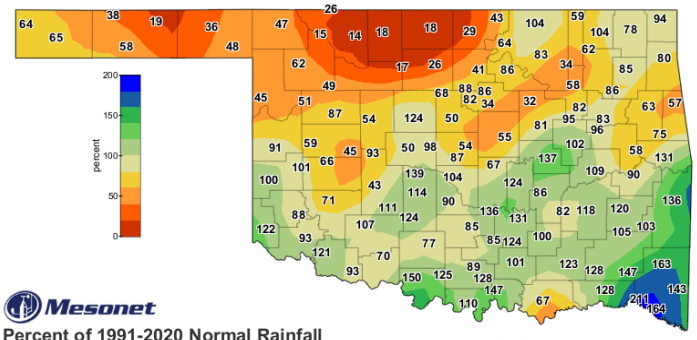
Oklahoma Water Resources Bulletin

Summary of Current Conditions

April 11, 2024

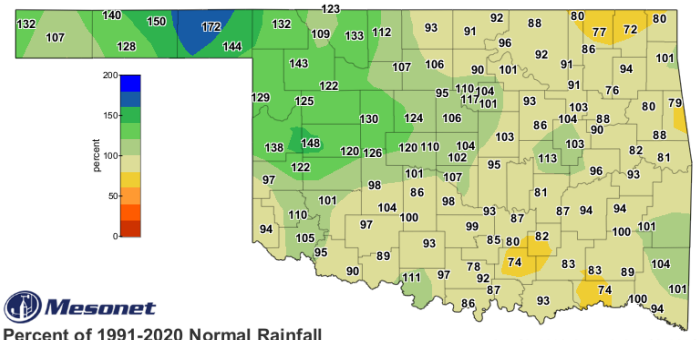
Precipitation

Last 30 Days: March 12, 2024 – April 10, 2024					Last 365 Days: April 12, 2023 – April 10, 2024				
Climate Division	**Total Rainfall (inches)**	**Departure From Normal (inches)**	**Percent of Normal**	**Rank Since 1921**	**Climate Division**	**Total Rainfall (inches)**	**Departure From Normal (inches)**	**Percent of Normal**	**Rank Since 1921**
PANHANDLE	0.62"	-0.95"	40%	32nd driest	PANHANDLE	26.88"	+6.35"	131%	8th wettest
N. CENTRAL	0.79"	-1.85"	30%	21st driest	N. CENTRAL	33.86"	+2.52"	108%	26th wettest
NORTHEAST	2.74"	-0.78"	78%	45th driest	NORTHEAST	37.18"	-5.37"	87%	38th driest
W. CENTRAL	1.54"	-0.70"	69%	49th driest	W. CENTRAL	35.21"	+6.88"	124%	9th wettest
CENTRAL	2.55"	-0.56"	82%	50th wettest	CENTRAL	37.72"	+0.19"	101%	31st wettest
E. CENTRAL	3.54"	-0.23"	94%	48th wettest	E. CENTRAL	40.91"	-5.10"	89%	41st driest
SOUTHWEST	2.13"	-0.13"	94%	41st wettest	SOUTHWEST	29.86"	-0.34"	99%	40th wettest
S. CENTRAL	3.68"	+0.42"	113%	32nd wettest	S. CENTRAL	35.36"	-5.24"	87%	41st driest
SOUTHEAST	6.50"	+2.26"	153%	14th wettest	SOUTHEAST	47.63"	-2.82"	94%	46th driest
STATEWIDE	**2.62"**	**-0.34"**	**89%**	**52nd driest**	**STATEWIDE**	**35.92"**	**-0.45"**	**99%**	**40th wettest**



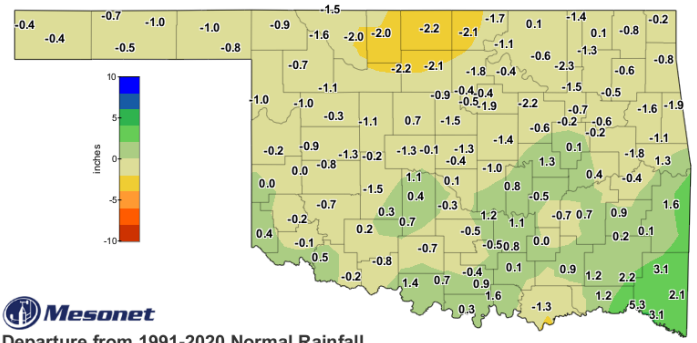
Percent of 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 30 Days

Mar 12, 2024 through Apr 10, 2024



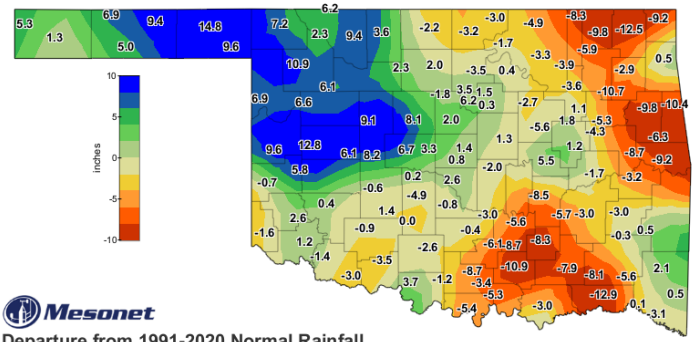
Percent of 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 365 Days

Apr 12, 2023 through Apr 10, 2024



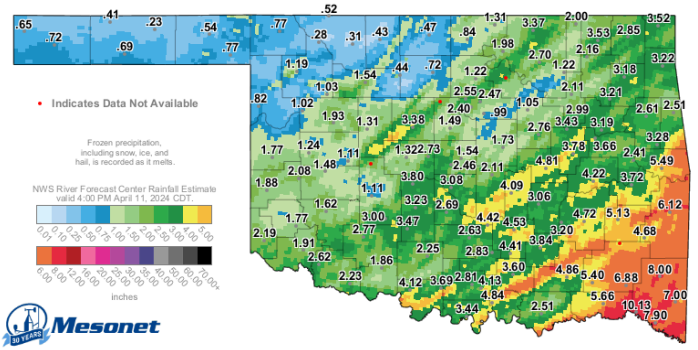
Departure from 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 30 Days

Mar 12, 2024 through Apr 10, 2024



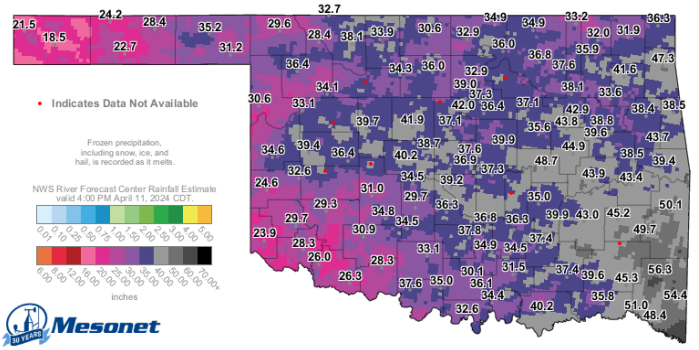
Departure from 1991-2020 Normal Rainfall
Last 365 Days

Apr 12, 2023 through Apr 10, 2024



30-Day Rainfall Accumulation (inches)

5:10 PM April 11, 2024 CDT

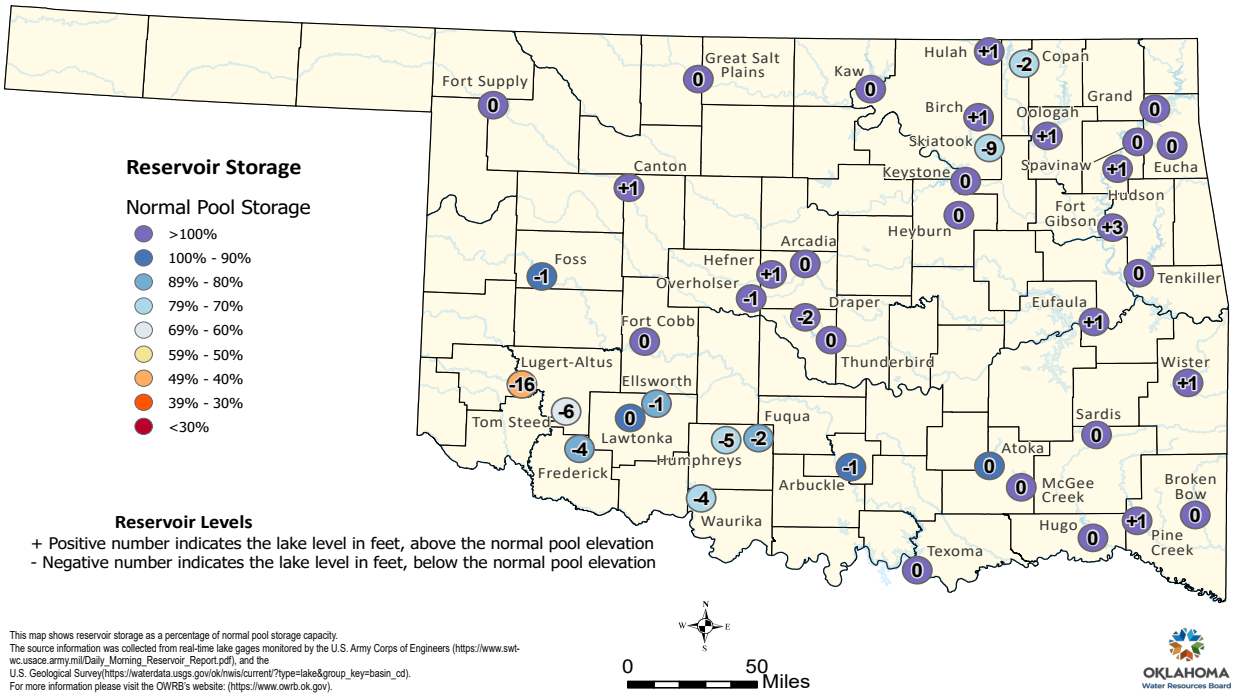


365-Day Rainfall Accumulation (inches)

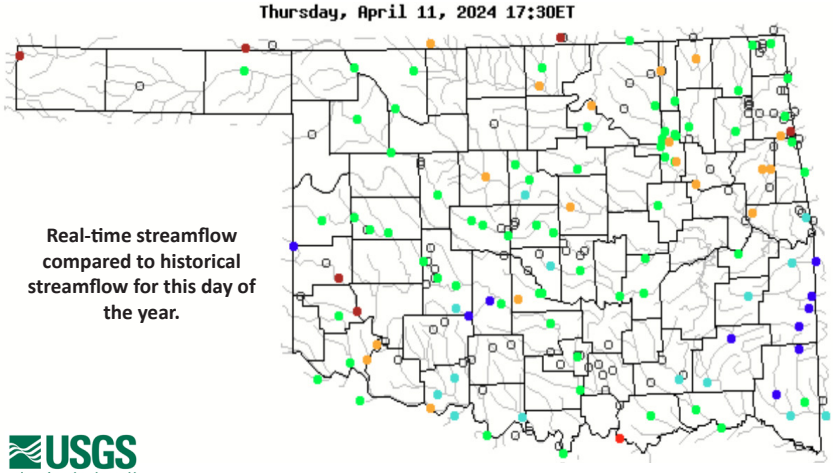
5:10 PM April 11, 2024 CDT

Reservoir Levels

Oklahoma Reservoir Levels and Storage as of 4/9/2024



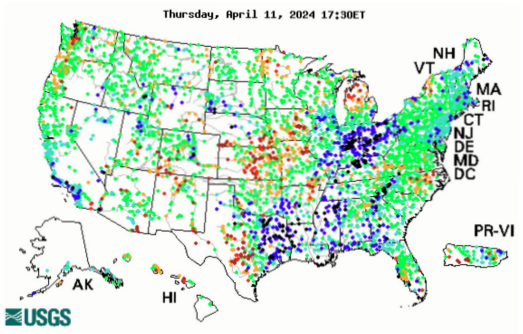
Streamflow



Real-time streamflow compared to historical streamflow for this day of the year.

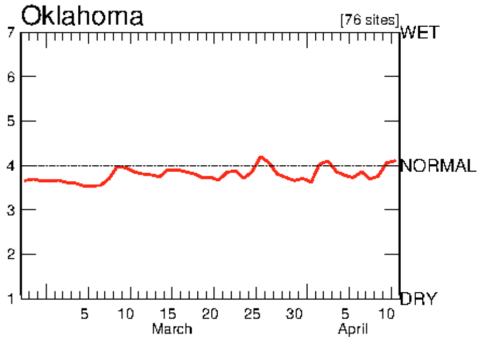
USGS science for a changing world

Explanation - Percentile classes							
Low	<10 Much below normal	10-24 Below normal	25-75 Normal	76-90 Above normal	>90 Much above normal	High	Not ranked



Average Streamflow Index

Last 45 Days



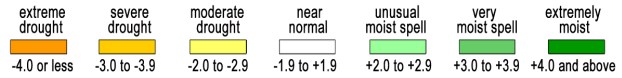
Visit waterwatch.usgs.gov for additional real-time streamflow information.

Visit the OWRB's Water Data and Analysis Portal for continuous and discrete water quality and quantity data for Oklahoma lakes, streams, and aquifers across the state.

Drought Conditions

Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI)

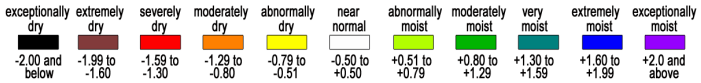
Climate Division	Status 04/06/24	Value 03/09	Value 04/6	Change in Value
NORTHWEST	Near Normal	1.89	0.85	-1.04
NORTH CENTRAL	Near Normal	2.66	1.74	-0.92
NORTHEAST	Near Normal	0.61	-0.41	-1.02
WEST CENTRAL	Near Normal	2.72	1.87	-0.85
CENTRAL	Near Normal	1.53	1.51	-0.02
EAST CENTRAL	Near Normal	-0.02	-0.18	-0.16
SOUTHWEST	Near Normal	1.37	0.92	-0.45
SOUTH CENTRAL	Near Normal	0.87	0.74	-0.13
SOUTHEAST	Near Normal	0.56	0.76	+0.2



The PDSI is based upon precipitation, temperature, and soil moisture, and is considered most effective for unirrigated cropland, spanning from -10 (dry) to +10 (wet). According to the latest PDSI, as of April 6, all climate regions are Near Normal.

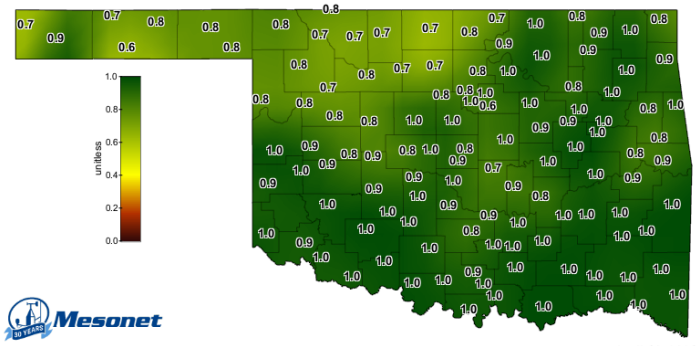
Standardized Precipitation Index (SPI)
Through March 2024

3-month	12-month	24-month
Near Normal	Extremely Moist	Near Normal
Near Normal	Abnormally Moist	Near Normal
Near Normal	Near Normal	Abnormally Dry
Near Normal	Very Moist	Near Normal
Near Normal	Abnormally Moist	Near Normal
Near Normal	Near Normal	Near Normal
Near Normal	Near Normal	Near Normal
Near Normal	Near Normal	Near Normal
Near Normal	Near Normal	Near Normal



The SPI provides a comparison of precipitation over several specified time periods with totals from the periods for all years in the historical record. Through March 2024, all regions were near normal or wetter for all three time periods shown except the Northeast, which was abnormally dry for the 24-month period.

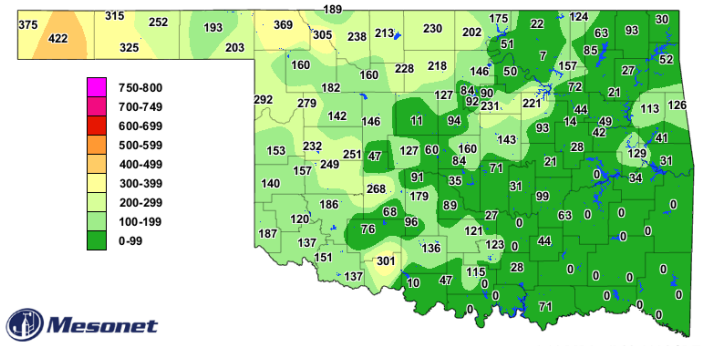
Soil Moisture



1-day Average 4-inch Bare Soil Fractional Water Index April 10, 2024

The 1-day Average 4-inch Bare Soil Fractional Water Index map displays the 24-hour-averaged soil moisture at 4 inches under bare soil for the previous day. Fractional water index ranges from 0 (as dry as the sensor can read) to 1.0 (as wet as the sensor can read).

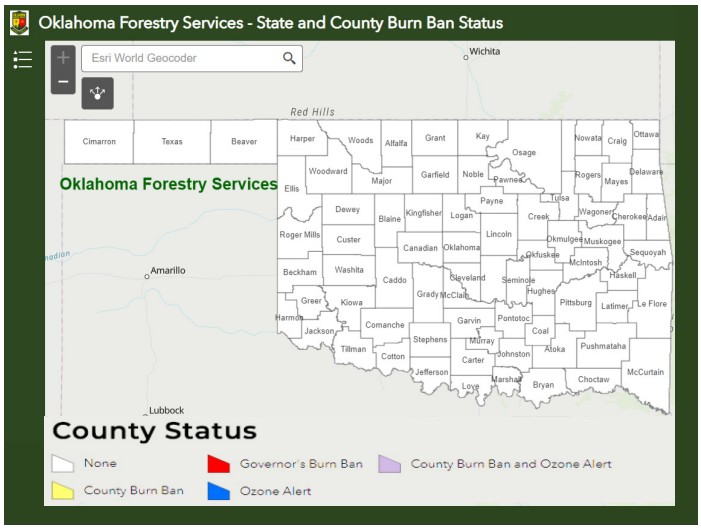
Keetch-Byram Drought Index



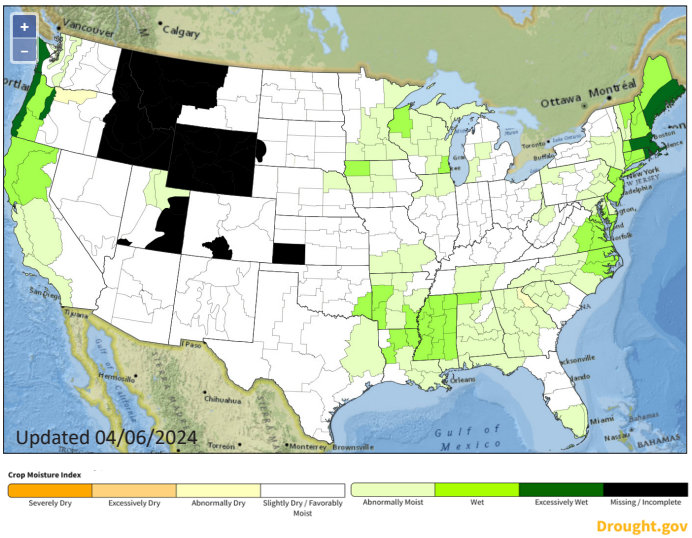
Keetch-Byram Drought Index 6:30 PM April 11, 2024 CDT

The Keetch-Byram Drought Index measures the state of near-surface soil moisture (within the uppermost eight inches of soil) as well as the amount of fuel available for fires. KBDI values > 600 are often associated with severe drought and increased wildfire occurrence.

State & County Burn Ban Status



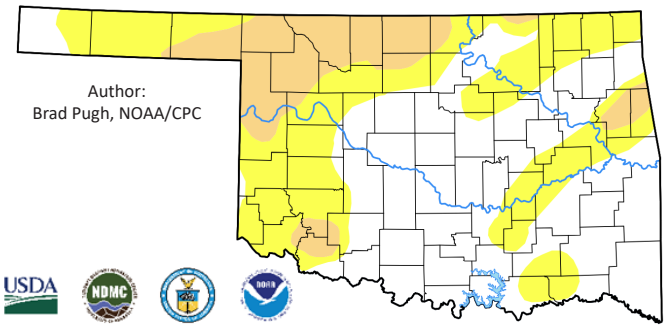
Crop Moisture Index



Oklahoma Drought Monitor

74	~157,300	52nd	60th
counties with USDA Drought Disaster Designations (primary)	Oklahoma residents in areas of drought, according to the Drought Monitor	driest March on record (since 1895)	wettest January—March on record (since 1895)
— 0 counties since last week	↑ 94.8% since last week	2.08 in. total precipitation ↓ 0.40 in. from normal	5.7 in. total precipitation ↑ 0.17 in. from normal

Statistics valid as of 4/9/24



Author:
Brad Pugh, NOAA/CPC

droughtmonitor.unl.edu

April 9, 2024
(Released Apr. 11, 2024)
Valid 7 a.m. EDT

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

D0 - Abnormally Dry
- Crops are stressed (wheat, canola, alfalfa, pecans); winter wheat germination is delayed
- Stock pond levels decline

D1 - Moderate Drought
- Summer crop and forage yields are reduced
- Wildfire risk increases
- Lake recreation activities are affected; deer reproduction is poor

D2 - Severe Drought
- Dryland crops are severely reduced; pasture growth is stunted
- Cattle are stressed
- Burn bans begin

D3 - Extreme Drought
- Grasses are dormant, and hay is nonexistent; planting is delayed; fields are spotty; emergency CRP grazing is authorized
- Cattle have little water and feed
- Wildfires are increasing in number and severity; air quality is poor, with dust storms and smoke

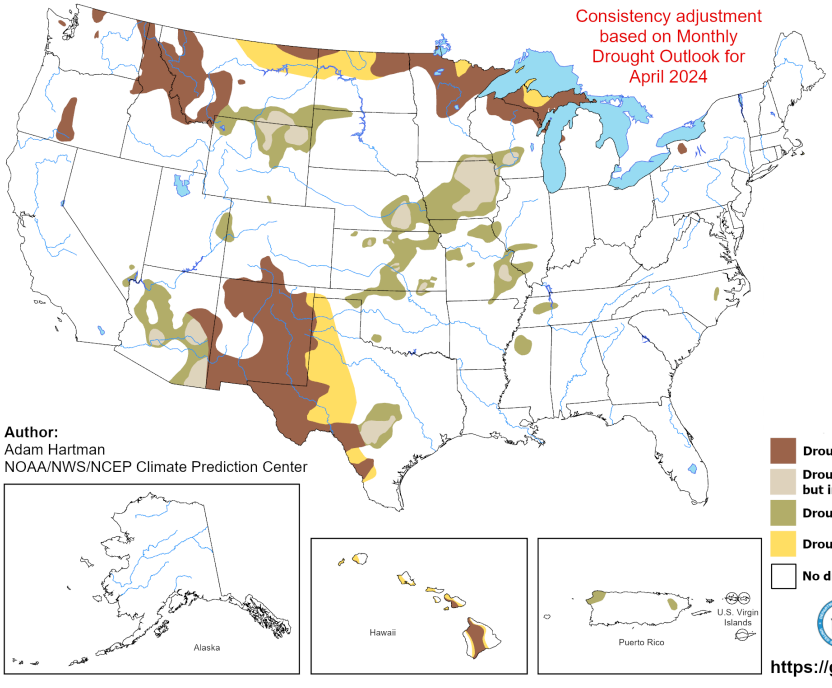
D4 - Exceptional Drought
- Ground is cracking; farmers are bailing failed crops or abandoning fields; pastures are bare; land is abandoned
- Cost of hay and water is high and supplies are scarce; producers are liquidating herds
- Burn restrictions increase; fire season is long

Week	Date	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4	DSCI
Current	2024-04-09	49.79	50.21	15.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	66
Last Week to Current	2024-04-02	62.14	37.86	8.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	46
3 Months Ago to Current	2024-01-09	65.81	34.19	15.01	1.67	0.00	0.00	51
Start of Calendar Year to Current	2023-12-26	53.62	46.38	21.64	3.08	0.00	0.00	71
Start of Water Year to Current	2023-09-26	34.29	65.71	46.76	30.93	12.91	0.00	156
One Year Ago to Current	2023-04-11	40.29	59.71	53.68	48.59	39.00	16.53	217

Drought Probability

U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook
Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for April 1 - June 30, 2024
Released March 31, 2024



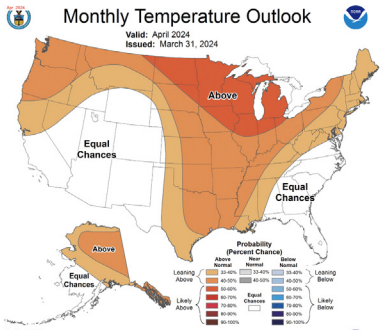
Author:
Adam Hartman
NOAA/NWS/NCEP Climate Prediction Center

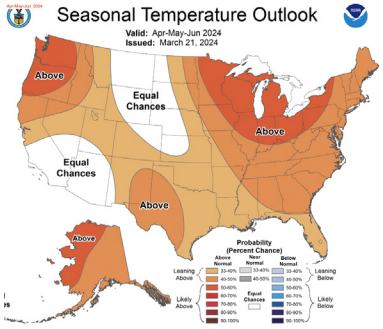
- Drought persists
- Drought remains, but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely
- No drought

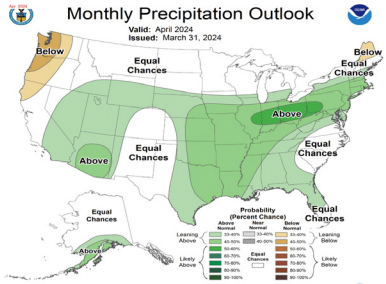
https://go.usa.gov/3eZ73

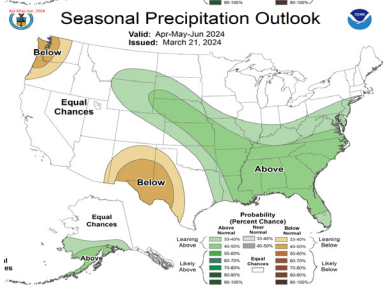
The map depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4). Tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. Green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period.

Monthly/Seasonal Outlook









NOAA/ National Weather Service
National Centers for Environmental Prediction
Climate Prediction Center