual | Yes | 129,245 | 30.1% | 48,191 | 48.0% |
| Part A | Yes | 129,047 | 30.0% | 48,114 | 47.9% |
| Part B | Yes | 127,614 | 29.7% | 47,592 | 47.4% |
| Pregnant | No | 409,262 | 95.2% | 96,527 | 96.1% |
| Pregnant | Yes | 20,487 | 4.8% | 3,967 | 3.9% |

| Appendix A Table 10: Frequency Distribution of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|
| | All Members, N = 1,033,386 | |
| Number of Visits | Members | Percent |
| 0 Visits | 717,588 | 69.4% |
| 1 Visit | 171,684 | 16.6% |
| 2 Visits | 69,863 | 6.8% |
| 3 Visits | 32,566 | 3.2% |
| 4 Visits | 16,423 | 1.6% |
| 5 Visits | 8,973 | 0.9% |
| 6 Visits | 5,280 | 0.5% |
| 7 Visits | 3,116 | 0.3% |
| 8 Visits | 2,042 | 0.2% |
| 9 Visits | 1,422 | 0.1% |
| 10 Visits | 1,036 | 0.1% |
| 11 to 20 Visits | 2,803 | 0.3% |
| 21 to 30 Visits | 362 | 0.0% |
| 31 to 40 Visits | 118 | 0.0% |
| 41 to 50 Visits | 56 | 0.0% |
| 51 Visits or More | 54 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 11: Frequency Distribution of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|
| | All Members, N = 1,035,232 | |
| Number of Visits | Members | Percent |
| 0 Visits | 726,464 | 70.2% |
| 1 Visit | 169,033 | 16.3% |
| 2 Visits | 67,945 | 6.6% |
| 3 Visits | 31,518 | 3.0% |
| 4 Visits | 15,861 | 1.5% |
| 5 Visits | 8,696 | 0.8% |
| 6 Visits | 5,068 | 0.5% |
| 7 Visits | 3,156 | 0.3% |
| 8 Visits | 1,985 | 0.2% |
| 9 Visits | 1,390 | 0.1% |
| 10 Visits | 906 | 0.1% |
| 11 to 20 Visits | 2,620 | 0.3% |
| 21 to 30 Visits | 375 | 0.0% |
| 31 to 40 Visits | 112 | 0.0% |
| 41 to 50 Visits | 45 | 0.0% |
| 51 Visits or More | 58 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 12: Frequency Distribution of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|
| | All Members, N = 1,023,760 | |
| Number of Visits | Members | Percent |
| 0 Visits | 714,611 | 69.8% |
| 1 Visit | 169,042 | 16.5% |
| 2 Visits | 68,400 | 6.7% |
| 3 Visits | 31,722 | 3.1% |
| 4 Visits | 15,840 | 1.5% |
| 5 Visits | 8,775 | 0.9% |
| 6 Visits | 5,003 | 0.5% |
| 7 Visits | 3,088 | 0.3% |
| 8 Visits | 2,011 | 0.2% |
| 9 Visits | 1,303 | 0.1% |
| 10 Visits | 895 | 0.1% |
| 11 to 20 Visits | 2,518 | 0.2% |
| 21 to 30 Visits | 332 | 0.0% |
| 31 to 40 Visits | 122 | 0.0% |
| 41 to 50 Visits | 42 | 0.0% |
| 51 Visits or More | 56 | 0.0% |

| Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | Overall | 1,033,386 | 9,720,912 | 670,221 | 68.9 |
| Program | SC Choice | 635,813 | 6,141,225 | 448,300 | 73.0 |
| Program | SC Traditional | 397,573 | 3,579,687 | 221,921 | 62.0 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 5,884 | 8,814 | 527 | 59.8 |
| Age Group | Infant | 79,387 | 685,779 | 72,170 | 105.2 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 302,866 | 3,082,078 | 155,789 | 50.5 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 232,077 | 2,244,966 | 110,742 | 49.3 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 345,845 | 2,991,736 | 278,913 | 93.2 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,327 | 707,539 | 52,080 | 73.6 |
| Gender | Female | 596,446 | 5,547,337 | 416,358 | 75.1 |
| Gender | Male | 436,940 | 4,173,575 | 253,863 | 60.8 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 111,593 | 1,037,114 | 63,860 | 61.6 |
| Race | Asian | 15,359 | 138,594 | 3,801 | 27.4 |
| Race | Black or African American | 125,362 | 1,194,771 | 95,254 | 79.7 |
| Race | Caucasian | 679,854 | 6,383,190 | 441,521 | 69.2 |
| Race | Multiracial | 75,311 | 718,305 | 49,172 | 68.5 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,842 | 24,118 | 1,563 | 64.8 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 23,065 | 224,820 | 15,050 | 66.9 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 164,557 | 1,541,447 | 79,475 | 51.6 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 868,829 | 8,179,465 | 590,746 | 72.2 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 153,534 | 1,631,565 | 186,672 | 114.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,275 | 208,875 | 32,542 | 155.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 705 | 8,401 | 553 | 65.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,422 | 16,971 | 620 | 36.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 277 | 3,235 | 73 | 22.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 486 | 61 | 125.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,759 | 32,748 | 2,265 | 69.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 26 | 307 | 43 | 140.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 16 | 192 | 21 | 109.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 53 | 592 | 143 | 241.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 62 | 714 | 134 | 187.7 |

| Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 32 | 330 | 73 | 221.2 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 1,359 | 9,011 | 641 | 71.1 |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 76,771 | 587,325 | 6,297 | 10.7 |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 43,537 | 363,390 | 6,636 | 18.3 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 707,673 | 6,593,792 | 432,669 | 65.6 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 457 | 5,006 | 88 | 17.6 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 25,385 | 257,972 | 690 | 2.7 |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,670 | 272,851 | 36,528 | 133.9 |
| County Type | Rural | 482,671 | 4,569,660 | 312,086 | 68.3 |
| County Type | Urban | 537,910 | 5,041,892 | 351,905 | 69.8 |
| County Type | OTHER | 12,805 | 109,360 | 6,230 | 57.0 |
| County | ADAIR | 10,136 | 100,394 | 7,629 | 76.0 |
| County | ALFALFA | 1,052 | 9,310 | 489 | 52.5 |
| County | ATOKA | 4,419 | 42,179 | 2,417 | 57.3 |
| County | BEAVER | 920 | 8,112 | 327 | 40.3 |
| County | BECKHAM | 6,088 | 55,478 | 4,005 | 72.2 |
| County | BLAINE | 3,237 | 29,342 | 2,273 | 77.5 |
| County | BRYAN | 14,953 | 140,366 | 10,520 | 74.9 |
| County | CADDO | 10,226 | 94,960 | 5,457 | 57.5 |
| County | CANADIAN | 20,233 | 187,695 | 10,933 | 58.2 |
| County | CARTER | 16,272 | 153,723 | 12,133 | 78.9 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 14,746 | 142,821 | 9,358 | 65.5 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 6,507 | 63,032 | 4,061 | 64.4 |
| County | CIMARRON | 649 | 6,297 | 287 | 45.6 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 44,973 | 418,853 | 33,040 | 78.9 |
| County | COAL | 1,981 | 19,361 | 1,295 | 66.9 |
| County | COMANCHE | 29,873 | 271,841 | 20,749 | 76.3 |
| County | COTTON | 1,647 | 15,447 | 904 | 58.5 |
| County | CRAIG | 4,924 | 47,914 | 3,610 | 75.3 |
| County | CREEK | 20,879 | 198,769 | 13,610 | 68.5 |
| County | CUSTER | 6,966 | 62,773 | 3,883 | 61.9 |
| County | DELAWARE | 12,337 | 118,453 | 7,479 | 63.1 |

| Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | DEWEY | 981 | 8,746 | 472 | 54.0 |
| County | ELLIS | 674 | 5,872 | 350 | 59.6 |
| County | GARFIELD | 16,577 | 154,145 | 10,594 | 68.7 |
| County | GARVIN | 8,525 | 79,617 | 5,560 | 69.8 |
| County | GRADY | 11,606 | 109,863 | 7,487 | 68.1 |
| County | GRANT | 933 | 8,524 | 539 | 63.2 |
| County | GREER | 1,836 | 17,692 | 1,374 | 77.7 |
| County | HARMON | 1,068 | 10,322 | 1,068 | 103.5 |
| County | HARPER | 742 | 6,729 | 284 | 42.2 |
| County | HASKELL | 4,884 | 47,264 | 2,656 | 56.2 |
| County | HUGHES | 4,508 | 43,183 | 3,082 | 71.4 |
| County | JACKSON | 7,516 | 71,399 | 5,718 | 80.1 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 2,463 | 23,420 | 1,985 | 84.8 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 3,958 | 38,061 | 2,830 | 74.4 |
| County | KAY | 15,632 | 147,946 | 11,025 | 74.5 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 3,438 | 32,413 | 1,539 | 47.5 |
| County | KIOWA | 3,067 | 29,189 | 1,971 | 67.5 |
| County | LATIMER | 3,597 | 33,865 | 1,455 | 43.0 |
| County | LEFLORE | 16,962 | 161,693 | 11,169 | 69.1 |
| County | LINCOLN | 8,995 | 85,149 | 5,476 | 64.3 |
| County | LOGAN | 8,746 | 82,754 | 5,590 | 67.5 |
| County | LOVE | 2,889 | 27,166 | 1,852 | 68.2 |
| County | MAJOR | 1,626 | 14,882 | 710 | 47.7 |
| County | MARSHALL | 5,144 | 49,041 | 3,998 | 81.5 |
| County | MAYES | 13,093 | 124,729 | 8,219 | 65.9 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 7,992 | 75,758 | 5,654 | 74.6 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 14,028 | 135,206 | 7,355 | 54.4 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 6,520 | 62,166 | 3,918 | 63.0 |
| County | MURRAY | 3,803 | 35,896 | 2,762 | 76.9 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 24,826 | 239,109 | 15,180 | 63.5 |
| County | NOBLE | 2,800 | 26,206 | 1,727 | 65.9 |
| County | NOWATA | 2,999 | 28,675 | 1,752 | 61.1 |

| Appendix A Table 13: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 4,476 | 42,820 | 2,091 | 48.8 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 203,485 | 1,924,385 | 150,932 | 78.4 |
| County | OKMULGEE | 13,494 | 129,692 | 8,930 | 68.9 |
| County | OSAGE | 7,101 | 68,779 | 4,891 | 71.1 |
| County | OTTAWA | 12,799 | 121,058 | 9,249 | 76.4 |
| County | PAWNEE | 5,055 | 48,088 | 2,948 | 61.3 |
| County | PAYNE | 15,562 | 144,047 | 8,805 | 61.1 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 12,830 | 121,305 | 7,426 | 61.2 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 11,391 | 109,280 | 6,601 | 60.4 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 23,045 | 218,570 | 16,327 | 74.7 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 4,045 | 38,556 | 1,940 | 50.3 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 689 | 6,064 | 344 | 56.7 |
| County | ROGERS | 18,212 | 169,021 | 9,961 | 58.9 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 9,379 | 89,930 | 6,398 | 71.1 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 15,891 | 151,936 | 12,861 | 84.6 |
| County | STEPHENS | 11,938 | 110,632 | 9,757 | 88.2 |
| County | TEXAS | 5,661 | 50,172 | 1,652 | 32.9 |
| County | TILLMAN | 2,707 | 26,090 | 1,601 | 61.4 |
| County | TULSA | 161,599 | 1,503,227 | 89,349 | 59.4 |
| County | WAGONER | 14,817 | 140,810 | 7,196 | 51.1 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 12,005 | 113,001 | 8,993 | 79.6 |
| County | WASHITA | 2,663 | 23,944 | 1,602 | 66.9 |
| County | WOODS | 1,689 | 15,618 | 876 | 56.1 |
| County | WOODWARD | 4,602 | 40,727 | 3,451 | 84.7 |
| County | OTHER | 12,805 | 109,360 | 6,230 | 57.0 |
| Dual | No | 905,909 | 8,365,449 | 541,160 | 64.7 |
| Dual | Yes | 127,477 | 1,355,463 | 129,061 | 95.2 |
| Part A | Yes | 127,204 | 1,352,482 | 128,862 | 95.3 |
| Part B | Yes | 125,263 | 1,335,043 | 126,819 | 95.0 |
| Pregnant | No | 980,953 | 9,330,587 | 623,980 | 66.9 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 52,433 | 390,325 | 46,241 | 118.5 |

| Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | Overall | 1,035,232 | 10,014,677 | 651,205 | 65.0 |
| Program | SC Choice | 643,978 | 6,429,800 | 437,036 | 68.0 |
| Program | SC Traditional | 391,254 | 3,584,877 | 214,169 | 59.7 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 5,615 | 8,508 | 528 | 62.1 |
| Age Group | Infant | 78,523 | 701,245 | 69,612 | 99.3 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 302,769 | 3,197,492 | 146,198 | 45.7 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 234,535 | 2,354,833 | 105,726 | 44.9 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 346,164 | 3,042,081 | 276,716 | 91.0 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,626 | 710,518 | 52,425 | 73.8 |
| Gender | Female | 594,678 | 5,682,838 | 403,866 | 71.1 |
| Gender | Male | 440,554 | 4,331,839 | 247,339 | 57.1 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 108,674 | 1,050,721 | 59,942 | 57.0 |
| Race | Asian | 15,882 | 144,356 | 3,657 | 25.3 |
| Race | Black or African American | 124,330 | 1,224,840 | 91,883 | 75.0 |
| Race | Caucasian | 674,562 | 6,515,286 | 428,245 | 65.7 |
| Race | Multiracial | 76,796 | 759,038 | 48,398 | 63.8 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,997 | 26,414 | 1,548 | 58.6 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 31,991 | 294,022 | 17,532 | 59.6 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 168,313 | 1,610,144 | 76,422 | 47.5 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 866,919 | 8,404,533 | 574,783 | 68.4 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 154,092 | 1,639,811 | 182,986 | 111.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,100 | 207,980 | 32,702 | 157.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 687 | 8,162 | 531 | 65.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,521 | 17,916 | 724 | 40.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 289 | 3,331 | 87 | 26.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 493 | 45 | 91.3 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,794 | 33,300 | 2,290 | 68.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 12 | 144 | 17 | 118.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 112 | 1,325 | 238 | 179.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 43 | 467 | 59 | 126.3 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 74 | 854 | 137 | 160.4 |

| Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 41 | 455 | 99 | 217.6 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 966 | 6,240 | 436 | 69.9 |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 73,219 | 560,383 | 4,371 | 7.8 |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 38,225 | 285,337 | 4,100 | 14.4 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 716,945 | 6,978,728 | 421,521 | 60.4 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 520 | 5,637 | 88 | 15.6 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 26,549 | 264,114 | 774 | 2.9 |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,716 | 274,427 | 36,929 | 134.6 |
| County Type | Rural | 479,558 | 4,666,223 | 304,379 | 65.2 |
| County Type | Urban | 542,147 | 5,234,918 | 340,649 | 65.1 |
| County Type | OTHER | 13,527 | 113,536 | 6,177 | 54.4 |
| County | ADAIR | 10,209 | 102,399 | 6,469 | 63.2 |
| County | ALFALFA | 1,033 | 9,570 | 517 | 54.0 |
| County | ATOKA | 4,306 | 42,771 | 2,279 | 53.3 |
| County | BEAVER | 893 | 8,263 | 297 | 35.9 |
| County | BECKHAM | 5,968 | 56,607 | 4,062 | 71.8 |
| County | BLAINE | 3,113 | 30,129 | 2,275 | 75.5 |
| County | BRYAN | 14,877 | 143,336 | 10,885 | 75.9 |
| County | CADDO | 10,157 | 97,859 | 5,374 | 54.9 |
| County | CANADIAN | 20,202 | 193,773 | 10,650 | 55.0 |
| County | CARTER | 15,843 | 153,703 | 11,714 | 76.2 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 14,704 | 147,061 | 8,440 | 57.4 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 6,382 | 62,960 | 3,509 | 55.7 |
| County | CIMARRON | 653 | 6,318 | 211 | 33.4 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 45,145 | 431,547 | 30,749 | 71.3 |
| County | COAL | 1,924 | 19,005 | 1,035 | 54.5 |
| County | COMANCHE | 30,355 | 286,578 | 20,652 | 72.1 |
| County | COTTON | 1,694 | 16,208 | 895 | 55.2 |
| County | CRAIG | 4,843 | 47,551 | 3,355 | 70.6 |
| County | CREEK | 20,941 | 205,534 | 12,978 | 63.1 |
| County | CUSTER | 6,975 | 65,334 | 4,206 | 64.4 |
| County | DELAWARE | 12,160 | 119,106 | 6,905 | 58.0 |

| Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | DEWEY | 983 | 9,242 | 460 | 49.8 |
| County | ELLIS | 647 | 5,923 | 385 | 65.0 |
| County | GARFIELD | 16,594 | 157,943 | 11,014 | 69.7 |
| County | GARVIN | 8,533 | 82,424 | 5,218 | 63.3 |
| County | GRADY | 11,525 | 111,691 | 7,248 | 64.9 |
| County | GRANT | 949 | 8,956 | 616 | 68.8 |
| County | GREER | 1,809 | 18,087 | 1,399 | 77.3 |
| County | HARMON | 1,020 | 10,067 | 894 | 88.8 |
| County | HARPER | 761 | 6,897 | 275 | 39.9 |
| County | HASKELL | 4,901 | 48,540 | 2,585 | 53.3 |
| County | HUGHES | 4,478 | 44,301 | 3,040 | 68.6 |
| County | JACKSON | 7,234 | 70,662 | 4,747 | 67.2 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 2,452 | 24,098 | 1,737 | 72.1 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 3,970 | 38,713 | 2,991 | 77.3 |
| County | KAY | 15,714 | 152,538 | 11,443 | 75.0 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 3,387 | 32,347 | 1,416 | 43.8 |
| County | KIOWA | 3,073 | 29,895 | 2,145 | 71.8 |
| County | LATIMER | 3,616 | 34,968 | 1,486 | 42.5 |
| County | LEFLORE | 17,293 | 167,940 | 11,095 | 66.1 |
| County | LINCOLN | 9,026 | 87,575 | 5,410 | 61.8 |
| County | LOGAN | 8,546 | 83,018 | 4,986 | 60.1 |
| County | LOVE | 2,844 | 27,388 | 1,809 | 66.1 |
| County | MAJOR | 1,532 | 14,515 | 678 | 46.7 |
| County | MARSHALL | 5,167 | 49,757 | 3,883 | 78.0 |
| County | MAYES | 12,926 | 126,065 | 8,222 | 65.2 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 8,058 | 77,703 | 5,425 | 69.8 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 13,864 | 138,153 | 7,345 | 53.2 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 6,462 | 63,597 | 3,608 | 56.7 |
| County | MURRAY | 3,714 | 36,107 | 2,485 | 68.8 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 24,546 | 242,103 | 13,422 | 55.4 |
| County | NOBLE | 2,797 | 27,455 | 1,808 | 65.9 |
| County | NOWATA | 2,927 | 27,988 | 1,728 | 61.7 |

| Appendix A Table 14: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 4,411 | 43,537 | 1,975 | 45.4 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 205,644 | 2,002,731 | 148,036 | 73.9 |
| County | OKMULGEE | 13,400 | 132,287 | 8,740 | 66.1 |
| County | OSAGE | 6,990 | 68,830 | 4,957 | 72.0 |
| County | OTTAWA | 12,677 | 124,425 | 8,658 | 69.6 |
| County | PAWNEE | 4,984 | 48,619 | 2,951 | 60.7 |
| County | PAYNE | 15,374 | 147,874 | 9,542 | 64.5 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 12,967 | 127,444 | 7,735 | 60.7 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 11,176 | 109,696 | 6,299 | 57.4 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 22,939 | 223,725 | 17,377 | 77.7 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 4,023 | 39,330 | 1,973 | 50.2 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 663 | 6,150 | 332 | 54.0 |
| County | ROGERS | 18,065 | 173,036 | 9,601 | 55.5 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 9,470 | 93,137 | 6,554 | 70.4 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 15,763 | 155,109 | 12,091 | 78.0 |
| County | STEPHENS | 11,993 | 114,097 | 9,067 | 79.5 |
| County | TEXAS | 5,775 | 52,685 | 1,506 | 28.6 |
| County | TILLMAN | 2,654 | 26,305 | 1,766 | 67.1 |
| County | TULSA | 163,587 | 1,570,205 | 86,068 | 54.8 |
| County | WAGONER | 14,614 | 141,963 | 6,547 | 46.1 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 11,972 | 115,859 | 8,882 | 76.7 |
| County | WASHITA | 2,618 | 24,351 | 1,628 | 66.9 |
| County | WOODS | 1,678 | 15,563 | 853 | 54.8 |
| County | WOODWARD | 4,543 | 41,915 | 3,430 | 81.8 |
| County | OTHER | 13,527 | 113,536 | 6,177 | 54.4 |
| Dual | No | 906,851 | 8,648,195 | 521,328 | 60.3 |
| Dual | Yes | 128,381 | 1,366,482 | 129,877 | 95.0 |
| Part A | Yes | 128,172 | 1,364,219 | 129,742 | 95.1 |
| Part B | Yes | 126,323 | 1,347,600 | 127,845 | 94.9 |
| Pregnant | No | 981,313 | 9,598,647 | 604,255 | 63.0 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 53,919 | 416,030 | 46,950 | 112.9 |

| Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | Overall | 1,023,760 | 10,206,794 | 649,031 | 63.6 |
| Program | SC Choice | 594,011 | 6,062,835 | 417,777 | 68.9 |
| Program | SC Traditional | 429,749 | 4,143,959 | 231,254 | 55.8 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 5,527 | 8,115 | 480 | 59.1 |
| Age Group | Infant | 78,051 | 687,456 | 66,818 | 97.2 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 307,956 | 3,331,848 | 153,563 | 46.1 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 240,321 | 2,501,218 | 108,880 | 43.5 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 324,052 | 2,948,447 | 265,174 | 89.9 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,853 | 729,710 | 54,116 | 74.2 |
| Gender | Female | 583,092 | 5,740,797 | 400,115 | 69.7 |
| Gender | Male | 440,668 | 4,465,997 | 248,916 | 55.7 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 105,425 | 1,054,065 | 59,742 | 56.7 |
| Race | Asian | 15,747 | 150,429 | 3,611 | 24.0 |
| Race | Black or African American | 122,664 | 1,240,226 | 91,242 | 73.6 |
| Race | Caucasian | 658,707 | 6,563,769 | 422,619 | 64.4 |
| Race | Multiracial | 78,613 | 798,232 | 49,863 | 62.5 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 3,158 | 29,026 | 1,690 | 58.2 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 39,446 | 371,047 | 20,264 | 54.6 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 167,321 | 1,671,240 | 79,292 | 47.4 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 856,439 | 8,535,554 | 569,739 | 66.7 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 152,112 | 1,644,621 | 179,521 | 109.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 18,965 | 211,185 | 32,901 | 155.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 666 | 7,957 | 593 | 74.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,588 | 18,945 | 673 | 35.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 283 | 3,347 | 101 | 30.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 65 | 751 | 66 | 87.9 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,946 | 35,156 | 2,821 | 80.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 10 | 109 | 22 | 201.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 78 | 926 | 151 | 163.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 26 | 312 | 69 | 221.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 80 | 960 | 153 | 159.4 |

| Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 37 | 435 | 93 | 213.8 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 754 | 5,367 | 425 | 79.2 |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 60,510 | 496,080 | 3,264 | 6.6 |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 27,081 | 213,549 | 2,499 | 11.7 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 729,770 | 7,281,534 | 424,949 | 58.4 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 577 | 6,320 | 91 | 14.4 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 28,212 | 279,240 | 639 | 2.3 |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,744 | 280,083 | 37,643 | 134.4 |
| County Type | Rural | 471,964 | 4,732,694 | 305,554 | 64.6 |
| County Type | Urban | 539,128 | 5,363,626 | 338,643 | 63.1 |
| County Type | OTHER | 12,668 | 110,474 | 4,834 | 43.8 |
| County | ADAIR | 10,309 | 107,189 | 6,587 | 61.5 |
| County | ALFALFA | 1,043 | 9,731 | 441 | 45.3 |
| County | ATOKA | 4,222 | 42,842 | 2,299 | 53.7 |
| County | BEAVER | 870 | 8,404 | 350 | 41.6 |
| County | BECKHAM | 5,866 | 56,261 | 3,975 | 70.7 |
| County | BLAINE | 3,105 | 30,658 | 2,394 | 78.1 |
| County | BRYAN | 14,327 | 143,553 | 10,988 | 76.5 |
| County | CADDO | 9,977 | 99,835 | 5,457 | 54.7 |
| County | CANADIAN | 20,099 | 195,529 | 11,413 | 58.4 |
| County | CARTER | 15,441 | 153,850 | 12,277 | 79.8 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 14,314 | 147,558 | 7,968 | 54.0 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 6,379 | 64,021 | 3,405 | 53.2 |
| County | CIMARRON | 617 | 6,320 | 196 | 31.0 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 44,677 | 441,621 | 31,598 | 71.6 |
| County | COAL | 1,857 | 18,743 | 985 | 52.6 |
| County | COMANCHE | 29,941 | 294,670 | 20,512 | 69.6 |
| County | COTTON | 1,643 | 16,398 | 829 | 50.6 |
| County | CRAIG | 4,747 | 47,954 | 3,546 | 73.9 |
| County | CREEK | 20,399 | 205,886 | 12,472 | 60.6 |
| County | CUSTER | 6,920 | 66,454 | 4,423 | 66.6 |
| County | DELAWARE | 11,934 | 121,891 | 7,120 | 58.4 |

| Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | DEWEY | 953 | 9,163 | 555 | 60.6 |
| County | ELLIS | 685 | 6,627 | 398 | 60.1 |
| County | GARFIELD | 16,724 | 163,449 | 10,552 | 64.6 |
| County | GARVIN | 8,508 | 84,003 | 5,496 | 65.4 |
| County | GRADY | 11,397 | 113,047 | 6,959 | 61.6 |
| County | GRANT | 935 | 9,359 | 545 | 58.2 |
| County | GREER | 1,810 | 18,041 | 1,266 | 70.2 |
| County | HARMON | 922 | 9,623 | 841 | 87.4 |
| County | HARPER | 742 | 7,245 | 299 | 41.3 |
| County | HASKELL | 4,777 | 48,909 | 2,608 | 53.3 |
| County | HUGHES | 4,398 | 44,325 | 2,854 | 64.4 |
| County | JACKSON | 6,920 | 68,729 | 4,664 | 67.9 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 2,374 | 24,270 | 1,642 | 67.7 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 3,798 | 38,253 | 3,026 | 79.1 |
| County | KAY | 15,397 | 152,499 | 11,338 | 74.3 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 3,308 | 32,328 | 1,572 | 48.6 |
| County | KIOWA | 3,041 | 30,343 | 2,230 | 73.5 |
| County | LATIMER | 3,609 | 35,562 | 1,754 | 49.3 |
| County | LEFLORE | 17,296 | 175,556 | 11,157 | 63.6 |
| County | LINCOLN | 9,029 | 90,293 | 6,043 | 66.9 |
| County | LOGAN | 8,193 | 81,544 | 5,022 | 61.6 |
| County | LOVE | 2,741 | 27,155 | 1,767 | 65.1 |
| County | MAJOR | 1,586 | 15,057 | 692 | 46.0 |
| County | MARSHALL | 5,019 | 50,406 | 4,310 | 85.5 |
| County | MAYES | 12,437 | 125,453 | 7,723 | 61.6 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 8,022 | 79,482 | 5,366 | 67.5 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 13,773 | 141,749 | 7,493 | 52.9 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 6,341 | 64,213 | 3,623 | 56.4 |
| County | MURRAY | 3,657 | 35,757 | 2,378 | 66.5 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 24,198 | 246,231 | 13,373 | 54.3 |
| County | NOBLE | 2,773 | 27,533 | 1,763 | 64.0 |
| County | NOWATA | 2,958 | 29,710 | 1,657 | 55.8 |

| Appendix A Table 15: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 4,249 | 43,479 | 1,917 | 44.1 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 205,973 | 2,064,852 | 148,851 | 72.1 |
| County | OKMULGEE | 13,247 | 135,318 | 8,599 | 63.5 |
| County | OSAGE | 6,683 | 68,598 | 4,875 | 71.1 |
| County | OTTAWA | 12,588 | 128,074 | 9,469 | 73.9 |
| County | PAWNEE | 4,739 | 47,698 | 3,167 | 66.4 |
| County | PAYNE | 15,088 | 148,274 | 9,586 | 64.7 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 12,983 | 131,950 | 8,104 | 61.4 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 10,723 | 107,049 | 6,004 | 56.1 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 22,331 | 224,236 | 17,065 | 76.1 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 4,024 | 40,218 | 2,143 | 53.3 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 667 | 6,315 | 364 | 57.6 |
| County | ROGERS | 17,388 | 170,424 | 9,366 | 55.0 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 9,325 | 94,240 | 6,842 | 72.6 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 15,528 | 159,832 | 12,215 | 76.4 |
| County | STEPHENS | 11,876 | 116,465 | 8,816 | 75.7 |
| County | TEXAS | 5,610 | 54,444 | 1,704 | 31.3 |
| County | TILLMAN | 2,590 | 26,612 | 1,760 | 66.1 |
| County | TULSA | 163,470 | 1,618,925 | 82,488 | 51.0 |
| County | WAGONER | 14,283 | 142,095 | 6,680 | 47.0 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 11,754 | 116,714 | 8,161 | 69.9 |
| County | WASHITA | 2,721 | 25,813 | 1,614 | 62.5 |
| County | WOODS | 1,674 | 16,178 | 797 | 49.3 |
| County | WOODWARD | 4,570 | 43,235 | 3,409 | 78.8 |
| County | OTHER | 12,668 | 110,474 | 4,834 | 43.8 |
| Dual | No | 894,432 | 8,802,577 | 516,921 | 58.7 |
| Dual | Yes | 129,328 | 1,404,217 | 132,110 | 94.1 |
| Part A | Yes | 129,128 | 1,401,997 | 131,952 | 94.1 |
| Part B | Yes | 127,660 | 1,388,378 | 130,473 | 94.0 |
| Pregnant | No | 972,617 | 9,822,801 | 605,841 | 61.7 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 51,143 | 383,993 | 43,190 | 112.5 |

| Appendix A Table 16: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | SC Choice | 635,813 | 6,141,225 | 448,300 | 73.0 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 4,632 | 7,164 | 468 | 65.3 |
| Age Group | Infant | 69,467 | 606,714 | 64,793 | 106.8 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 256,962 | 2,647,421 | 138,470 | 52.3 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 179,942 | 1,783,875 | 91,592 | 51.3 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 124,782 | 1,095,754 | 152,969 | 139.6 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 28 | 297 | 8 | 26.9 |
| Gender | Female | 348,179 | 3,327,210 | 273,344 | 82.2 |
| Gender | Male | 287,634 | 2,814,015 | 174,956 | 62.2 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 57,560 | 555,139 | 38,214 | 68.8 |
| Race | Asian | 8,555 | 80,480 | 2,450 | 30.4 |
| Race | Black or African American | 80,564 | 782,747 | 63,826 | 81.5 |
| Race | Caucasian | 417,023 | 4,015,023 | 293,139 | 73.0 |
| Race | Multiracial | 51,276 | 499,716 | 35,942 | 71.9 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,149 | 19,533 | 1,372 | 70.2 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 18,686 | 188,587 | 13,357 | 70.8 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 118,628 | 1,181,992 | 66,068 | 55.9 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 517,185 | 4,959,233 | 382,232 | 77.1 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 50,188 | 557,554 | 69,065 | 123.9 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 420 | 3,818 | 265 | 69.4 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 584,828 | 5,576,202 | 378,892 | 67.9 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 255 | 2,913 | 63 | 21.6 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 122 | 738 | 15 | 20.3 |
| County Type | Rural | 282,741 | 2,730,159 | 196,423 | 71.9 |
| County Type | Urban | 346,427 | 3,356,339 | 247,583 | 73.8 |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,645 | 54,727 | 4,294 | 78.5 |
| County | ADAIR | 5,498 | 55,486 | 4,727 | 85.2 |
| County | ALFALFA | 738 | 6,586 | 371 | 56.3 |
| County | ATOKA | 2,657 | 25,318 | 1,314 | 51.9 |
| County | BEAVER | 642 | 5,865 | 236 | 40.2 |
| County | BECKHAM | 3,447 | 32,079 | 2,398 | 74.8 |

| Appendix A Table 16: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | BLAINE | 2,030 | 18,572 | 1,472 | 79.3 |
| County | BRYAN | 9,419 | 90,175 | 7,163 | 79.4 |
| County | CADDO | 5,420 | 51,547 | 3,257 | 63.2 |
| County | CANADIAN | 13,148 | 124,883 | 7,828 | 62.7 |
| County | CARTER | 10,220 | 98,306 | 8,399 | 85.4 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 8,042 | 80,005 | 5,616 | 70.2 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 3,953 | 38,219 | 2,314 | 60.5 |
| County | CIMARRON | 488 | 4,776 | 218 | 45.6 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 28,750 | 275,070 | 23,863 | 86.8 |
| County | COAL | 1,115 | 10,952 | 772 | 70.5 |
| County | COMANCHE | 17,120 | 162,500 | 14,071 | 86.6 |
| County | COTTON | 812 | 7,655 | 552 | 72.1 |
| County | CRAIG | 2,614 | 26,070 | 2,228 | 85.5 |
| County | CREEK | 12,653 | 124,352 | 9,152 | 73.6 |
| County | CUSTER | 4,219 | 39,047 | 2,519 | 64.5 |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,306 | 61,765 | 3,836 | 62.1 |
| County | DEWEY | 570 | 5,160 | 309 | 59.9 |
| County | ELLIS | 443 | 3,862 | 270 | 69.9 |
| County | GARFIELD | 10,566 | 101,487 | 7,285 | 71.8 |
| County | GARVIN | 5,172 | 48,613 | 3,613 | 74.3 |
| County | GRADY | 6,993 | 67,606 | 4,908 | 72.6 |
| County | GRANT | 603 | 5,509 | 340 | 61.7 |
| County | GREER | 1,048 | 10,144 | 746 | 73.5 |
| County | HARMON | 701 | 6,849 | 728 | 106.3 |
| County | HARPER | 496 | 4,569 | 168 | 36.8 |
| County | HASKELL | 2,881 | 28,421 | 1,709 | 60.1 |
| County | HUGHES | 2,483 | 24,093 | 1,779 | 73.8 |
| County | JACKSON | 4,707 | 46,217 | 3,897 | 84.3 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 1,563 | 14,981 | 1,417 | 94.6 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 2,390 | 23,466 | 1,799 | 76.7 |
| County | KAY | 9,972 | 96,905 | 7,471 | 77.1 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 2,339 | 22,557 | 1,136 | 50.4 |

| Appendix A Table 16: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | KIOWA | 1,798 | 17,335 | 1,218 | 70.3 |
| County | LATIMER | 1,768 | 16,765 | 912 | 54.4 |
| County | LEFLORE | 9,648 | 93,989 | 6,951 | 74.0 |
| County | LINCOLN | 5,416 | 51,804 | 3,690 | 71.2 |
| County | LOGAN | 5,198 | 50,424 | 3,759 | 74.5 |
| County | LOVE | 1,927 | 18,280 | 1,263 | 69.1 |
| County | MAJOR | 1,092 | 10,237 | 527 | 51.5 |
| County | MARSHALL | 3,313 | 32,237 | 2,758 | 85.6 |
| County | MAYES | 7,513 | 73,540 | 5,115 | 69.6 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 5,163 | 50,384 | 3,989 | 79.2 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 8,236 | 80,832 | 4,084 | 50.5 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,373 | 32,122 | 2,196 | 68.4 |
| County | MURRAY | 2,176 | 20,842 | 1,887 | 90.5 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 14,363 | 141,593 | 9,011 | 63.6 |
| County | NOBLE | 1,757 | 16,719 | 1,117 | 66.8 |
| County | NOWATA | 1,641 | 15,985 | 992 | 62.1 |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,209 | 21,351 | 879 | 41.2 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 134,434 | 1,312,146 | 107,187 | 81.7 |
| County | OKMULGEE | 7,364 | 72,048 | 5,271 | 73.2 |
| County | OSAGE | 3,773 | 37,158 | 2,769 | 74.5 |
| County | OTTAWA | 7,671 | 74,501 | 6,080 | 81.6 |
| County | PAWNEE | 3,087 | 29,675 | 1,863 | 62.8 |
| County | PAYNE | 9,475 | 90,746 | 5,692 | 62.7 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 7,401 | 71,534 | 4,497 | 62.9 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,712 | 55,880 | 3,495 | 62.5 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 12,464 | 121,167 | 9,852 | 81.3 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 2,222 | 21,288 | 1,072 | 50.4 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 457 | 4,166 | 235 | 56.4 |
| County | ROGERS | 10,698 | 102,772 | 6,494 | 63.2 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 5,204 | 49,981 | 3,772 | 75.5 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 8,715 | 84,696 | 7,852 | 92.7 |
| County | STEPHENS | 7,516 | 71,012 | 6,925 | 97.5 |

| Appendix A Table 16: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | TEXAS | 4,056 | 38,007 | 1,257 | 33.1 |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,789 | 17,415 | 1,133 | 65.1 |
| County | TULSA | 106,226 | 1,025,459 | 63,415 | 61.8 |
| County | WAGONER | 9,264 | 91,191 | 5,056 | 55.4 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 7,041 | 68,901 | 5,666 | 82.2 |
| County | WASHITA | 1,752 | 16,259 | 1,132 | 69.6 |
| County | WOODS | 873 | 7,979 | 498 | 62.4 |
| County | WOODWARD | 3,165 | 28,411 | 2,564 | 90.2 |
| County | OTHER | 6,645 | 54,727 | 4,294 | 78.5 |
| Dual | No | 635,549 | 6,138,610 | 447,677 | 72.9 |
| Dual | Yes | 264 | 2,615 | 623 | 238.2 |
| Part A | Yes | 264 | 2,615 | 623 | 238.2 |
| Part B | Yes | 50 | 461 | 86 | 186.6 |
| Pregnant | No | 599,474 | 5,849,064 | 408,930 | 69.9 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 36,339 | 292,161 | 39,370 | 134.8 |

| Appendix A Table 17: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | SC Choice | 643,978 | 6,429,800 | 437,036 | 68.0 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 4,649 | 7,234 | 487 | 67.3 |
| Age Group | Infant | 68,093 | 611,877 | 62,455 | 102.1 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 255,918 | 2,729,747 | 129,246 | 47.3 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 183,482 | 1,877,376 | 88,525 | 47.2 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 131,810 | 1,203,288 | 156,307 | 129.9 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 26 | 278 | 16 | 57.6 |
| Gender | Female | 352,924 | 3,482,803 | 267,050 | 76.7 |
| Gender | Male | 291,054 | 2,946,997 | 169,986 | 57.7 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 56,278 | 562,984 | 35,844 | 63.7 |
| Race | Asian | 8,886 | 87,218 | 2,364 | 27.1 |
| Race | Black or African American | 80,297 | 807,768 | 61,656 | 76.3 |
| Race | Caucasian | 418,560 | 4,179,269 | 284,942 | 68.2 |
| Race | Multiracial | 52,396 | 527,846 | 35,283 | 66.8 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,185 | 20,879 | 1,328 | 63.6 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 25,376 | 243,836 | 15,619 | 64.1 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 123,273 | 1,265,662 | 64,081 | 50.6 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 520,705 | 5,164,138 | 372,955 | 72.2 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 50,221 | 557,235 | 65,860 | 118.2 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 356 | 3,107 | 214 | 68.9 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 592,974 | 5,865,434 | 370,889 | 63.2 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 290 | 3,295 | 52 | 15.8 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 137 | 729 | 21 | 28.8 |
| County Type | Rural | 283,372 | 2,828,799 | 192,158 | 67.9 |
| County Type | Urban | 353,687 | 3,545,391 | 240,994 | 68.0 |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,919 | 55,610 | 3,884 | 69.8 |
| County | ADAIR | 5,643 | 57,409 | 4,035 | 70.3 |
| County | ALFALFA | 707 | 6,658 | 380 | 57.1 |
| County | ATOKA | 2,614 | 26,110 | 1,290 | 49.4 |
| County | BEAVER | 638 | 6,088 | 222 | 36.5 |
| County | BECKHAM | 3,664 | 35,407 | 2,631 | 74.3 |

| Appendix A Table 17: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | BLAINE | 1,954 | 19,305 | 1,424 | 73.8 |
| County | BRYAN | 9,399 | 92,956 | 7,334 | 78.9 |
| County | CADDO | 5,286 | 52,738 | 3,216 | 61.0 |
| County | CANADIAN | 13,241 | 130,682 | 7,653 | 58.6 |
| County | CARTER | 10,104 | 100,834 | 8,215 | 81.5 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 7,993 | 82,599 | 5,079 | 61.5 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 3,998 | 39,452 | 2,056 | 52.1 |
| County | CIMARRON | 482 | 4,726 | 138 | 29.2 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 29,053 | 288,198 | 22,118 | 76.7 |
| County | COAL | 1,082 | 10,763 | 630 | 58.5 |
| County | COMANCHE | 17,534 | 172,816 | 14,319 | 82.9 |
| County | COTTON | 863 | 8,376 | 543 | 64.8 |
| County | CRAIG | 2,562 | 25,891 | 2,150 | 83.0 |
| County | CREEK | 12,832 | 130,387 | 8,857 | 67.9 |
| County | CUSTER | 4,326 | 41,987 | 2,726 | 64.9 |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,460 | 64,874 | 3,651 | 56.3 |
| County | DEWEY | 677 | 6,448 | 341 | 52.9 |
| County | ELLIS | 430 | 3,969 | 289 | 72.8 |
| County | GARFIELD | 10,424 | 103,498 | 7,560 | 73.0 |
| County | GARVIN | 5,217 | 51,981 | 3,240 | 62.3 |
| County | GRADY | 7,156 | 71,131 | 4,792 | 67.4 |
| County | GRANT | 629 | 6,033 | 403 | 66.8 |
| County | GREER | 1,053 | 10,515 | 808 | 76.8 |
| County | HARMON | 678 | 6,717 | 556 | 82.8 |
| County | HARPER | 541 | 5,016 | 182 | 36.3 |
| County | HASKELL | 2,972 | 29,729 | 1,606 | 54.0 |
| County | HUGHES | 2,560 | 25,544 | 1,734 | 67.9 |
| County | JACKSON | 4,358 | 43,715 | 3,004 | 68.7 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 1,582 | 15,848 | 1,219 | 76.9 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 2,391 | 23,643 | 1,860 | 78.7 |
| County | KAY | 9,755 | 97,341 | 7,501 | 77.1 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 2,345 | 23,159 | 990 | 42.7 |

| Appendix A Table 17: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | KIOWA | 1,841 | 18,246 | 1,347 | 73.8 |
| County | LATIMER | 1,721 | 17,079 | 872 | 51.1 |
| County | LEFLORE | 10,135 | 100,582 | 6,989 | 69.5 |
| County | LINCOLN | 5,413 | 54,564 | 3,715 | 68.1 |
| County | LOGAN | 5,125 | 51,348 | 3,267 | 63.6 |
| County | LOVE | 1,909 | 18,863 | 1,314 | 69.7 |
| County | MAJOR | 1,053 | 10,333 | 506 | 49.0 |
| County | MARSHALL | 3,300 | 32,980 | 2,735 | 82.9 |
| County | MAYES | 7,596 | 76,407 | 5,310 | 69.5 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 5,289 | 52,484 | 3,827 | 72.9 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 8,506 | 86,338 | 4,268 | 49.4 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,399 | 34,088 | 1,984 | 58.2 |
| County | MURRAY | 2,157 | 21,444 | 1,516 | 70.7 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 14,026 | 142,112 | 7,684 | 54.1 |
| County | NOBLE | 1,765 | 17,668 | 1,143 | 64.7 |
| County | NOWATA | 1,646 | 16,169 | 1,062 | 65.7 |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,148 | 21,679 | 887 | 40.9 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 138,748 | 1,400,567 | 106,363 | 75.9 |
| County | OKMULGEE | 7,337 | 74,592 | 5,236 | 70.2 |
| County | OSAGE | 3,655 | 36,729 | 2,796 | 76.1 |
| County | OTTAWA | 7,675 | 77,253 | 5,634 | 72.9 |
| County | PAWNEE | 2,985 | 29,894 | 1,817 | 60.8 |
| County | PAYNE | 9,245 | 92,103 | 5,947 | 64.6 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 7,541 | 76,057 | 4,646 | 61.1 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,429 | 54,606 | 3,373 | 61.8 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 12,286 | 124,188 | 10,557 | 85.0 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 2,249 | 22,156 | 1,181 | 53.3 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 486 | 4,613 | 243 | 52.7 |
| County | ROGERS | 10,799 | 107,297 | 6,234 | 58.1 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 5,261 | 52,655 | 4,017 | 76.3 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 8,910 | 89,310 | 7,383 | 82.7 |
| County | STEPHENS | 7,669 | 75,643 | 6,422 | 84.9 |

| Appendix A Table 17: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | TEXAS | 4,176 | 39,464 | 1,122 | 28.4 |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,762 | 17,799 | 1,233 | 69.3 |
| County | TULSA | 108,176 | 1,081,890 | 60,939 | 56.3 |
| County | WAGONER | 9,235 | 92,993 | 4,621 | 49.7 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 7,273 | 73,048 | 5,890 | 80.6 |
| County | WASHITA | 1,792 | 17,055 | 1,150 | 67.4 |
| County | WOODS | 939 | 8,878 | 574 | 64.7 |
| County | WOODWARD | 3,199 | 30,473 | 2,596 | 85.2 |
| County | OTHER | 6,919 | 55,610 | 3,884 | 69.8 |
| Dual | No | 643,799 | 6,428,104 | 436,687 | 67.9 |
| Dual | Yes | 179 | 1,696 | 349 | 205.8 |
| Part A | Yes | 177 | 1,672 | 347 | 207.5 |
| Part B | Yes | 38 | 319 | 61 | 191.2 |
| Pregnant | No | 606,507 | 6,120,792 | 396,977 | 64.9 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 37,471 | 309,008 | 40,059 | 129.6 |

| Appendix A Table 18: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | SC Choice | 594,011 | 6,062,835 | 417,777 | 68.9 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 4,566 | 6,881 | 446 | 64.8 |
| Age Group | Infant | 65,613 | 582,282 | 59,573 | 102.3 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 237,214 | 2,601,160 | 130,908 | 50.3 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 166,402 | 1,759,872 | 85,373 | 48.5 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 120,187 | 1,112,309 | 141,470 | 127.2 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 29 | 331 | 7 | 21.1 |
| Gender | Female | 323,850 | 3,268,824 | 253,753 | 77.6 |
| Gender | Male | 270,161 | 2,794,011 | 164,024 | 58.7 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 50,170 | 515,718 | 33,988 | 65.9 |
| Race | Asian | 8,795 | 88,762 | 2,161 | 24.3 |
| Race | Black or African American | 73,720 | 754,727 | 58,509 | 77.5 |
| Race | Caucasian | 380,656 | 3,889,234 | 268,848 | 69.1 |
| Race | Multiracial | 48,991 | 503,883 | 35,056 | 69.6 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2,163 | 21,069 | 1,410 | 66.9 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 29,516 | 289,442 | 17,805 | 61.5 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 120,781 | 1,274,810 | 65,665 | 51.5 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 473,230 | 4,788,025 | 352,112 | 73.5 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 45,239 | 508,033 | 59,637 | 117.4 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 264 | 2,469 | 214 | 86.7 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 548,275 | 5,550,734 | 357,875 | 64.5 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 60 | 675 | 23 | 34.1 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 173 | 924 | 28 | 30.3 |
| County Type | Rural | 256,535 | 2,620,908 | 184,388 | 70.4 |
| County Type | Urban | 331,497 | 3,391,296 | 230,618 | 68.0 |
| County Type | OTHER | 5,979 | 50,631 | 2,771 | 54.7 |
| County | ADAIR | 5,426 | 57,291 | 4,100 | 71.6 |
| County | ALFALFA | 653 | 6,106 | 253 | 41.4 |
| County | ATOKA | 2,413 | 24,462 | 1,304 | 53.3 |
| County | BEAVER | 585 | 5,610 | 258 | 46.0 |
| County | BECKHAM | 3,253 | 31,740 | 2,383 | 75.1 |

| Appendix A Table 18: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | BLAINE | 1,719 | 17,299 | 1,447 | 83.6 |
| County | BRYAN | 8,568 | 87,345 | 7,457 | 85.4 |
| County | CADDO | 4,915 | 50,192 | 3,253 | 64.8 |
| County | CANADIAN | 11,872 | 117,992 | 7,703 | 65.3 |
| County | CARTER | 9,024 | 91,240 | 8,057 | 88.3 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 7,361 | 77,880 | 4,641 | 59.6 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 3,756 | 37,927 | 1,974 | 52.0 |
| County | CIMARRON | 420 | 4,325 | 119 | 27.5 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 26,268 | 265,987 | 21,562 | 81.1 |
| County | COAL | 981 | 9,963 | 550 | 55.2 |
| County | COMANCHE | 16,010 | 162,243 | 13,659 | 84.2 |
| County | COTTON | 812 | 8,123 | 501 | 61.7 |
| County | CRAIG | 2,265 | 23,099 | 2,027 | 87.8 |
| County | CREEK | 11,818 | 122,366 | 8,301 | 67.8 |
| County | CUSTER | 3,971 | 39,262 | 2,769 | 70.5 |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,076 | 63,055 | 3,757 | 59.6 |
| County | DEWEY | 563 | 5,520 | 366 | 66.3 |
| County | ELLIS | 409 | 4,041 | 282 | 69.8 |
| County | GARFIELD | 9,553 | 97,174 | 6,813 | 70.1 |
| County | GARVIN | 4,812 | 48,756 | 3,348 | 68.7 |
| County | GRADY | 6,474 | 65,413 | 4,475 | 68.4 |
| County | GRANT | 550 | 5,621 | 300 | 53.4 |
| County | GREER | 911 | 8,950 | 699 | 78.1 |
| County | HARMON | 584 | 6,116 | 496 | 81.1 |
| County | HARPER | 467 | 4,698 | 195 | 41.5 |
| County | HASKELL | 2,696 | 27,700 | 1,489 | 53.8 |
| County | HUGHES | 2,324 | 23,703 | 1,661 | 70.1 |
| County | JACKSON | 3,474 | 35,292 | 2,504 | 71.0 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 1,383 | 14,179 | 1,035 | 73.0 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 2,118 | 21,528 | 1,881 | 87.4 |
| County | KAY | 8,927 | 90,420 | 7,061 | 78.1 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 2,116 | 21,215 | 1,111 | 52.4 |

| Appendix A Table 18: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | KIOWA | 1,675 | 16,737 | 1,297 | 77.5 |
| County | LATIMER | 1,616 | 16,143 | 1,070 | 66.3 |
| County | LEFLORE | 8,988 | 92,909 | 6,412 | 69.0 |
| County | LINCOLN | 5,073 | 51,905 | 3,956 | 76.2 |
| County | LOGAN | 4,576 | 46,260 | 3,175 | 68.6 |
| County | LOVE | 1,602 | 15,969 | 1,182 | 74.0 |
| County | MAJOR | 924 | 9,126 | 473 | 51.8 |
| County | MARSHALL | 3,011 | 31,101 | 3,045 | 97.9 |
| County | MAYES | 6,873 | 70,877 | 4,833 | 68.2 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 4,695 | 47,874 | 3,619 | 75.6 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 7,818 | 81,073 | 4,117 | 50.8 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,136 | 31,944 | 1,866 | 58.4 |
| County | MURRAY | 1,872 | 18,816 | 1,457 | 77.4 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 12,879 | 133,874 | 7,418 | 55.4 |
| County | NOBLE | 1,502 | 15,124 | 1,021 | 67.5 |
| County | NOWATA | 1,598 | 16,185 | 956 | 59.1 |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 1,959 | 20,504 | 828 | 40.4 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 131,432 | 1,355,141 | 103,559 | 76.4 |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,688 | 69,652 | 4,786 | 68.7 |
| County | OSAGE | 3,207 | 33,184 | 2,538 | 76.5 |
| County | OTTAWA | 7,088 | 73,452 | 5,964 | 81.2 |
| County | PAWNEE | 2,637 | 27,062 | 1,948 | 72.0 |
| County | PAYNE | 8,507 | 86,160 | 5,627 | 65.3 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 6,958 | 71,599 | 4,712 | 65.8 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 4,809 | 49,176 | 3,116 | 63.4 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 10,670 | 110,641 | 9,638 | 87.1 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 2,195 | 21,975 | 1,231 | 56.0 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 438 | 4,131 | 255 | 61.7 |
| County | ROGERS | 9,502 | 95,017 | 5,621 | 59.2 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,789 | 48,904 | 3,947 | 80.7 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 8,049 | 83,690 | 7,200 | 86.0 |
| County | STEPHENS | 6,904 | 69,044 | 6,021 | 87.2 |

| Appendix A Table 18: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Choice Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | TEXAS | 3,451 | 34,836 | 1,216 | 34.9 |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,466 | 15,189 | 1,122 | 73.9 |
| County | TULSA | 103,653 | 1,058,922 | 56,222 | 53.1 |
| County | WAGONER | 8,464 | 86,310 | 4,659 | 54.0 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 6,435 | 65,888 | 5,089 | 77.2 |
| County | WASHITA | 1,649 | 15,896 | 1,113 | 70.0 |
| County | WOODS | 805 | 7,882 | 434 | 55.1 |
| County | WOODWARD | 2,912 | 28,199 | 2,472 | 87.7 |
| County | OTHER | 5,979 | 50,631 | 2,771 | 54.7 |
| Dual | No | 593,928 | 6,062,039 | 417,635 | 68.9 |
| Dual | Yes | 83 | 796 | 142 | 178.4 |
| Part A | Yes | 81 | 780 | 140 | 179.5 |
| Part B | Yes | 46 | 461 | 88 | 190.9 |
| Pregnant | No | 563,355 | 5,814,966 | 382,755 | 65.8 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 30,656 | 247,869 | 35,022 | 141.3 |

| Appendix A Table 19: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | SC Traditional | 397,573 | 3,579,687 | 221,921 | 62.0 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 1,252 | 1,650 | 59 | 35.8 |
| Age Group | Infant | 9,920 | 79,065 | 7,377 | 93.3 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 45,904 | 434,657 | 17,319 | 39.8 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 52,135 | 461,091 | 19,150 | 41.5 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 221,063 | 1,895,982 | 125,944 | 66.4 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,299 | 707,242 | 52,072 | 73.6 |
| Gender | Female | 248,267 | 2,220,127 | 143,014 | 64.4 |
| Gender | Male | 149,306 | 1,359,560 | 78,907 | 58.0 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 54,033 | 481,975 | 25,646 | 53.2 |
| Race | Asian | 6,804 | 58,114 | 1,351 | 23.2 |
| Race | Black or African American | 44,798 | 412,024 | 31,428 | 76.3 |
| Race | Caucasian | 262,831 | 2,368,167 | 148,382 | 62.7 |
| Race | Multiracial | 24,035 | 218,589 | 13,230 | 60.5 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 693 | 4,585 | 191 | 41.7 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 4,379 | 36,233 | 1,693 | 46.7 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 45,929 | 359,455 | 13,407 | 37.3 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 351,644 | 3,220,232 | 208,514 | 64.8 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 103,346 | 1,074,011 | 117,607 | 109.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,275 | 208,875 | 32,542 | 155.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 705 | 8,401 | 553 | 65.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,422 | 16,971 | 620 | 36.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 277 | 3,235 | 73 | 22.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 486 | 61 | 125.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,759 | 32,748 | 2,265 | 69.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 26 | 307 | 43 | 140.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 16 | 192 | 21 | 109.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 53 | 592 | 143 | 241.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 62 | 714 | 134 | 187.7 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 32 | 330 | 73 | 221.2 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 939 | 5,193 | 376 | 72.4 |

| Appendix A Table 19: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 76,771 | 587,325 | 6,297 | 10.7 |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 43,537 | 363,390 | 6,636 | 18.3 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 122,845 | 1,017,590 | 53,777 | 52.8 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 202 | 2,093 | 25 | 11.9 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 25,263 | 257,234 | 675 | 2.6 |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,670 | 272,851 | 36,528 | 133.9 |
| County Type | Rural | 199,930 | 1,839,501 | 115,663 | 62.9 |
| County Type | Urban | 191,483 | 1,685,553 | 104,322 | 61.9 |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,160 | 54,633 | 1,936 | 35.4 |
| County | ADAIR | 4,638 | 44,908 | 2,902 | 64.6 |
| County | ALFALFA | 314 | 2,724 | 118 | 43.3 |
| County | ATOKA | 1,762 | 16,861 | 1,103 | 65.4 |
| County | BEAVER | 278 | 2,247 | 91 | 40.5 |
| County | BECKHAM | 2,641 | 23,399 | 1,607 | 68.7 |
| County | BLAINE | 1,207 | 10,770 | 801 | 74.4 |
| County | BRYAN | 5,534 | 50,191 | 3,357 | 66.9 |
| County | CADDO | 4,806 | 43,413 | 2,200 | 50.7 |
| County | CANADIAN | 7,085 | 62,812 | 3,105 | 49.4 |
| County | CARTER | 6,052 | 55,417 | 3,734 | 67.4 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 6,704 | 62,816 | 3,742 | 59.6 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 2,554 | 24,813 | 1,747 | 70.4 |
| County | CIMARRON | 161 | 1,521 | 69 | 45.4 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 16,223 | 143,783 | 9,177 | 63.8 |
| County | COAL | 866 | 8,409 | 523 | 62.2 |
| County | COMANCHE | 12,753 | 109,341 | 6,678 | 61.1 |
| County | COTTON | 835 | 7,792 | 352 | 45.2 |
| County | CRAIG | 2,310 | 21,844 | 1,382 | 63.3 |
| County | CREEK | 8,226 | 74,417 | 4,458 | 59.9 |
| County | CUSTER | 2,747 | 23,726 | 1,364 | 57.5 |
| County | DELAWARE | 6,031 | 56,688 | 3,643 | 64.3 |
| County | DEWEY | 411 | 3,586 | 163 | 45.5 |
| County | ELLIS | 231 | 2,010 | 80 | 39.8 |

| Appendix A Table 19: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | GARFIELD | 6,011 | 52,658 | 3,309 | 62.8 |
| County | GARVIN | 3,353 | 31,004 | 1,947 | 62.8 |
| County | GRADY | 4,613 | 42,257 | 2,579 | 61.0 |
| County | GRANT | 330 | 3,015 | 199 | 66.0 |
| County | GREER | 788 | 7,548 | 628 | 83.2 |
| County | HARMON | 367 | 3,473 | 340 | 97.9 |
| County | HARPER | 246 | 2,160 | 116 | 53.7 |
| County | HASKELL | 2,003 | 18,843 | 947 | 50.3 |
| County | HUGHES | 2,025 | 19,090 | 1,303 | 68.3 |
| County | JACKSON | 2,809 | 25,182 | 1,821 | 72.3 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 900 | 8,439 | 568 | 67.3 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 1,568 | 14,595 | 1,031 | 70.6 |
| County | KAY | 5,660 | 51,041 | 3,554 | 69.6 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 1,099 | 9,856 | 403 | 40.9 |
| County | KIOWA | 1,269 | 11,854 | 753 | 63.5 |
| County | LATIMER | 1,829 | 17,100 | 543 | 31.8 |
| County | LEFLORE | 7,314 | 67,704 | 4,218 | 62.3 |
| County | LINCOLN | 3,579 | 33,345 | 1,786 | 53.6 |
| County | LOGAN | 3,548 | 32,330 | 1,831 | 56.6 |
| County | LOVE | 962 | 8,886 | 589 | 66.3 |
| County | MAJOR | 534 | 4,645 | 183 | 39.4 |
| County | MARSHALL | 1,831 | 16,804 | 1,240 | 73.8 |
| County | MAYES | 5,580 | 51,189 | 3,104 | 60.6 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 2,829 | 25,374 | 1,665 | 65.6 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 5,792 | 54,374 | 3,271 | 60.2 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,147 | 30,044 | 1,722 | 57.3 |
| County | MURRAY | 1,627 | 15,054 | 875 | 58.1 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 10,463 | 97,516 | 6,169 | 63.3 |
| County | NOBLE | 1,043 | 9,487 | 610 | 64.3 |
| County | NOWATA | 1,358 | 12,690 | 760 | 59.9 |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,267 | 21,469 | 1,212 | 56.5 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 69,051 | 612,239 | 43,745 | 71.5 |

| Appendix A Table 19: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,130 | 57,644 | 3,659 | 63.5 |
| County | OSAGE | 3,328 | 31,621 | 2,122 | 67.1 |
| County | OTTAWA | 5,128 | 46,557 | 3,169 | 68.1 |
| County | PAWNEE | 1,968 | 18,413 | 1,085 | 58.9 |
| County | PAYNE | 6,087 | 53,301 | 3,113 | 58.4 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 5,429 | 49,771 | 2,929 | 58.8 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,679 | 53,400 | 3,106 | 58.2 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 10,581 | 97,403 | 6,475 | 66.5 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 1,823 | 17,268 | 868 | 50.3 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 232 | 1,898 | 109 | 57.4 |
| County | ROGERS | 7,514 | 66,249 | 3,467 | 52.3 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,175 | 39,949 | 2,626 | 65.7 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 7,176 | 67,240 | 5,009 | 74.5 |
| County | STEPHENS | 4,422 | 39,620 | 2,832 | 71.5 |
| County | TEXAS | 1,605 | 12,165 | 395 | 32.5 |
| County | TILLMAN | 918 | 8,675 | 468 | 53.9 |
| County | TULSA | 55,373 | 477,768 | 25,934 | 54.3 |
| County | WAGONER | 5,553 | 49,619 | 2,140 | 43.1 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 4,964 | 44,100 | 3,327 | 75.4 |
| County | WASHITA | 911 | 7,685 | 470 | 61.2 |
| County | WOODS | 816 | 7,639 | 378 | 49.5 |
| County | WOODWARD | 1,437 | 12,316 | 887 | 72.0 |
| County | OTHER | 6,160 | 54,633 | 1,936 | 35.4 |
| Dual | No | 270,360 | 2,226,839 | 93,483 | 42.0 |
| Dual | Yes | 127,213 | 1,352,848 | 128,438 | 94.9 |
| Part A | Yes | 126,940 | 1,349,867 | 128,239 | 95.0 |
| Part B | Yes | 125,213 | 1,334,582 | 126,733 | 95.0 |
| Pregnant | No | 381,479 | 3,481,523 | 215,050 | 61.8 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 16,094 | 98,164 | 6,871 | 70.0 |

| Appendix A Table 20: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | SC Traditional | 391,254 | 3,584,877 | 214,169 | 59.7 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 966 | 1,274 | 41 | 32.2 |
| Age Group | Infant | 10,430 | 89,368 | 7,157 | 80.1 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 46,851 | 467,745 | 16,952 | 36.2 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 51,053 | 477,457 | 17,201 | 36.0 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 214,354 | 1,838,793 | 120,409 | 65.5 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,600 | 710,240 | 52,409 | 73.8 |
| Gender | Female | 241,754 | 2,200,035 | 136,816 | 62.2 |
| Gender | Male | 149,500 | 1,384,842 | 77,353 | 55.9 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 52,396 | 487,737 | 24,098 | 49.4 |
| Race | Asian | 6,996 | 57,138 | 1,293 | 22.6 |
| Race | Black or African American | 44,033 | 417,072 | 30,227 | 72.5 |
| Race | Caucasian | 256,002 | 2,336,017 | 143,303 | 61.3 |
| Race | Multiracial | 24,400 | 231,192 | 13,115 | 56.7 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 812 | 5,535 | 220 | 39.7 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 6,615 | 50,186 | 1,913 | 38.1 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 45,040 | 344,482 | 12,341 | 35.8 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 346,214 | 3,240,395 | 201,828 | 62.3 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 103,871 | 1,082,576 | 117,126 | 108.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 19,100 | 207,980 | 32,702 | 157.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 687 | 8,162 | 531 | 65.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,521 | 17,916 | 724 | 40.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 289 | 3,331 | 87 | 26.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 43 | 493 | 45 | 91.3 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,794 | 33,300 | 2,290 | 68.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 12 | 144 | 17 | 118.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 112 | 1,325 | 238 | 179.6 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 43 | 467 | 59 | 126.3 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 74 | 854 | 137 | 160.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 41 | 455 | 99 | 217.6 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 610 | 3,133 | 222 | 70.9 |

| Appendix A Table 20: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 73,219 | 560,383 | 4,371 | 7.8 |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 38,225 | 285,337 | 4,100 | 14.4 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 123,971 | 1,113,294 | 50,632 | 45.5 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 230 | 2,342 | 36 | 15.4 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 26,412 | 263,385 | 753 | 2.9 |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,716 | 274,427 | 36,929 | 134.6 |
| County Type | Rural | 196,186 | 1,837,424 | 112,221 | 61.1 |
| County Type | Urban | 188,460 | 1,689,527 | 99,655 | 59.0 |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,608 | 57,926 | 2,293 | 39.6 |
| County | ADAIR | 4,566 | 44,990 | 2,434 | 54.1 |
| County | ALFALFA | 326 | 2,912 | 137 | 47.0 |
| County | ATOKA | 1,692 | 16,661 | 989 | 59.4 |
| County | BEAVER | 255 | 2,175 | 75 | 34.5 |
| County | BECKHAM | 2,304 | 21,200 | 1,431 | 67.5 |
| County | BLAINE | 1,159 | 10,824 | 851 | 78.6 |
| County | BRYAN | 5,478 | 50,380 | 3,551 | 70.5 |
| County | CADDO | 4,871 | 45,121 | 2,158 | 47.8 |
| County | CANADIAN | 6,961 | 63,091 | 2,997 | 47.5 |
| County | CARTER | 5,739 | 52,869 | 3,499 | 66.2 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 6,711 | 64,462 | 3,361 | 52.1 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 2,384 | 23,508 | 1,453 | 61.8 |
| County | CIMARRON | 171 | 1,592 | 73 | 45.9 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 16,092 | 143,349 | 8,631 | 60.2 |
| County | COAL | 842 | 8,242 | 405 | 49.1 |
| County | COMANCHE | 12,821 | 113,762 | 6,333 | 55.7 |
| County | COTTON | 831 | 7,832 | 352 | 44.9 |
| County | CRAIG | 2,281 | 21,660 | 1,205 | 55.6 |
| County | CREEK | 8,109 | 75,147 | 4,121 | 54.8 |
| County | CUSTER | 2,649 | 23,347 | 1,480 | 63.4 |
| County | DELAWARE | 5,700 | 54,232 | 3,254 | 60.0 |
| County | DEWEY | 306 | 2,794 | 119 | 42.6 |
| County | ELLIS | 217 | 1,954 | 96 | 49.1 |

| Appendix A Table 20: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Demographic Group | | | | | |
| County | GARFIELD | 6,170 | 54,445 | 3,454 | 63.4 |
| County | GARVIN | 3,316 | 30,443 | 1,978 | 65.0 |
| County | GRADY | 4,369 | 40,560 | 2,456 | 60.6 |
| County | GRANT | 320 | 2,923 | 213 | 72.9 |
| County | GREER | 756 | 7,572 | 591 | 78.1 |
| County | HARMON | 342 | 3,350 | 338 | 100.9 |
| County | HARPER | 220 | 1,881 | 93 | 49.4 |
| County | HASKELL | 1,929 | 18,811 | 979 | 52.0 |
| County | HUGHES | 1,918 | 18,757 | 1,306 | 69.6 |
| County | JACKSON | 2,876 | 26,947 | 1,743 | 64.7 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 870 | 8,250 | 518 | 62.8 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 1,579 | 15,070 | 1,131 | 75.0 |
| County | KAY | 5,959 | 55,197 | 3,942 | 71.4 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 1,042 | 9,188 | 426 | 46.4 |
| County | KIOWA | 1,232 | 11,649 | 798 | 68.5 |
| County | LATIMER | 1,895 | 17,889 | 614 | 34.3 |
| County | LEFLORE | 7,158 | 67,358 | 4,106 | 61.0 |
| County | LINCOLN | 3,613 | 33,011 | 1,695 | 51.3 |
| County | LOGAN | 3,421 | 31,670 | 1,719 | 54.3 |
| County | LOVE | 935 | 8,525 | 495 | 58.1 |
| County | MAJOR | 479 | 4,182 | 172 | 41.1 |
| County | MARSHALL | 1,867 | 16,777 | 1,148 | 68.4 |
| County | MAYES | 5,330 | 49,658 | 2,912 | 58.6 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 2,769 | 25,219 | 1,598 | 63.4 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 5,358 | 51,815 | 3,077 | 59.4 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,063 | 29,509 | 1,624 | 55.0 |
| County | MURRAY | 1,557 | 14,663 | 969 | 66.1 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 10,520 | 99,991 | 5,738 | 57.4 |
| County | NOBLE | 1,032 | 9,787 | 665 | 67.9 |
| County | NOWATA | 1,281 | 11,819 | 666 | 56.3 |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,263 | 21,858 | 1,088 | 49.8 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 66,896 | 602,164 | 41,673 | 69.2 |

| Appendix A Table 20: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,063 | 57,695 | 3,504 | 60.7 |
| County | OSAGE | 3,335 | 32,101 | 2,161 | 67.3 |
| County | OTTAWA | 5,002 | 47,172 | 3,024 | 64.1 |
| County | PAWNEE | 1,999 | 18,725 | 1,134 | 60.6 |
| County | PAYNE | 6,129 | 55,771 | 3,595 | 64.5 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 5,426 | 51,387 | 3,089 | 60.1 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,747 | 55,090 | 2,926 | 53.1 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 10,653 | 99,537 | 6,820 | 68.5 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 1,774 | 17,174 | 792 | 46.1 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 177 | 1,537 | 89 | 57.9 |
| County | ROGERS | 7,266 | 65,739 | 3,367 | 51.2 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,209 | 40,482 | 2,537 | 62.7 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 6,853 | 65,799 | 4,708 | 71.6 |
| County | STEPHENS | 4,324 | 38,454 | 2,645 | 68.8 |
| County | TEXAS | 1,599 | 13,221 | 384 | 29.0 |
| County | TILLMAN | 892 | 8,506 | 533 | 62.7 |
| County | TULSA | 55,411 | 488,315 | 25,129 | 51.5 |
| County | WAGONER | 5,379 | 48,970 | 1,926 | 39.3 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 4,699 | 42,811 | 2,992 | 69.9 |
| County | WASHITA | 826 | 7,296 | 478 | 65.5 |
| County | WOODS | 739 | 6,685 | 279 | 41.7 |
| County | WOODWARD | 1,344 | 11,442 | 834 | 72.9 |
| County | OTHER | 6,608 | 57,926 | 2,293 | 39.6 |
| Dual | No | 263,052 | 2,220,091 | 84,641 | 38.1 |
| Dual | Yes | 128,202 | 1,364,786 | 129,528 | 94.9 |
| Part A | Yes | 127,995 | 1,362,547 | 129,395 | 95.0 |
| Part B | Yes | 126,285 | 1,347,281 | 127,784 | 94.8 |
| Pregnant | No | 374,806 | 3,477,855 | 207,278 | 59.6 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 16,448 | 107,022 | 6,891 | 64.4 |

| Appendix A Table 21: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Program | SC Traditional | 429,749 | 4,143,959 | 231,254 | 55.8 |
| Age Group | Newborn | 961 | 1,234 | 34 | 27.6 |
| Age Group | Infant | 12,438 | 105,174 | 7,245 | 68.9 |
| Age Group | Age 2-10 | 70,742 | 730,688 | 22,655 | 31.0 |
| Age Group | Age 11-20 | 73,919 | 741,346 | 23,507 | 31.7 |
| Age Group | Age 21-64 | 203,865 | 1,836,138 | 123,704 | 67.4 |
| Age Group | Age 65+ | 67,824 | 729,379 | 54,109 | 74.2 |
| Gender | Female | 259,242 | 2,471,973 | 146,362 | 59.2 |
| Gender | Male | 170,507 | 1,671,986 | 84,892 | 50.8 |
| Race | American Indian or Alaskan Native | 55,255 | 538,347 | 25,754 | 47.8 |
| Race | Asian | 6,952 | 61,667 | 1,450 | 23.5 |
| Race | Black or African American | 48,944 | 485,499 | 32,733 | 67.4 |
| Race | Caucasian | 278,051 | 2,674,535 | 153,771 | 57.5 |
| Race | Multiracial | 29,622 | 294,349 | 14,807 | 50.3 |
| Race | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 995 | 7,957 | 280 | 35.2 |
| Race | Declined to answer | 9,930 | 81,605 | 2,459 | 30.1 |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic/Latino | 46,540 | 396,430 | 13,627 | 34.4 |
| Ethnicity | Non-Hispanic/Latino | 383,209 | 3,747,529 | 217,627 | 58.1 |
| Aid Category | ABD | 106,873 | 1,136,588 | 119,884 | 105.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-ADV | 18,965 | 211,185 | 32,901 | 155.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-HB | 666 | 7,957 | 593 | 74.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHA | 1,588 | 18,945 | 673 | 35.5 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-IHC | 283 | 3,347 | 101 | 30.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MFW | 65 | 751 | 66 | 87.9 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-MR | 2,946 | 35,156 | 2,821 | 80.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P1 | 10 | 109 | 22 | 201.8 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P2 | 78 | 926 | 151 | 163.1 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-P3 | 26 | 312 | 69 | 221.2 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S1 | 80 | 960 | 153 | 159.4 |
| Aid Category | ABDW-S2 | 37 | 435 | 93 | 213.8 |
| Aid Category | BCC | 490 | 2,898 | 211 | 72.8 |

| Appendix A Table 21: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| Aid Category | FamilyPlanning | 60,510 | 496,080 | 3,264 | 6.6 |
| Aid Category | InsureOklahoma | 27,081 | 213,549 | 2,499 | 11.7 |
| Aid Category | TANF | 181,495 | 1,730,800 | 67,074 | 38.8 |
| Aid Category | TEFRA | 517 | 5,645 | 68 | 12.0 |
| Aid Category | OTHER | 28,039 | 278,316 | 611 | 2.2 |
| ABD Waiver | Yes | 24,744 | 280,083 | 37,643 | 134.4 |
| County Type | Rural | 215,429 | 2,111,786 | 121,166 | 57.4 |
| County Type | Urban | 207,631 | 1,972,330 | 108,025 | 54.8 |
| County Type | OTHER | 6,689 | 59,843 | 2,063 | 34.5 |
| County | ADAIR | 4,883 | 49,898 | 2,487 | 49.8 |
| County | ALFALFA | 390 | 3,625 | 188 | 51.9 |
| County | ATOKA | 1,809 | 18,380 | 995 | 54.1 |
| County | BEAVER | 285 | 2,794 | 92 | 32.9 |
| County | BECKHAM | 2,613 | 24,521 | 1,592 | 64.9 |
| County | BLAINE | 1,386 | 13,359 | 947 | 70.9 |
| County | BRYAN | 5,759 | 56,208 | 3,531 | 62.8 |
| County | CADDO | 5,062 | 49,643 | 2,204 | 44.4 |
| County | CANADIAN | 8,227 | 77,537 | 3,710 | 47.8 |
| County | CARTER | 6,417 | 62,610 | 4,220 | 67.4 |
| County | CHEROKEE | 6,953 | 69,678 | 3,327 | 47.7 |
| County | CHOCTAW | 2,623 | 26,094 | 1,431 | 54.8 |
| County | CIMARRON | 197 | 1,995 | 77 | 38.6 |
| County | CLEVELAND | 18,409 | 175,634 | 10,036 | 57.1 |
| County | COAL | 876 | 8,780 | 435 | 49.5 |
| County | COMANCHE | 13,931 | 132,427 | 6,853 | 51.7 |
| County | COTTON | 831 | 8,275 | 328 | 39.6 |
| County | CRAIG | 2,482 | 24,855 | 1,519 | 61.1 |
| County | CREEK | 8,581 | 83,520 | 4,171 | 49.9 |
| County | CUSTER | 2,949 | 27,192 | 1,654 | 60.8 |
| County | DELAWARE | 5,858 | 58,836 | 3,363 | 57.2 |
| County | DEWEY | 390 | 3,643 | 189 | 51.9 |
| County | ELLIS | 276 | 2,586 | 116 | 44.9 |

| Appendix A Table 21: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | GARFIELD | 7,171 | 66,275 | 3,739 | 56.4 |
| County | GARVIN | 3,696 | 35,247 | 2,148 | 60.9 |
| County | GRADY | 4,923 | 47,634 | 2,484 | 52.1 |
| County | GRANT | 385 | 3,738 | 245 | 65.5 |
| County | GREER | 899 | 9,091 | 567 | 62.4 |
| County | HARMON | 338 | 3,507 | 345 | 98.4 |
| County | HARPER | 275 | 2,547 | 104 | 40.8 |
| County | HASKELL | 2,081 | 21,209 | 1,119 | 52.8 |
| County | HUGHES | 2,074 | 20,622 | 1,193 | 57.9 |
| County | JACKSON | 3,446 | 33,437 | 2,160 | 64.6 |
| County | JEFFERSON | 991 | 10,091 | 607 | 60.2 |
| County | JOHNSTON | 1,680 | 16,725 | 1,145 | 68.5 |
| County | KAY | 6,470 | 62,079 | 4,277 | 68.9 |
| County | KINGFISHER | 1,192 | 11,113 | 461 | 41.5 |
| County | KIOWA | 1,366 | 13,606 | 933 | 68.6 |
| County | LATIMER | 1,993 | 19,419 | 684 | 35.2 |
| County | LEFLORE | 8,308 | 82,647 | 4,745 | 57.4 |
| County | LINCOLN | 3,956 | 38,388 | 2,087 | 54.4 |
| County | LOGAN | 3,617 | 35,284 | 1,847 | 52.3 |
| County | LOVE | 1,139 | 11,186 | 585 | 52.3 |
| County | MAJOR | 662 | 5,931 | 219 | 36.9 |
| County | MARSHALL | 2,008 | 19,305 | 1,265 | 65.5 |
| County | MAYES | 5,564 | 54,576 | 2,890 | 53.0 |
| County | MCCLAIN | 3,327 | 31,608 | 1,747 | 55.3 |
| County | MCCURTAIN | 5,955 | 60,676 | 3,376 | 55.6 |
| County | MCINTOSH | 3,205 | 32,269 | 1,757 | 54.4 |
| County | MURRAY | 1,785 | 16,941 | 921 | 54.4 |
| County | MUSKOGEE | 11,319 | 112,357 | 5,955 | 53.0 |
| County | NOBLE | 1,271 | 12,409 | 742 | 59.8 |
| County | NOWATA | 1,360 | 13,525 | 701 | 51.8 |
| County | OKFUSKEE | 2,290 | 22,975 | 1,089 | 47.4 |
| County | OKLAHOMA | 74,541 | 709,711 | 45,292 | 63.8 |

| Appendix A Table 21: ED Utilization Rates by SoonerCare Traditional Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Demographic Group | | Members | Number of Member Months | Number of ED Visits | Rate/1000 Member Months |
| County | OKMULGEE | 6,559 | 65,666 | 3,813 | 58.1 |
| County | OSAGE | 3,476 | 35,414 | 2,337 | 66.0 |
| County | OTTAWA | 5,500 | 54,622 | 3,505 | 64.2 |
| County | PAWNEE | 2,102 | 20,636 | 1,219 | 59.1 |
| County | PAYNE | 6,581 | 62,114 | 3,959 | 63.7 |
| County | PITTSBURG | 6,025 | 60,351 | 3,392 | 56.2 |
| County | PONTOTOC | 5,914 | 57,873 | 2,888 | 49.9 |
| County | POTTAWATOMIE | 11,661 | 113,595 | 7,427 | 65.4 |
| County | PUSHMATAHA | 1,829 | 18,243 | 912 | 50.0 |
| County | ROGER MILLS | 229 | 2,184 | 109 | 49.9 |
| County | ROGERS | 7,886 | 75,407 | 3,745 | 49.7 |
| County | SEMINOLE | 4,536 | 45,336 | 2,895 | 63.9 |
| County | SEQUOYAH | 7,479 | 76,142 | 5,015 | 65.9 |
| County | STEPHENS | 4,972 | 47,421 | 2,795 | 58.9 |
| County | TEXAS | 2,159 | 19,608 | 488 | 24.9 |
| County | TILLMAN | 1,124 | 11,423 | 638 | 55.9 |
| County | TULSA | 59,817 | 560,003 | 26,266 | 46.9 |
| County | WAGONER | 5,819 | 55,785 | 2,021 | 36.2 |
| County | WASHINGTON | 5,319 | 50,826 | 3,072 | 60.4 |
| County | WASHITA | 1,072 | 9,917 | 501 | 50.5 |
| County | WOODS | 869 | 8,296 | 363 | 43.8 |
| County | WOODWARD | 1,658 | 15,036 | 937 | 62.3 |
| County | OTHER | 6,689 | 59,843 | 2,063 | 34.5 |
| Dual | No | 300,504 | 2,740,538 | 99,286 | 36.2 |
| Dual | Yes | 129,245 | 1,403,421 | 131,968 | 94.0 |
| Part A | Yes | 129,047 | 1,401,217 | 131,812 | 94.1 |
| Part B | Yes | 127,614 | 1,387,917 | 130,385 | 93.9 |
| Pregnant | No | 409,262 | 4,007,835 | 223,086 | 55.7 |
| Pregnant | Yes | 20,487 | 136,124 | 8,168 | 60.0 |

| Appendix A Table 22: Top 20 Diagnoses of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2013 | | July 2012–June 2013 (SFY 2013) | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|
| | | N = 670,221 Visits | | |
| Diagnosis Code | Diagnosis Description | Rank | Visits | Percent |
| 465.9 | INFCT UP RSPRT MLT SITES, ACUTE NO | 1 | 30,819 | 4.6% |
| 382.9 | OTITIS MEDIA NOS | 2 | 25,074 | 3.7% |
| 599 | INFECTION, URINARY TRACT NOS | 4 | 13,578 | 2.0% |
| 780.6 | FEVER, UNSPEC | 5 | 13,491 | 2.0% |
| 462 | PHARYNGITIS, ACUTE | 3 | 14,292 | 2.1% |
| 789 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, ABDOMINAL, SITE NOS | 6 | 12,707 | 1.9% |
| 487.1 | INFLUENZA W/RSPRT MNFST NEC | 21 | 6,069 | 0.9% |
| 786.5 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, CHEST NOS | 7 | 10,699 | 1.6% |
| 79.99 | INFECTION, VIRAL NOS | 11 | 8,273 | 1.2% |
| 784 | SYMPTOM, HEADACHE | 8 | 9,344 | 1.4% |
| 558.9 | GASTROENTERITIS/COLITIS NONINFC NE | 10 | 8,293 | 1.2% |
| 787.01 | SYMPTOM, NAUSEA WITH VOMITING | 20 | 6,238 | 0.9% |
| 959.01 | INJURY NOS, HEAD | 19 | 6,256 | 0.9% |
| 787.03 | SYMPTOM, VOMITING ALONE | 12 | 8,117 | 1.2% |
| 786.59 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, CHEST NEC | 17 | 6,910 | 1.0% |
| 486 | PNEUMONIA, ORGANISM NOS | 9 | 8,323 | 1.2% |
| 648.93 | CND, OTH CE, MTHR CMLPG PRG ANTPRT | 14 | 7,694 | 1.1% |
| 466 | BRONCHITIS, ACUTE | 15 | 7,379 | 1.1% |
| 493.92 | ASTHMA NOS W/ACUTE EXACERBATION | 16 | 6,932 | 1.0% |
| 789.09 | SYMP PAIN, ABDOMINAL, SITE NEC | 24 | 5,473 | 0.8% |

| Appendix A Table 23: Top 20 Diagnoses of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2014 | | July 2013–June 2014 (SFY 2014) | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|
| | | N = 651,205 Visits | | |
| Diagnosis Code | Diagnosis Description | Rank | Visits | Percent |
| 465.9 | INFCT UP RSPRT MLT SITES, ACUTE NO | 1 | 27,025 | 4.1% |
| 382.9 | OTITIS MEDIA NOS | 2 | 21,173 | 3.3% |
| 599 | INFECTION, URINARY TRACT NOS | 4 | 13,645 | 2.1% |
| 780.6 | FEVER, UNSPEC | 5 | 12,590 | 1.9% |
| 462 | PHARYNGITIS, ACUTE | 3 | 13,893 | 2.1% |
| 789 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, ABDOMINAL, SITE NOS | 6 | 11,819 | 1.8% |
| 487.1 | INFLUENZA W/RSPRT MNFST NEC | 29 | 4,495 | 0.7% |
| 786.5 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, CHEST NOS | 7 | 10,217 | 1.6% |
| 79.99 | INFECTION, VIRAL NOS | 11 | 7,211 | 1.1% |
| 784 | SYMPTOM, HEADACHE | 8 | 8,926 | 1.4% |
| 558.9 | GASTROENTERITIS/COLITIS NONINFC NE | 9 | 7,941 | 1.2% |
| 787.01 | SYMPTOM, NAUSEA WITH VOMITING | 15 | 6,964 | 1.1% |
| 959.01 | INJURY NOS, HEAD | 16 | 6,582 | 1.0% |
| 787.03 | SYMPTOM, VOMITING ALONE | 12 | 7,130 | 1.1% |
| 786.59 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, CHEST NEC | 14 | 6,990 | 1.1% |
| 486 | PNEUMONIA, ORGANISM NOS | 13 | 7,103 | 1.1% |
| 648.93 | CND, OTH CE, MTHR CMLPG PRG ANTPRT | 10 | 7,250 | 1.1% |
| 466 | BRONCHITIS, ACUTE | 17 | 6,487 | 1.0% |
| 493.92 | ASTHMA NOS W/ACUTE EXACERBATION | 18 | 6,250 | 1.0% |
| 789.09 | SYMP PAIN, ABDOMINAL, SITE NEC | 23 | 5,361 | 0.8% |

| Appendix A Table 24: Top 20 Diagnoses of ED Visits by SoonerCare Members SFY 2015 | | July 2014–June 2015 (SFY 2015) | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|
| | | N = 649,031 Visits | | |
| Diagnosis Code | Diagnosis Description | Rank | Visits | Percent |
| 465.9 | INFCT UP RSPRT MLT SITES, ACUTE NO | 1 | 27,249 | 4.2% |
| 382.9 | OTITIS MEDIA NOS | 2 | 20,282 | 3.1% |
| 599 | INFECTION, URINARY TRACT NOS | 3 | 14,315 | 2.2% |
| 780.6 | FEVER, UNSPEC | 4 | 13,610 | 2.1% |
| 462 | PHARYNGITIS, ACUTE | 5 | 12,983 | 2.0% |
| 789 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, ABDOMINAL, SITE NOS | 6 | 11,375 | 1.8% |
| 487.1 | INFLUENZA W/RSPRT MNFST NEC | 7 | 11,017 | 1.7% |
| 786.5 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, CHEST NOS | 8 | 10,363 | 1.6% |
| 79.99 | INFECTION, VIRAL NOS | 9 | 10,089 | 1.6% |
| 784 | SYMPTOM, HEADACHE | 10 | 9,122 | 1.4% |
| 558.9 | GASTROENTERITIS/COLITIS NONINFC NE | 11 | 7,397 | 1.1% |
| 787.01 | SYMPTOM, NAUSEA WITH VOMITING | 12 | 7,099 | 1.1% |
| 959.01 | INJURY NOS, HEAD | 13 | 6,826 | 1.1% |
| 787.03 | SYMPTOM, VOMITING ALONE | 14 | 6,574 | 1.0% |
| 786.59 | SYMPTOM, PAIN, CHEST NEC | 15 | 6,510 | 1.0% |
| 486 | PNEUMONIA, ORGANISM NOS | 16 | 6,361 | 1.0% |
| 648.93 | CND, OTH CE, MTHR CMLPG PRG ANTPRT | 17 | 6,341 | 1.0% |
| 466 | BRONCHITIS, ACUTE | 18 | 6,311 | 1.0% |
| 493.92 | ASTHMA NOS W/ACUTE EXACERBATION | 19 | 6,145 | 0.9% |
| 789.09 | SYMP PAIN, ABDOMINAL, SITE NEC | 20 | 5,860 | 0.9% |

APPENDIX B

LANE Analysis

Appendix B Exhibit 1: SoonerCare Choice Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012–June 2015

| Category of Aid Grouping ¹ | July 2012 - June 2013 (SFY13) | | | July 2013 - June 2014 (SFY14) | | | July 2014 - June 2015 (SFY15) | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Total ED Dollars ^{2,4} | LANE Dollars ⁴ | Total Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Total ED Dollars ^{2,4} | LANE Dollars ⁴ | Total Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Total ED Dollars ^{2,4} | LANE Dollars ⁴ | Total Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ |
| ABD | \$ 21,397,704 | \$ 11,754,551 | \$ 2,235,491 | \$ 22,147,149 | \$ 12,108,709 | \$ 2,110,306 | \$ 21,765,614 | \$ 11,799,941 | \$ 1,862,028 |
| BCC | \$ 100,965 | \$ 51,522 | \$ 4,958 | \$ 71,672 | \$ 35,647 | \$ 4,140 | \$ 92,875 | \$ 44,499 | \$ 3,022 |
| OTHER | \$ 2,761 | \$ 2,296 | \$ 496 | \$ 5,994 | \$ 2,297 | \$ 796 | \$ 10,402 | \$ 2,030 | \$ 120 |
| TANF | \$ 84,393,215 | \$ 56,942,975 | \$ 12,807,050 | \$ 93,273,237 | \$ 61,392,560 | \$ 13,427,317 | \$ 96,230,897 | \$ 62,844,586 | \$ 13,002,242 |
| TEFRA | \$ 11,030 | \$ 6,044 | \$ 1,013 | \$ 14,305 | \$ 5,276 | \$ 525 | \$ 6,541 | \$ 2,639 | \$ 453 |
| Total | \$ 105,905,674 | \$ 68,757,389 | \$ 15,049,008 | \$ 115,512,357 | \$ 73,544,489 | \$ 15,543,084 | \$ 118,106,328 | \$ 74,693,695 | \$ 14,867,864 |

| Category of Aid Grouping | Equivalent Provider Office Costs ^{3,4} | Net Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Net Potentially Preventable Percent | Equivalent Provider Office Costs ^{3,4} | Net Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Net Potentially Preventable Percent | Equivalent Provider Office Costs ^{3,4} | Net Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Net Potentially Preventable Percent |
|--------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| BCC | \$ 2,389 | \$ 2,569 | 2.5% | \$ 1,969 | \$ 2,172 | 3.0% | \$ 1,533 | \$ 1,489 | 1.6% |
| OTHER | \$ 267 | \$ 229 | 8.3% | \$ 497 | \$ 299 | 5.0% | \$ 62 | \$ 58 | 0.6% |
| TANF | \$ 7,559,760 | \$ 5,247,290 | 6.2% | \$ 8,105,103 | \$ 5,322,214 | 5.7% | \$ 7,746,393 | \$ 5,255,849 | 5.5% |
| TEFRA | \$ 821 | \$ 192 | 1.7% | \$ 336 | \$ 189 | 1.3% | \$ 236 | \$ 217 | 3.3% |
| Total | \$ 8,766,965 | \$ 6,282,043 | 5.9% | \$ 9,268,488 | \$ 6,274,596 | 5.4% | \$ 8,773,179 | \$ 6,094,685 | 5.2% |

| Category of Aid Grouping ¹ | July 2012 - June 2013 (SFY13) | | | July 2013 - June 2014 (SFY14) | | | July 2014 - June 2015 (SFY15) | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | Total ED Visits ⁴ | LANE Visits ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Visits ⁴ | Total ED Visits ⁴ | LANE Visits ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Visits ⁴ | Total ED Visits ⁴ | LANE Visits ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Visits ⁴ |
| ABD | 67,832 | 43,014 | 14,227 | 65,797 | 41,208 | 12,969 | 61,849 | 38,274 | 11,515 |
| BCC | 244 | 137 | 28 | 182 | 101 | 22 | 204 | 111 | 17 |
| OTHER | 13 | 10 | 3 | 20 | 13 | 6 | 18 | 7 | 1 |
| TANF | 361,594 | 264,812 | 89,351 | 373,520 | 269,679 | 90,573 | 370,401 | 263,645 | 87,031 |
| TEFRA | 62 | 37 | 10 | 55 | 22 | 4 | 22 | 11 | 3 |
| Total | 429,745 | 308,010 | 103,619 | 439,574 | 311,023 | 103,574 | 432,494 | 302,048 | 98,567 |

| Category of Aid Grouping | Preventable Visits as % of Total ED | Total ED Utilization per 1,000 | Adjusted Utilization per 1,000 | Preventable Visits as % of Total ED | Total ED Utilization per 1,000 | Adjusted Utilization per 1,000 | Preventable Visits as % of Total ED | Total ED Utilization per 1,000 | Adjusted Utilization per 1,000 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| BCC | 11.6% | 794.4 | 702.4 | 12.1% | 760.4 | 668.5 | 8.4% | 968.7 | 887.0 |
| OTHER | 24.2% | 270.8 | 205.2 | 27.8% | 439.6 | 317.6 | 3.9% | 289.5 | 278.3 |
| TANF | 24.7% | 817.6 | 615.6 | 24.2% | 767.2 | 581.2 | 23.5% | 781.6 | 597.9 |
| TEFRA | 15.6% | 264.6 | 223.2 | 6.8% | 209.3 | 195.0 | 12.0% | 375.5 | 330.3 |
| Total | 24.1% | 879.0 | 667.1 | 23.6% | 823.5 | 629.4 | 22.8% | 834.8 | 644.5 |

1. Grouping criteria established by OHCA. Members with multiple aid categories were assigned to only one grouping for each SFY period based on the most frequently observed aid category. "ABD" (Aged, Blind, and Disabled), "BCC" (Breast and Cervical Cancer), Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma, "TANF" (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) and "TEFRA" (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982). "Other" includes individuals whose aid category information did not meet the criteria for inclusion in one of the six aid categories, based on criteria from OHCA.

2. Dollars represent the combined cost of all claims for a member for the same facility and date of service and includes both facility charges and professional fees.

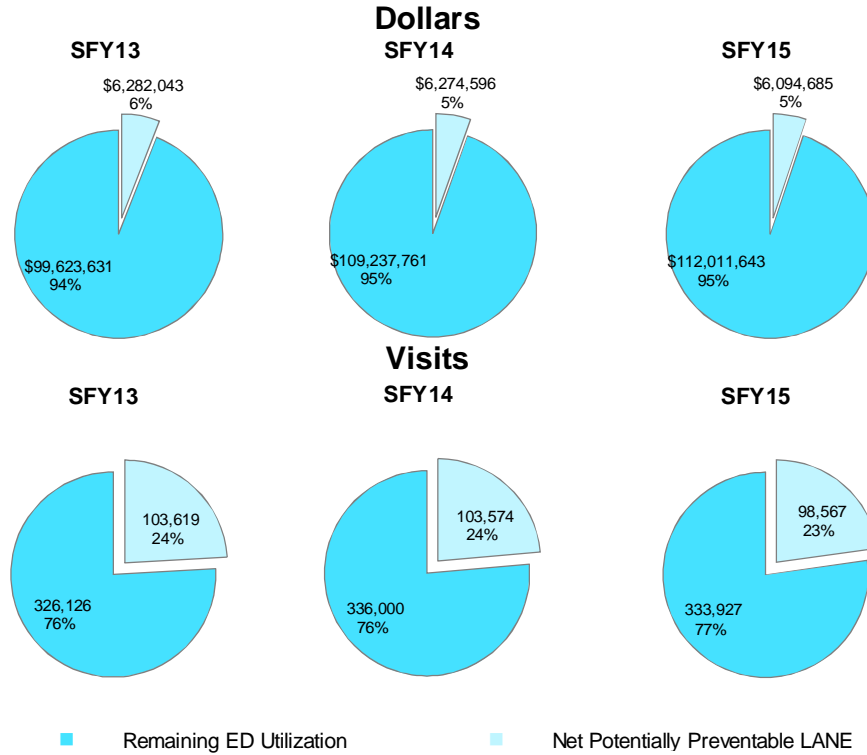
3. Provider office visits costs are based on the average cost of 99201-99215 procedures during the review period. The calculation is limited to four visits per member in the 12 month span.

4. "Total ED" includes all visits regardless of diagnosis. "LANE" includes only those visits with a LANE diagnosis. "Potentially Preventable" visits are a subset of "LANE" visits, and are determined using specific percentages based on the severity and medical complexity of the diagnosis. "Net Potentially Preventable Dollars" is the cost of "Potentially Preventable" LANE visits after deducting the "Equivalent Physician Office Costs".

5. BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

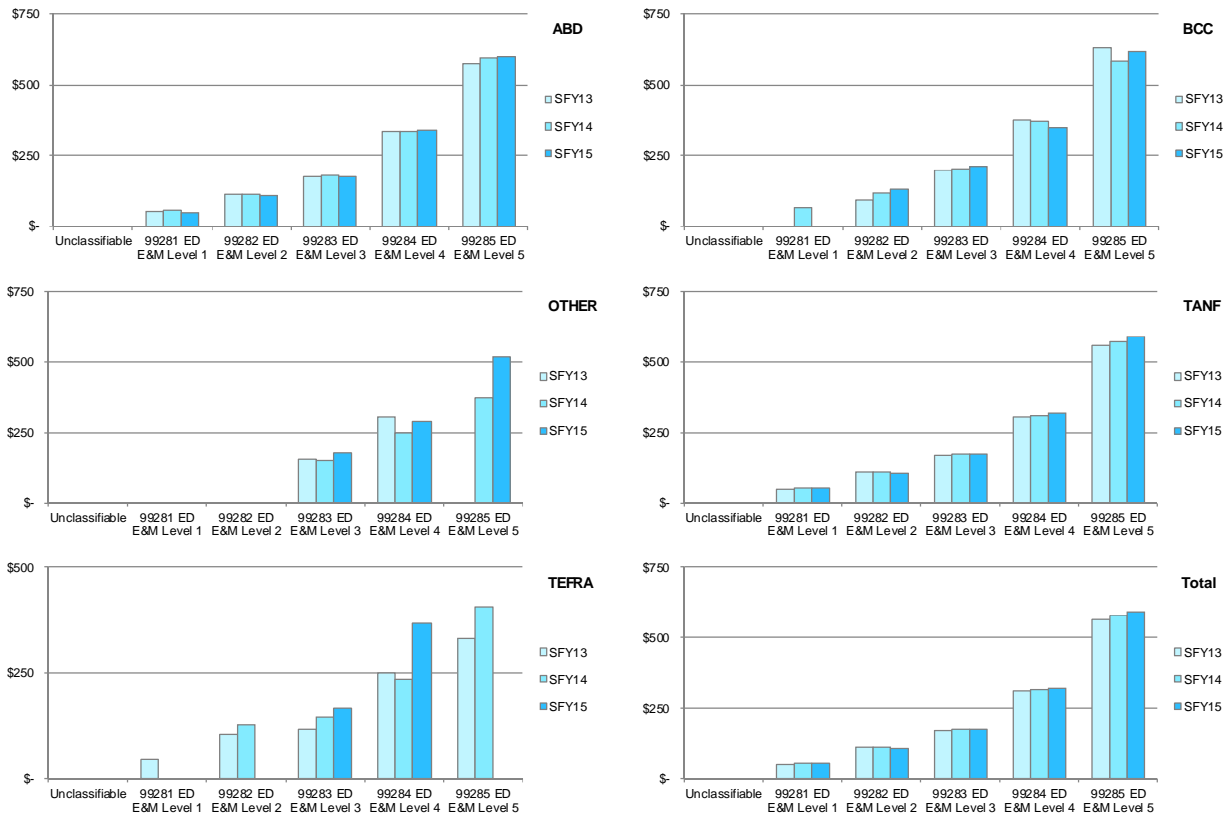
Appendix B Exhibit 2: SoonerCare Choice Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



Appendix B Exhibit 3: SoonerCare Choice Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Average Cost Per Visit by Procedure Code

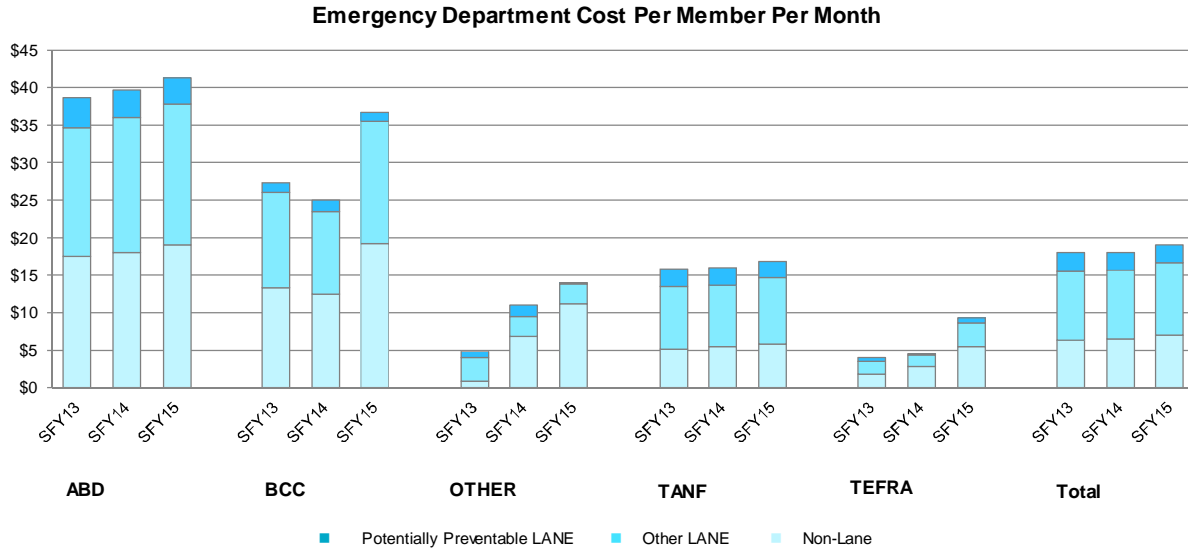
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



1. BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Appendix B Exhibit 4: SoonerCare Choice ED Cost Per Member Per Month

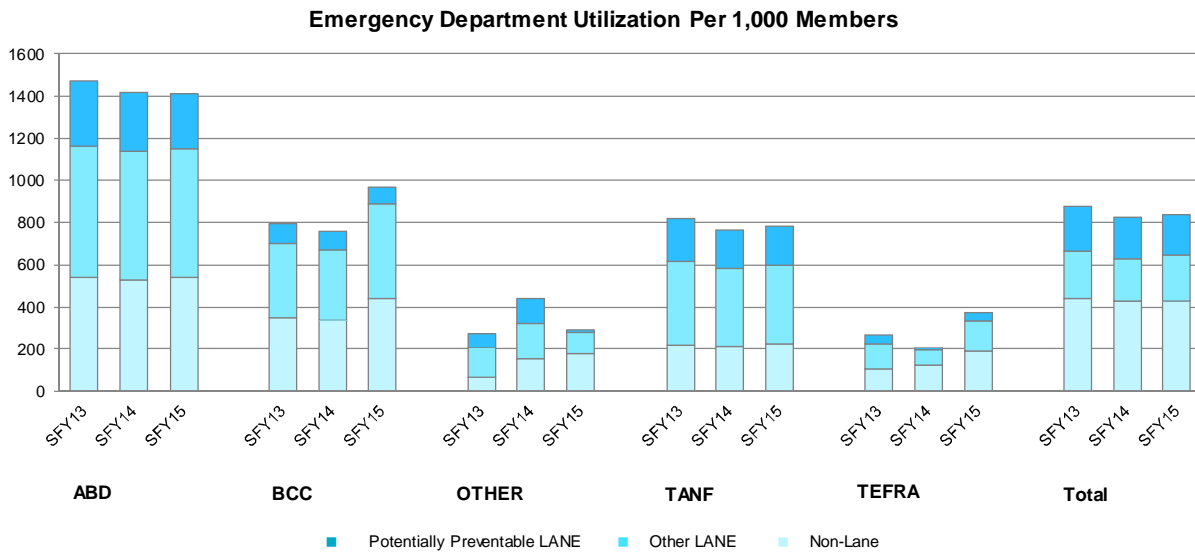
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



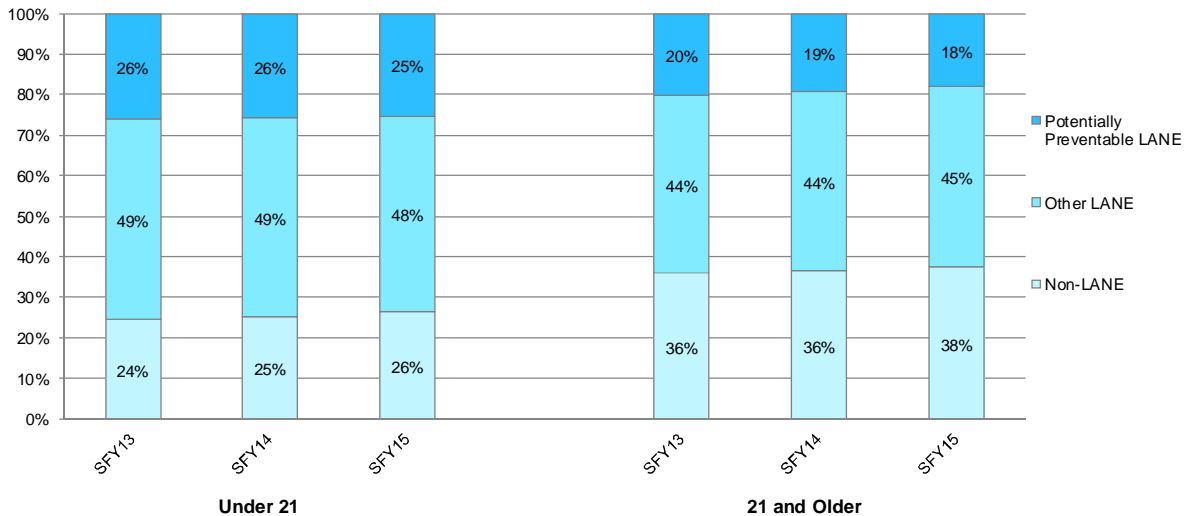
1. BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Appendix B Exhibit 5: SoonerCare Choice Annual ED Utilization Per 1,000 Members

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



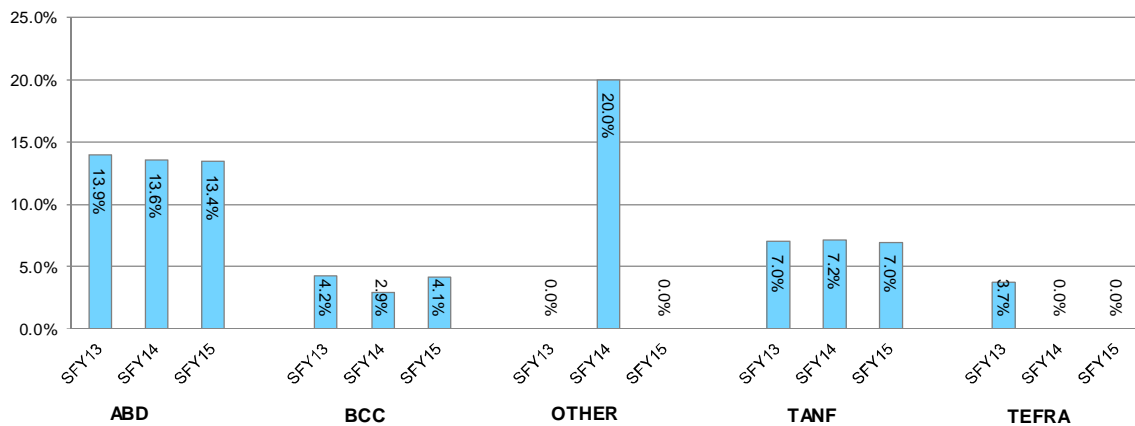
Appendix B Exhibit 6: SoonerCare Choice Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Visit Statistics by Age Group
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE. Mercer applies a specific percentage to each diagnosis code to adjust the LANE dollars and visits to the "Potentially Preventable LANE" subset of ED visits. The remaining visits, including all visits with CPT E&M codes 99284 and 99285, are considered "Other LANE".

Appendix B Exhibit 7: SoonerCare Choice Frequent Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Utilizers
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015

Percent of Population with Minimum 4 LANE Visits



- All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE.
- Grouping criteria established by OHCA. Members with multiple aid categories were assigned to only one grouping for each SFY period based on the most frequently observed aid category. "ABD" (Aged, Blind, and Disabled), "BCC" (Breast and Cervical Cancer), Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma, "TANF" (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) and "TEFRA" (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982). "Other" includes individuals whose aid category information did not meet the criteria for inclusion in one of the six aid categories, based on criteria from OHCA.
- BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Appendix B Exhibit 8: SoonerCare Choice Top 20 Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Diagnoses by Count of Visits

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015

| ICD-9 Code | Description | SFY13 | | SFY14 | | SFY15 | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | Count of Visits Associated with Diagnosis | Sum of Dollars Associated with Diagnosis | Count of Visits Associated with Diagnosis | Sum of Dollars Associated with Diagnosis | Count of Visits Associated with Diagnosis | Sum of Dollars Associated with Diagnosis |
| 465.9 | ACUTE URIS OF UNSPECIFIED SITE | 24,601 | \$ 4,348,743 | 22,468 | \$ 4,088,429 | 22,307 | \$ 4,286,741 |
| 382.9 | UNSPECIFIED OTITIS MEDIA | 20,800 | \$ 3,486,651 | 18,203 | \$ 3,139,632 | 17,317 | \$ 3,141,070 |
| 780.60 | FEVER, UNSPECIFIED | 10,353 | \$ 2,177,173 | 9,837 | \$ 2,191,968 | 10,506 | \$ 2,512,352 |
| 462 | ACUTE PHARYNGITIS | 10,999 | \$ 1,928,313 | 11,315 | \$ 2,071,556 | 10,400 | \$ 2,023,721 |
| 079.99 | UNSPEC VIRAL INF CCE & UNS SITE | 6,490 | \$ 1,207,461 | 5,802 | \$ 1,191,282 | 8,118 | \$ 1,725,928 |
| 599.0 | UTISITE NOT SPECIFIED | 7,429 | \$ 2,236,216 | 7,947 | \$ 2,536,903 | 8,098 | \$ 2,759,089 |
| 789.00 | ABDOMINAL PAIN, UNSPECIFIED SITE | 7,312 | \$ 2,676,636 | 7,184 | \$ 2,808,111 | 6,783 | \$ 2,795,641 |
| 784.0 | HEADACHE | 5,364 | \$ 1,670,963 | 5,465 | \$ 1,821,804 | 5,481 | \$ 1,909,462 |
| 558.9 | UNS NONINF GASTROENTERIT&COLITIS | 5,809 | \$ 1,460,679 | 5,693 | \$ 1,578,146 | 5,348 | \$ 1,586,245 |
| 787.03 | VOMITING ALONE | 5,895 | \$ 1,304,706 | 5,484 | \$ 1,252,017 | 4,978 | \$ 1,236,865 |
| 493.92 | ASTHMA NOS W/ACUTE EXACERBATION | 4,964 | \$ 1,437,810 | 4,757 | \$ 1,482,693 | 4,641 | \$ 1,523,624 |
| 787.01 | NAUSEA WITH VOMITING | 3,905 | \$ 1,037,033 | 4,611 | \$ 1,301,263 | 4,579 | \$ 1,379,553 |
| 845.00 | UNSPEC SITE ANKLE SPRAIN&STRAIN | 4,405 | \$ 858,369 | 4,684 | \$ 926,827 | 4,153 | \$ 854,635 |
| 034.0 | STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT | 2,573 | \$ 534,310 | 3,325 | \$ 728,510 | 3,947 | \$ 923,168 |
| 466.0 | ACUTE BRONCHITIS | 4,451 | \$ 1,043,213 | 3,982 | \$ 975,499 | 3,718 | \$ 979,533 |
| 782.1 | RASH&OTH NONSPECIFIC SKIN ERUPTION | 3,162 | \$ 458,233 | 3,432 | \$ 533,583 | 3,667 | \$ 592,878 |
| 786.2 | COUGH | 3,096 | \$ 547,203 | 3,186 | \$ 612,432 | 3,653 | \$ 744,203 |
| 789.09 | ABDOMINAL PAIN OTHER SPECIFIED SITE | 3,040 | \$ 1,248,760 | 3,190 | \$ 1,366,829 | 3,434 | \$ 1,529,376 |
| 490 | BRONCHITIS NOT SPEC AS ACUT/CHRONIC | 4,588 | \$ 969,986 | 3,673 | \$ 848,668 | 3,328 | \$ 802,951 |
| 692.9 | CONTCT DERMATIT&OTHECZEMA- UNS CAUS | 3,104 | \$ 475,833 | 3,522 | \$ 572,775 | 3,186 | \$ 542,632 |
| Total of Top 20 Diagnoses: | | 142,340 | \$ 31,108,291 | 137,760 | \$ 32,028,928 | 137,642 | \$ 33,849,666 |
| Total LANE | | 308,010 | \$ 68,757,389 | 311,023 | \$ 73,544,489 | 302,048 | \$ 74,693,695 |
| Percent of Total LANE | | 46.2% | 45.2% | 44.3% | 43.6% | 45.6% | 45.3% |

1. Represents visits for all age groups and aid categories.

2. The top 20 list is based on SFY15 count of visits.

Appendix B Exhibit 9: SoonerCare Traditional Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015

| Category of Aid Grouping ¹ | July 2012 - June 2013 (SFY13) | | | July 2013 - June 2014 (SFY14) | | | July 2014 - June 2015 (SFY15) | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Total ED Dollars ^{2,4} | LANE Dollars ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Total ED Dollars ^{2,4} | LANE Dollars ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Total ED Dollars ^{2,4} | LANE Dollars ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ |
| ABD | \$ 12,737,699 | \$ 5,674,794 | \$ 1,080,492 | \$ 12,972,093 | \$ 5,497,006 | \$ 967,271 | \$ 12,032,202 | \$ 5,343,527 | \$ 869,389 |
| ABD Waiver | \$ 4,207,559 | \$ 1,677,161 | \$ 243,201 | \$ 4,555,096 | \$ 1,782,688 | \$ 236,122 | \$ 4,234,995 | \$ 1,755,525 | \$ 208,366 |
| BCC | \$ 153,693 | \$ 90,120 | \$ 11,871 | \$ 94,170 | \$ 52,724 | \$ 6,184 | \$ 90,219 | \$ 58,067 | \$ 5,411 |
| Family Planning | \$ 669,030 | \$ 305,233 | \$ 48,470 | \$ 181,009 | \$ 88,304 | \$ 12,714 | \$ 177,043 | \$ 82,972 | \$ 9,316 |
| Insure Oklahoma | \$ 2,266,017 | \$ 1,290,405 | \$ 216,347 | \$ 1,527,593 | \$ 878,162 | \$ 123,935 | \$ 967,442 | \$ 548,745 | \$ 67,629 |
| OTHER | \$ 68,615 | \$ 25,668 | \$ 4,256 | \$ 70,060 | \$ 31,599 | \$ 3,962 | \$ 62,978 | \$ 27,845 | \$ 3,803 |
| TANF | \$ 18,465,523 | \$ 11,165,363 | \$ 2,480,321 | \$ 12,907,870 | \$ 7,764,868 | \$ 1,681,096 | \$ 14,167,685 | \$ 8,364,784 | \$ 1,721,757 |
| TEFRA | \$ 4,741 | \$ 3,269 | \$ 544 | \$ 6,620 | \$ 2,938 | \$ 455 | \$ 11,139 | \$ 3,599 | \$ 1,097 |
| Total | \$ 38,572,877 | \$ 20,232,012 | \$ 4,085,503 | \$ 32,314,511 | \$ 16,098,289 | \$ 3,031,739 | \$ 31,743,703 | \$ 16,185,064 | \$ 2,886,767 |

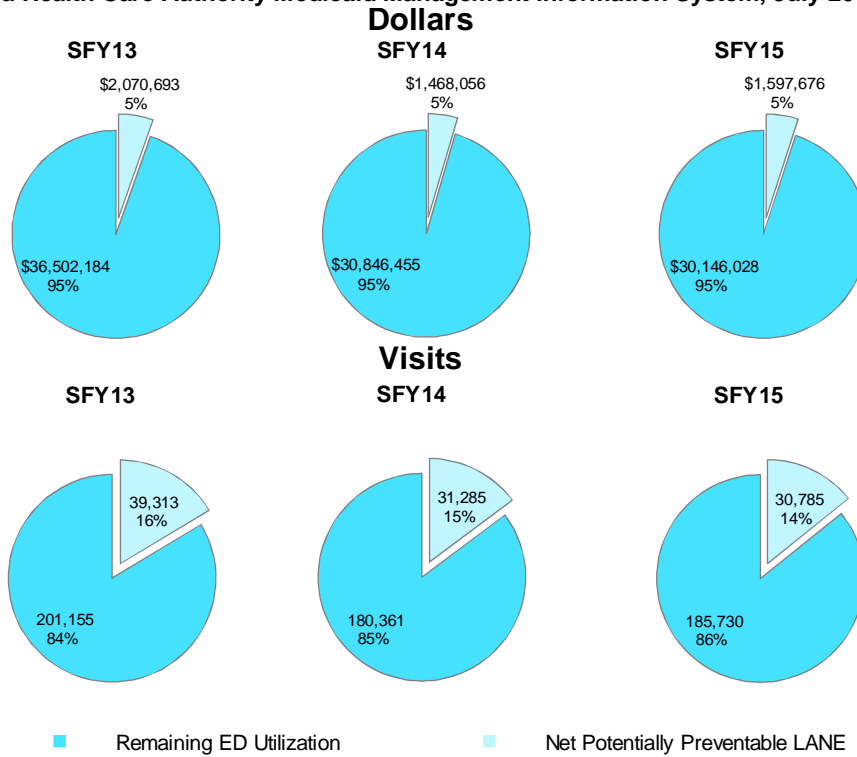
| Category of Aid Grouping | Equivalent Provider Office Costs ^{3,4} | Net Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Net Potentially Preventable Percent | Equivalent Provider Office Costs ^{3,4} | Net Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Net Potentially Preventable Percent | Equivalent Provider Office Costs ^{3,4} | Net Potentially Preventable Dollars ⁴ | Net Potentially Preventable Percent |
|--------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | ABD | \$ 856,494 | \$ 223,999 | 1.8% | \$ 766,576 | \$ 200,695 | 1.5% | \$ 615,596 | \$ 257,793 |
| ABD Waiver | \$ 171,183 | \$ 72,018 | 1.7% | \$ 163,035 | \$ 73,087 | 1.6% | \$ 131,052 | \$ 77,314 | 1.8% |
| BCC | \$ 3,564 | \$ 8,306 | 5.4% | \$ 1,870 | \$ 4,315 | 4.6% | \$ 1,258 | \$ 4,153 | 4.6% |
| Family Planning | \$ 15,987 | \$ 32,483 | 4.9% | \$ 4,089 | \$ 8,626 | 4.8% | \$ 2,743 | \$ 6,573 | 3.7% |
| Insure Oklahoma | \$ 66,279 | \$ 150,067 | 6.6% | \$ 35,465 | \$ 88,470 | 5.8% | \$ 16,355 | \$ 51,274 | 5.3% |
| OTHER | \$ 3,393 | \$ 863 | 1.3% | \$ 3,580 | \$ 382 | 0.5% | \$ 2,217 | \$ 1,586 | 2.5% |
| TANF | \$ 897,745 | \$ 1,582,576 | 8.6% | \$ 588,894 | \$ 1,092,202 | 8.5% | \$ 523,509 | \$ 1,198,248 | 8.5% |
| TEFRA | \$ 164 | \$ 380 | 8.0% | \$ 175 | \$ 279 | 4.2% | \$ 361 | \$ 735 | 6.8% |
| Total | \$ 2,014,810 | \$ 2,070,693 | 5.4% | \$ 1,563,683 | \$ 1,468,056 | 4.5% | \$ 1,289,091 | \$ 1,597,676 | 5.0% |

| Category of Aid Grouping ¹ | July 2012 - June 2013 (SFY13) | | | July 2013 - June 2014 (SFY14) | | | July 2014 - June 2015 (SFY15) | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | Total ED Visits ⁴ | LANE Visits ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Visits ⁴ | Total ED Visits ⁴ | LANE Visits ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Visits ⁴ | Total ED Visits ⁴ | LANE Visits ⁴ | Potentially Preventable Visits ⁴ |
| ABD | 119,223 | 50,825 | 16,673 | 117,550 | 48,375 | 15,310 | 118,242 | 48,483 | 14,568 |
| ABD Waiver | 35,995 | 12,124 | 3,423 | 36,450 | 12,146 | 3,311 | 37,137 | 12,580 | 3,201 |
| BCC | 420 | 269 | 69 | 264 | 155 | 37 | 221 | 145 | 30 |
| Family Planning | 2,077 | 1,092 | 311 | 586 | 322 | 82 | 526 | 272 | 65 |
| Insure Oklahoma | 6,513 | 4,263 | 1,290 | 4,082 | 2,662 | 708 | 2,400 | 1,529 | 390 |
| OTHER | 598 | 258 | 66 | 645 | 280 | 72 | 558 | 220 | 53 |
| TANF | 75,619 | 51,219 | 17,477 | 52,037 | 34,881 | 11,762 | 57,362 | 37,596 | 12,469 |
| TEFRA | 23 | 14 | 3 | 32 | 16 | 4 | 69 | 33 | 9 |
| Total | 240,468 | 120,064 | 39,313 | 211,646 | 98,837 | 31,285 | 216,515 | 100,858 | 30,785 |

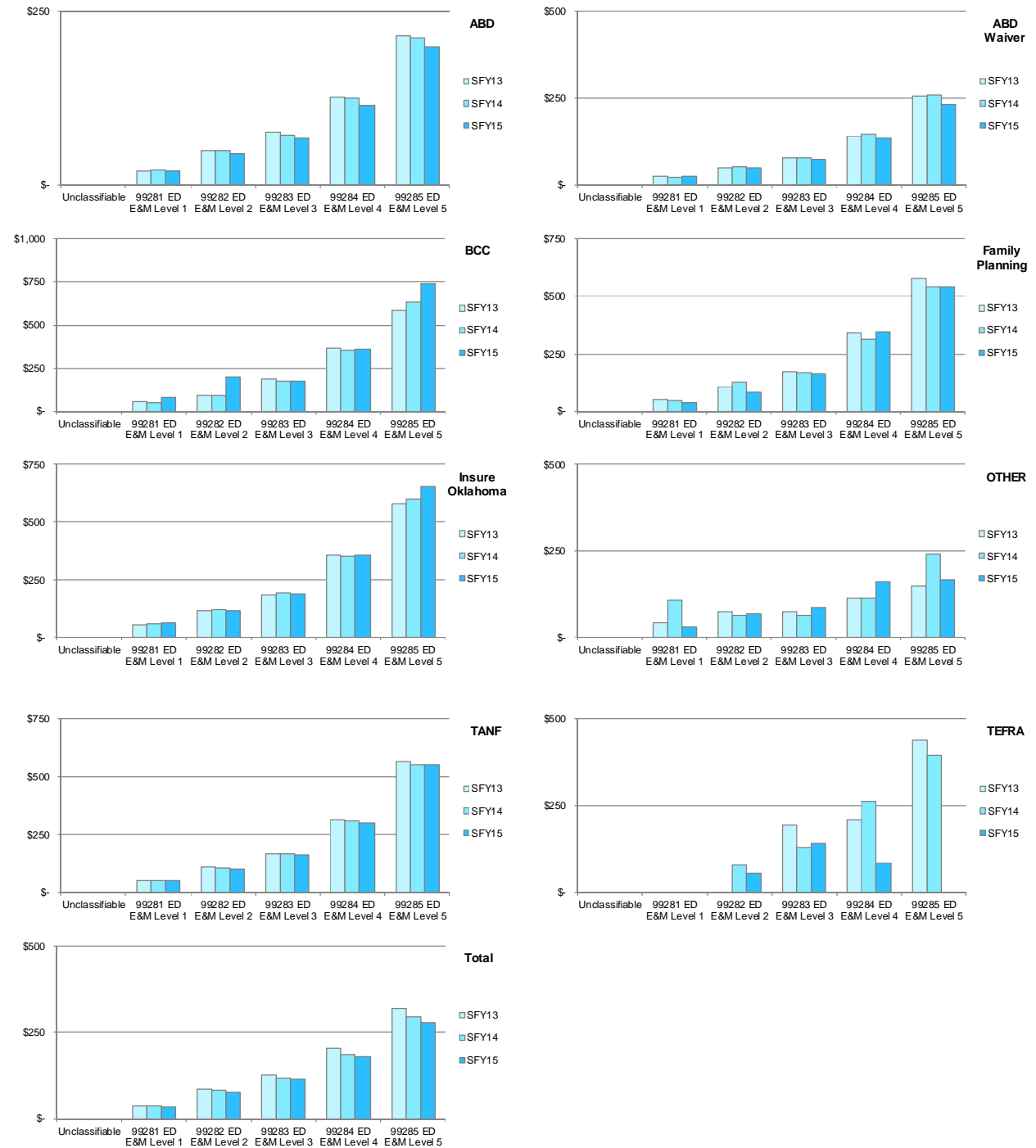
| Category of Aid Grouping | Preventable Visits as % of Total ED | Total ED Utilization per 1,000 | Adjusted Utilization per 1,000 | Preventable Visits as % of Total ED | Total ED Utilization per 1,000 | Adjusted Utilization per 1,000 | Preventable Visits as % of Total ED | Total ED Utilization per 1,000 | Adjusted Utilization per 1,000 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | ABD | 14.0% | 1,324.7 | 1,139.5 | 13.0% | 1,300.8 | 1,131.4 | 12.3% | 1,265.5 |
| ABD Waiver | 9.5% | 1,595.2 | 1,443.5 | 9.1% | 1,606.7 | 1,460.8 | 8.6% | 1,604.6 | 1,466.2 |
| BCC | 16.5% | 925.3 | 772.4 | 14.1% | 929.0 | 797.6 | 13.6% | 933.1 | 806.6 |
| Family Planning | 15.0% | 43.9 | 37.3 | 13.9% | 13.1 | 11.3 | 12.4% | 13.1 | 11.5 |
| Insure Oklahoma | 19.8% | 214.8 | 172.2 | 17.4% | 170.9 | 141.3 | 16.2% | 134.9 | 113.0 |
| OTHER | 11.0% | 27.9 | 24.8 | 11.1% | 29.4 | 26.2 | 9.5% | 24.0 | 21.7 |
| TANF | 23.1% | 694.0 | 533.6 | 22.6% | 538.6 | 416.8 | 21.7% | 428.0 | 335.0 |
| TEFRA | 13.9% | 126.3 | 108.7 | 10.9% | 154.6 | 137.7 | 12.5% | 147.8 | 129.4 |
| Total | 16.3% | 748.7 | 626.3 | 14.8% | 703.7 | 599.7 | 14.2% | 651.2 | 558.6 |

1. Grouping criteria established by OHCA. Members with multiple aid categories were assigned to only one grouping for each SFY period based on the most frequently observed aid category. "ABD" (Aged, Blind, and Disabled), "BCC" (Breast and Cervical Cancer), Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma, "TANF" (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) and "TEFRA" (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982). "Other" includes individuals whose aid category information did not meet the criteria for inclusion in one of the six aid categories, based on criteria from OHCA.
2. Dollars represent the combined cost of all claims for a member for the same facility and date of service and includes both facility charges and professional fees.
3. Provider office visits costs are based on the average cost of 99201-99215 procedures during the review period. The calculation is limited to four visits per member in the 12 month span.
4. "Total ED" includes all visits regardless of diagnosis. "LANE" includes only those visits with a LANE diagnosis. "Potentially Preventable" visits are a subset of "LANE" visits, and are determined using specific percentages based on the severity and medical complexity of the diagnosis. "Net Potentially Preventable Dollars" is the cost of "Potentially Preventable" LANE visits after deducting the "Equivalent Physician Office Costs".
5. BCC and TEFRA populations show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Appendix B Exhibit 10: SoonerCare Traditional Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Analysis Results
 Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



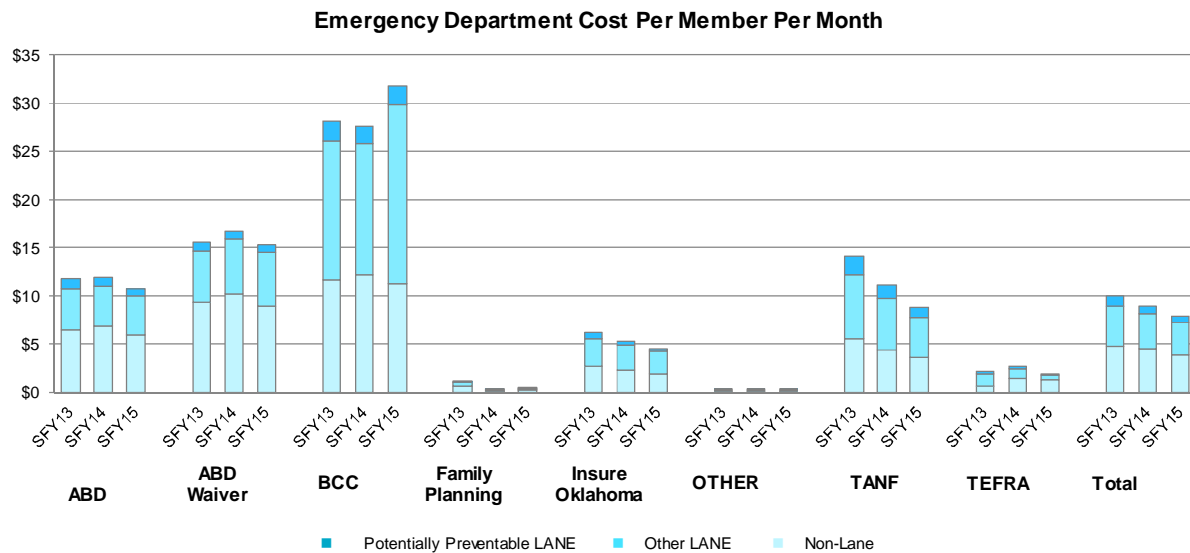
Appendix B Exhibit 11: SoonerCare Traditional Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Average Cost Per Visit by Procedure Code
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



1. BCC and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

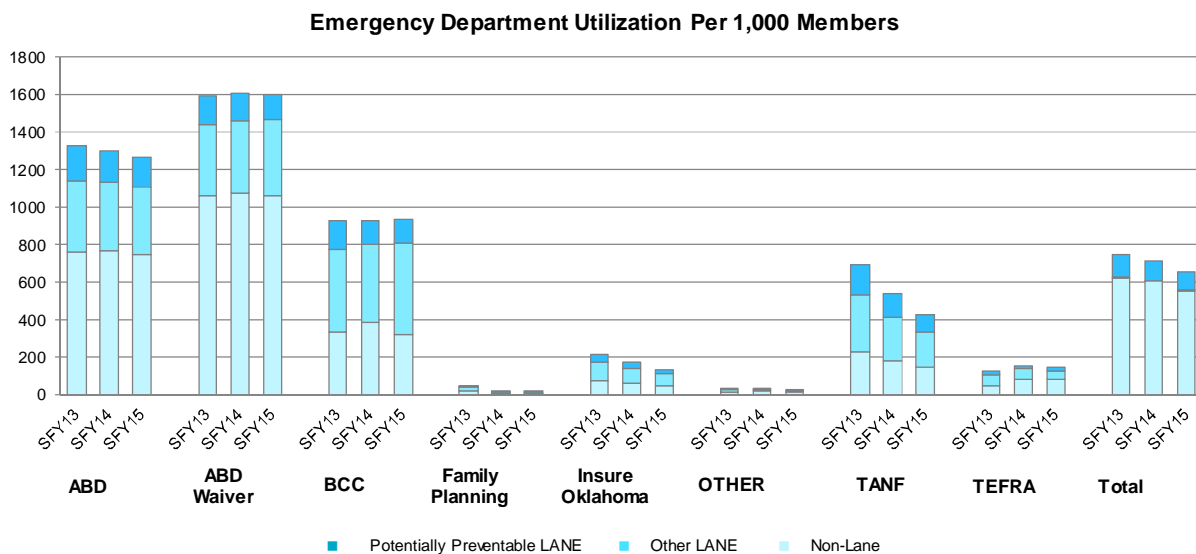
Appendix B Exhibit 12: SoonerCare Choice ED Cost Per Member Per Month

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



Appendix B Exhibit 13: SoonerCare Traditional Annual ED Utilization Per 1,000 Members

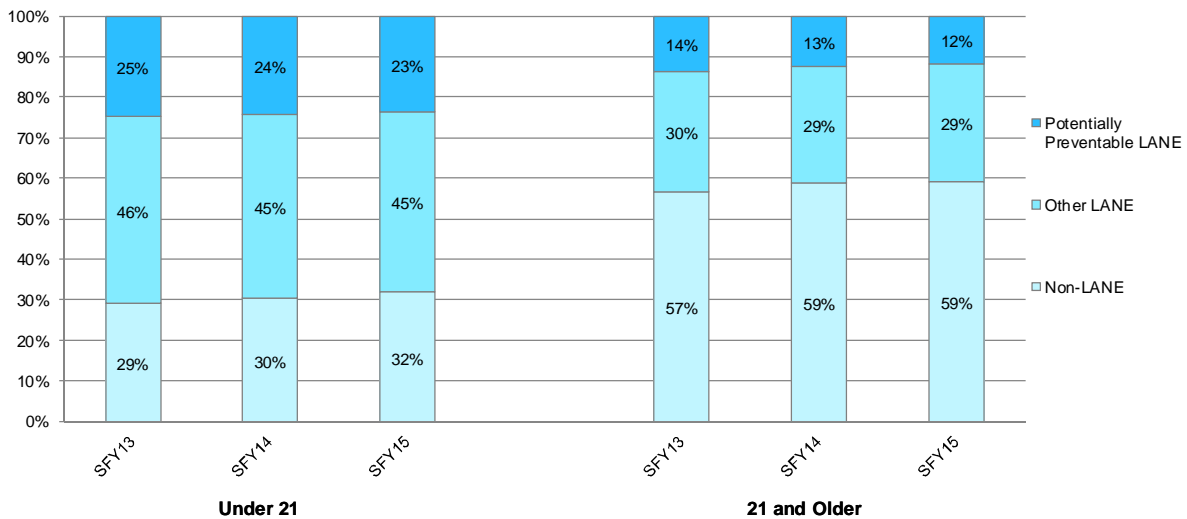
Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015



1. BCC and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Appendix B Exhibit 14: SoonerCare Traditional Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Visit Statistics by Age Group

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015

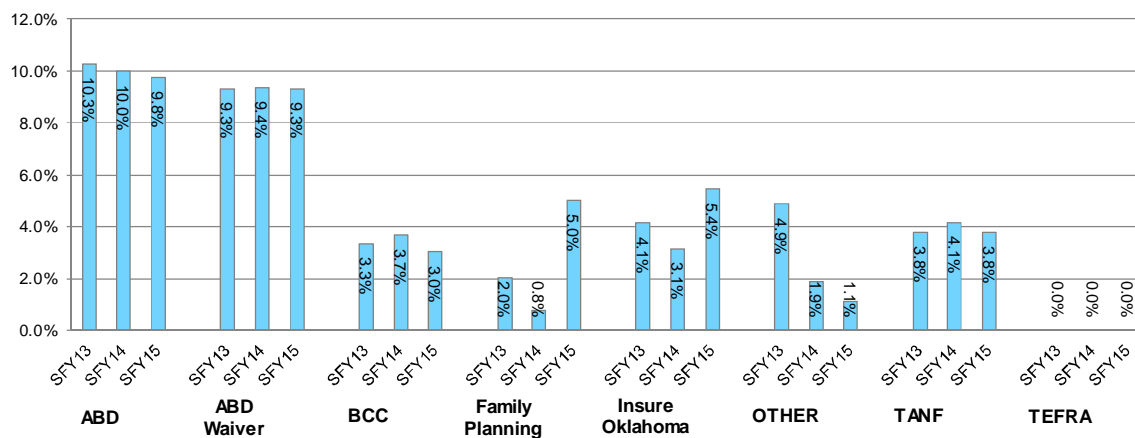


1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE. Mercer applies a specific percentage to each diagnosis code to adjust the LANE dollars and visits to the "Potentially Preventable LANE" subset of ED visits. The remaining visits, including all visits with CPT E&M codes 99284 and 99285, are considered "Other LANE".

Appendix B Exhibit 15: SoonerCare Traditional Frequent Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Utilizers

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015

Percent of Population with Minimum 4 LANE Visits



1. All ED visits with a primary diagnosis on the list of 701 codes are identified as LANE.
2. Grouping criteria established by OHCA. Members with multiple aid categories were assigned to only one grouping for each SFY period based on the most frequently observed aid category. "ABD" (Aged, Blind, and Disabled), "BCC" (Breast and Cervical Cancer), Family Planning, Insure Oklahoma, "TANF" (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) and "TEFRA" (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982). "Other" includes individuals whose aid category information did not meet the criteria for inclusion in one of the six aid categories, based on criteria from OHCA.
3. BCC, Other, and TEFRA populations may show greater volatility year over year due to small population sizes.

Appendix B Exhibit 16: SoonerCare Traditional Top 20 Low Acuity Non-Emergent (LANE) Diagnoses by Count of Visits

Source: Oklahoma Health Care Authority Medicaid Management Information System, July 2012 - June 2015

| ICD-9 Code | Description | SFY13 | | SFY14 | | SFY15 | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | Count of Visits Associated with Diagnosis | Sum of Dollars Associated with Diagnosis | Count of Visits Associated with Diagnosis | Sum of Dollars Associated with Diagnosis | Count of Visits Associated with Diagnosis | Sum of Dollars Associated with Diagnosis |
| 599.0 | UTISITE NOT SPECIFIED | 4,328 | \$ 819,630 | 3,722 | \$ 653,477 | 4,115 | \$ 732,099 |
| 465.9 | ACUTE URIS OF UNSPECIFIED SITE | 4,916 | \$ 773,949 | 3,304 | \$ 525,648 | 3,537 | \$ 554,399 |
| 789.00 | ABDOMINAL PAIN, UNSPECIFIED SITE | 3,819 | \$ 914,877 | 3,031 | \$ 710,943 | 2,870 | \$ 656,036 |
| 784.0 | HEADACHE | 2,928 | \$ 565,847 | 2,414 | \$ 444,868 | 2,469 | \$ 441,097 |
| 382.9 | UNSPECIFIED OTITIS MEDIA | 3,616 | \$ 557,572 | 2,443 | \$ 377,181 | 2,390 | \$ 379,379 |
| 462 | ACUTE PHARYNGITIS | 2,776 | \$ 429,326 | 2,074 | \$ 312,512 | 2,119 | \$ 326,550 |
| 724.2 | LUMBAGO | 2,248 | \$ 272,021 | 1,847 | \$ 216,207 | 1,841 | \$ 204,039 |
| 787.01 | NAUSEA WITH VOMITING | 1,629 | \$ 317,763 | 1,582 | \$ 316,118 | 1,717 | \$ 325,625 |
| 729.5 | PAIN IN SOFT TISSUES OF LIMB | 1,772 | \$ 224,779 | 1,551 | \$ 173,238 | 1,654 | \$ 194,019 |
| 466.0 | ACUTE BRONCHITIS | 1,846 | \$ 298,381 | 1,433 | \$ 218,978 | 1,584 | \$ 244,185 |
| 558.9 | UNS NONINF GASTROENTERIT&COLITIS | 1,928 | \$ 400,919 | 1,602 | \$ 344,245 | 1,526 | \$ 329,424 |
| 789.09 | ABDOMINAL PAIN OTHER SPECIFIED SITE | 1,461 | \$ 393,583 | 1,247 | \$ 305,309 | 1,487 | \$ 349,020 |
| 780.60 | FEVER, UNSPECIFIED | 1,740 | \$ 353,931 | 1,316 | \$ 271,804 | 1,472 | \$ 307,764 |
| 079.99 | UNSPEC VIRAL INF CCE & UNS SITE | 1,386 | \$ 223,524 | 1,026 | \$ 181,936 | 1,383 | \$ 250,356 |
| 490 | BRONCHITIS NOT SPEC AS ACUT/CHRONIC | 1,961 | \$ 299,089 | 1,406 | \$ 215,629 | 1,378 | \$ 200,223 |
| 845.00 | UNSPEC SITE ANKLE SPRAIN&STRAIN | 1,681 | \$ 242,252 | 1,326 | \$ 185,604 | 1,348 | \$ 182,508 |
| 491.21 | OBST CHRNBONCHITIS W/ACUT XACRBAT | 1,143 | \$ 203,965 | 1,156 | \$ 234,441 | 1,324 | \$ 239,211 |
| 564.00 | UNSPECIFIED CONSTIPATION | 1,272 | \$ 217,390 | 1,158 | \$ 194,935 | 1,234 | \$ 204,453 |
| 724.5 | UNSPECIFIED BACKACHE | 1,513 | \$ 181,279 | 1,336 | \$ 162,952 | 1,230 | \$ 143,853 |
| 682.6 | CELLULITIS&ABSCESS LEG EXCEPT FOOT | 1,318 | \$ 169,107 | 1,186 | \$ 152,558 | 1,158 | \$ 138,188 |
| Total of Top 20 Diagnoses: | | 45,281 | \$ 7,859,185 | 36,160 | \$ 6,198,584 | 37,836 | \$ 6,402,424 |
| Total LANE | | 120,064 | \$ 20,232,012 | 98,836 | \$ 16,098,119 | 100,858 | \$ 16,185,064 |
| Percent of Total LANE | | 37.7% | 38.8% | 36.6% | 38.5% | 37.5% | 39.6% |

1. Represents visits for all age groups and aid categories.
2. The top 20 list is based on SFY15 count of visits.



Government Human Services Consulting
Mercer Health & Benefits LLC
2325 East Camelback Road, Suite 600
Phoenix, AZ 85016
+1 602 522 6500